

This is a repository copy of Discrete Vernier tuning with constant output power in terahertz quantum cascade lasers using coupled cavities.

White Rose Research Online URL for this paper: https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/79810/

Version: Accepted Version

Proceedings Paper:

Kundu, I, Dean, P, Valavanis, A et al. (5 more authors) (2014) Discrete Vernier tuning with constant output power in terahertz quantum cascade lasers using coupled cavities. In: UNSPECIFIED UK Semiconductors, 09-10 Jul 2014, Sheffield, UK. Institute of Physics . (Unpublished)

Reuse

Items deposited in White Rose Research Online are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved unless indicated otherwise. They may be downloaded and/or printed for private study, or other acts as permitted by national copyright laws. The publisher or other rights holders may allow further reproduction and re-use of the full text version. This is indicated by the licence information on the White Rose Research Online record for the item.

Takedown

If you consider content in White Rose Research Online to be in breach of UK law, please notify us by emailing eprints@whiterose.ac.uk including the URL of the record and the reason for the withdrawal request.



Discrete Vernier tuning with constant output power in terahertz quantum cascade lasers using coupled cavities

I. Kundu, ^a P. Dean, A. Valavanis, L. Chen, L. H. Li, J. E. Cunningham, E. H. Linfield, A. G. Davies

School of Electronic and Electrical Engineering, University of Leeds, Leeds, LS2 9JT, UK

a)Email: i.kundu@leeds.ac.uk

Terahertz-frequency quantum cascade lasers (THz OCLs) are compact solid-state sources of coherent radiation in the 1–5 THz region of the electromagnetic spectrum [1]. THz QCLs typically exhibit multiple longitudinal modes characteristic of Fabry-Pérot cavities. However, widely-tunable (single-mode) THz QCLs would be ideally suited to many THzapplications, such as atmospheric observations [2], and security screening [3]. Here we demonstrate discrete Vernier tuning using a simple two-section coupled-cavity geometry comprising of a 'lasing section', which is electrically driven above the lasing threshold, and a 'tuning section', which is driven below threshold. Our THz QCLs, based on a bound-tocontinuum design [4], were processed into 150-um-wide single-metal waveguides with lengths 4.5–4.8 mm. Devices were etched after packaging using a focused ion beam milling system to sculpt a14-µm-wide and 12-µm-deep air gap to form the two-section cavity [Fig. 1 (a)]. Devices were cooled in a continuous-flow helium cryostat and emission spectra measured using a Fourier-transform infrared spectrometer. The tuning section of the laser was heated below threshold using a train of 10-us-long current pulses at a repetition rate of 8.21 kHz. The lasing section was driven with a single 500-ns-long pulses above threshold. Both the pulse trains were trigerred using a 600-Hz reference frequency. Discrete tuning with a blue shift in frequency was observed over bandwidths of 50 and 85 GHz from two devices with mode spacing of 15 GHz and 30 GHz respectively [Fig. 1 (b, c)]. A red shift in frequency over 30 GHz was also observed in device 2 by simply swapping the function of the lasing and tuning sections [Fig. 1 (c) Inset]. Negligible degradation in output power was observed with tuning current.

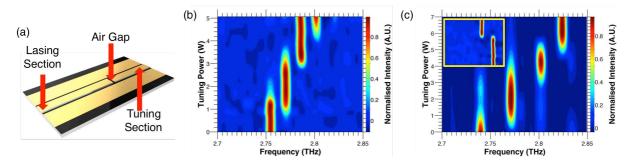


Fig. 1: (a) Illustration of a coupled cavity device. Blue shift of frequency obtained from two devices over bandwidths of (b) 50 and (c) 85 GHz, with tuning power applied to the short tuning section. Inset: Red-shift in frequency observed over same frequency and tuning power by swapping the lasing and tuning sections.

References

- 1. R. Köhler, A. Tredicucci, F. Beltram, H. E. Beere, E. H. Linfield, A. G. Davies, D. A. Ritchie, R. C. Iotti, and F. Rossi, "Terahertz semiconductor-heterostructure laser," Nature **417**, 156–159 (2002).
- 2. P. H. Siegel, "Terahertz technology," Microw. Theory Tech. IEEE Trans. On 50, 910 –928 (2002).
- 3. A. G. Davies, A. D. Burnett, W. Fan, E. H. Linfield, and J. E. Cunningham, "Terahertz spectroscopy of explosives and drugs," Mater. Today 11, 18 26 (2008).
- 4. S. Barbieri, J. Alton, H. E. Beere, J. Fowler, E. H. Linfield, and D. A. Ritchie, "2.9 THz quantum cascade lasers operating up to 70 K in continuous wave," Appl. Phys. Lett. **85**, 1674–1676 (2004).