

This is a repository copy of Structures that enable the timing of shared laughter in conversation.

White Rose Research Online URL for this paper: https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/id/eprint/230225/

Conference or Workshop Item:

Ogden, Richard orcid.org/0000-0002-5315-720X, Cantarutti, Marina orcid.org/0000-0002-1490-3492 and Trouvain, Jürgen Structures that enable the timing of shared laughter in conversation. In: LingCologne 2025, 22-23 May 2025. (Unpublished)

Reuse

This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NoDerivs (CC BY-ND) licence. This licence allows for redistribution, commercial and non-commercial, as long as it is passed along unchanged and in whole, with credit to the original authors. More information and the full terms of the licence here: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/

Takedown

If you consider content in White Rose Research Online to be in breach of UK law, please notify us by emailing eprints@whiterose.ac.uk including the URL of the record and the reason for the withdrawal request.



Structures that enable the timing of shared laughter in conversation

Richard Ogden Marina Cantarutti Jürgen Trouvain





Listen to the examples

Aims

- To uncover phonetic and social organisation of laughter in spoken English, German, Spanish and Finnish conversations
- How do participants use phonetic details of laughter to manage its unfolding in real time?
- We detail the internal structure of laughter bouts and how phonetic features are used to coordinate laughter

The organisation of laughter (Chafe, 2007)

initiating pulse
Voiced or voiceless
Typically glottal, may have
oral initiation
Explosive onset with
turbulent airflow

Voiced or voiceless
Oral, nasal, or oronasal
Variations in jaw opening
Melodic and rhythmical
structure
Phonation type

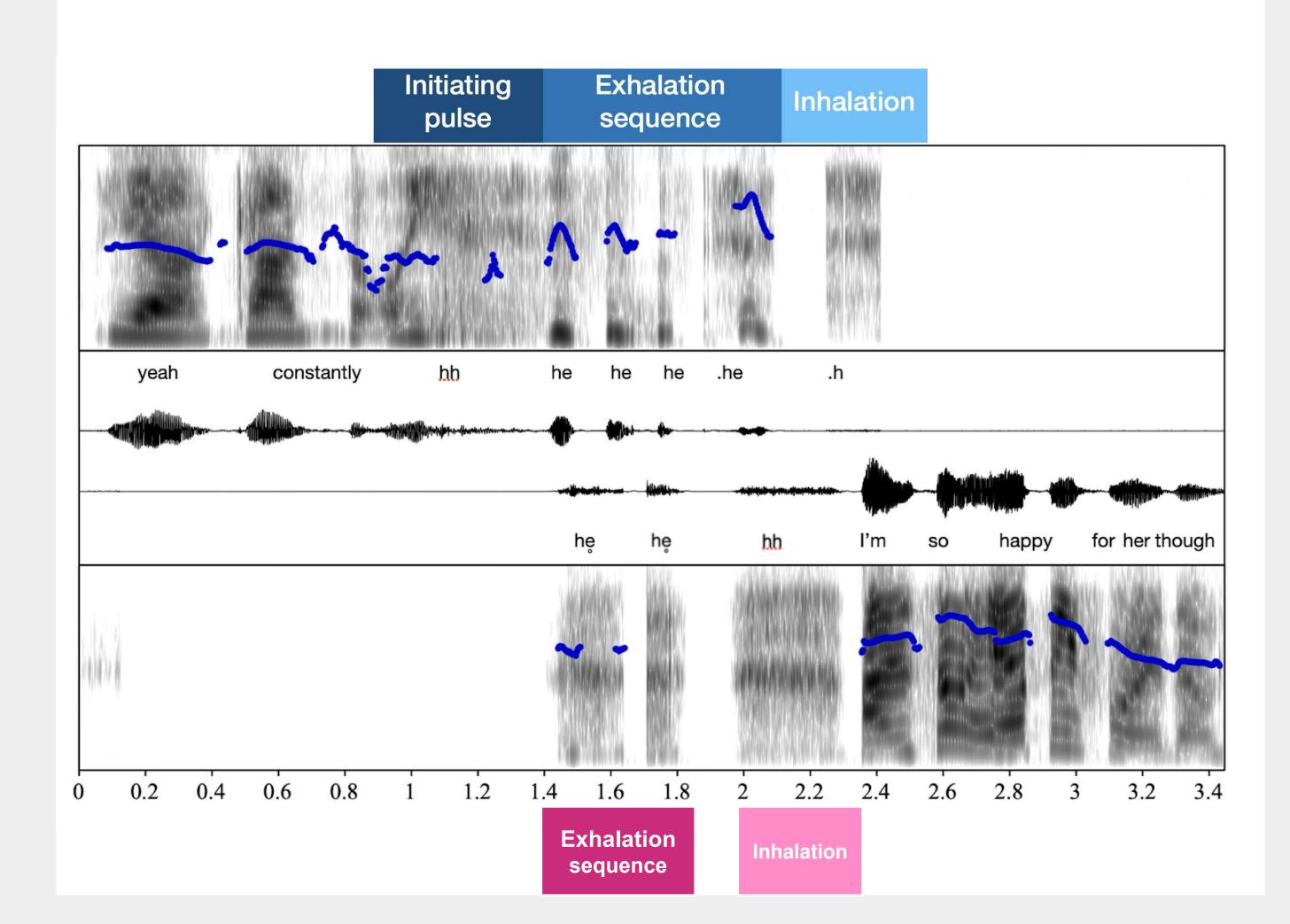
inhalation

Mostly voiceless
Sometimes voiced
Friction: glottal, also oral
([.s, .†, .mj...])

UNIVERSITY

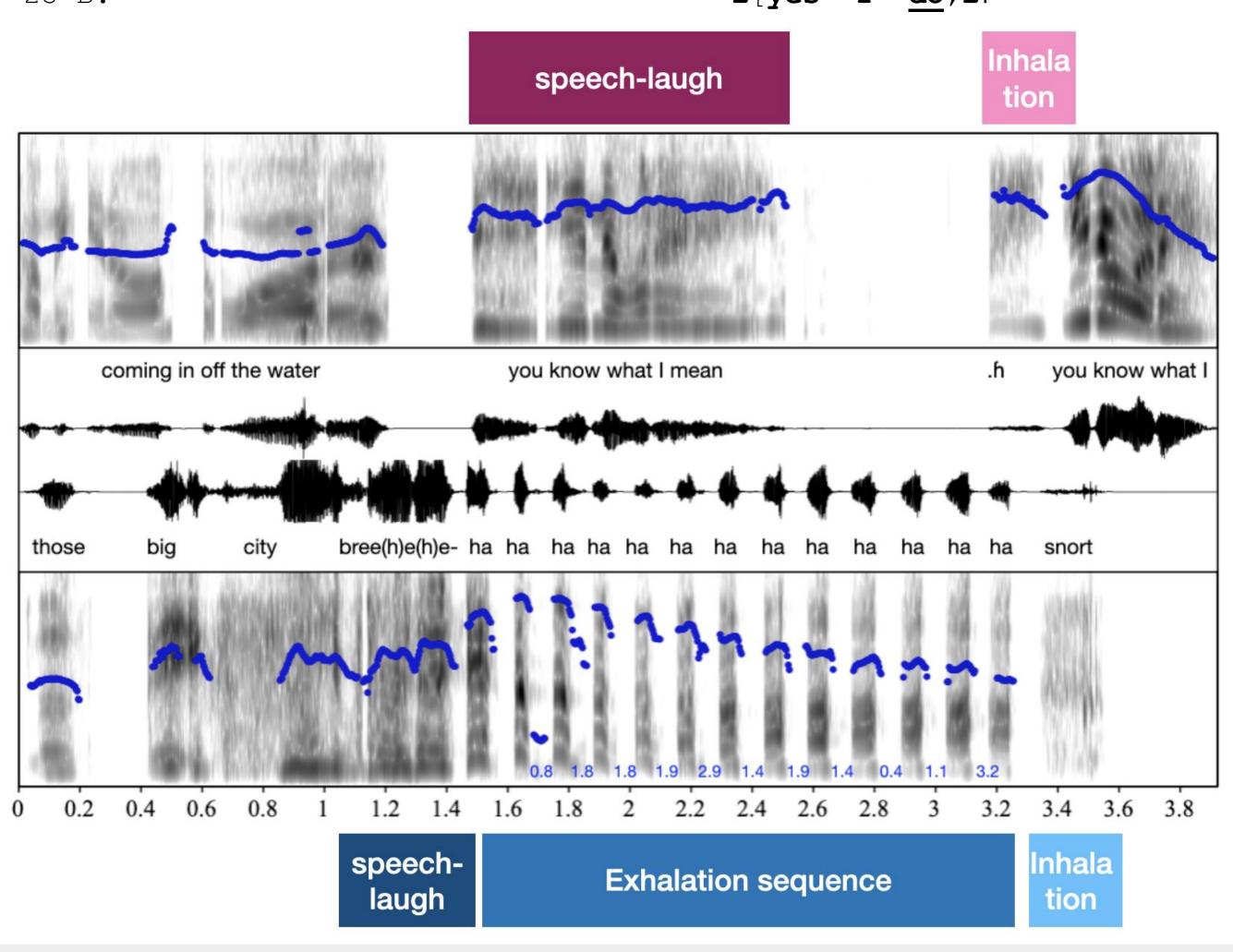
Joining in; simultaneous ending. CallHome en_4157 135-152 constantly with K

```
01 B: well now she's with Keith.
02 A: .h yeah. constantly. hh [hehehe [.he [.h
03 B: [he he [.hh [I'm so ↑happy for her though.=he's such a nice guy,
```

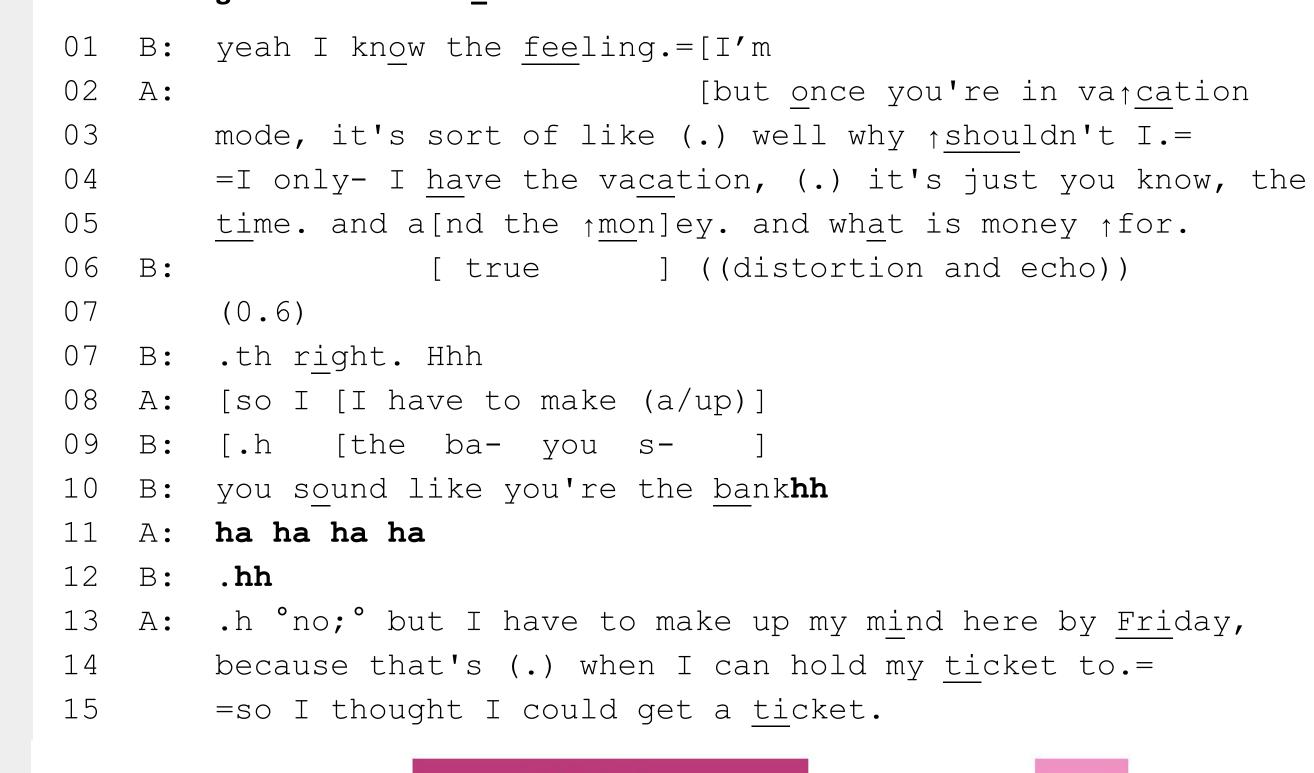


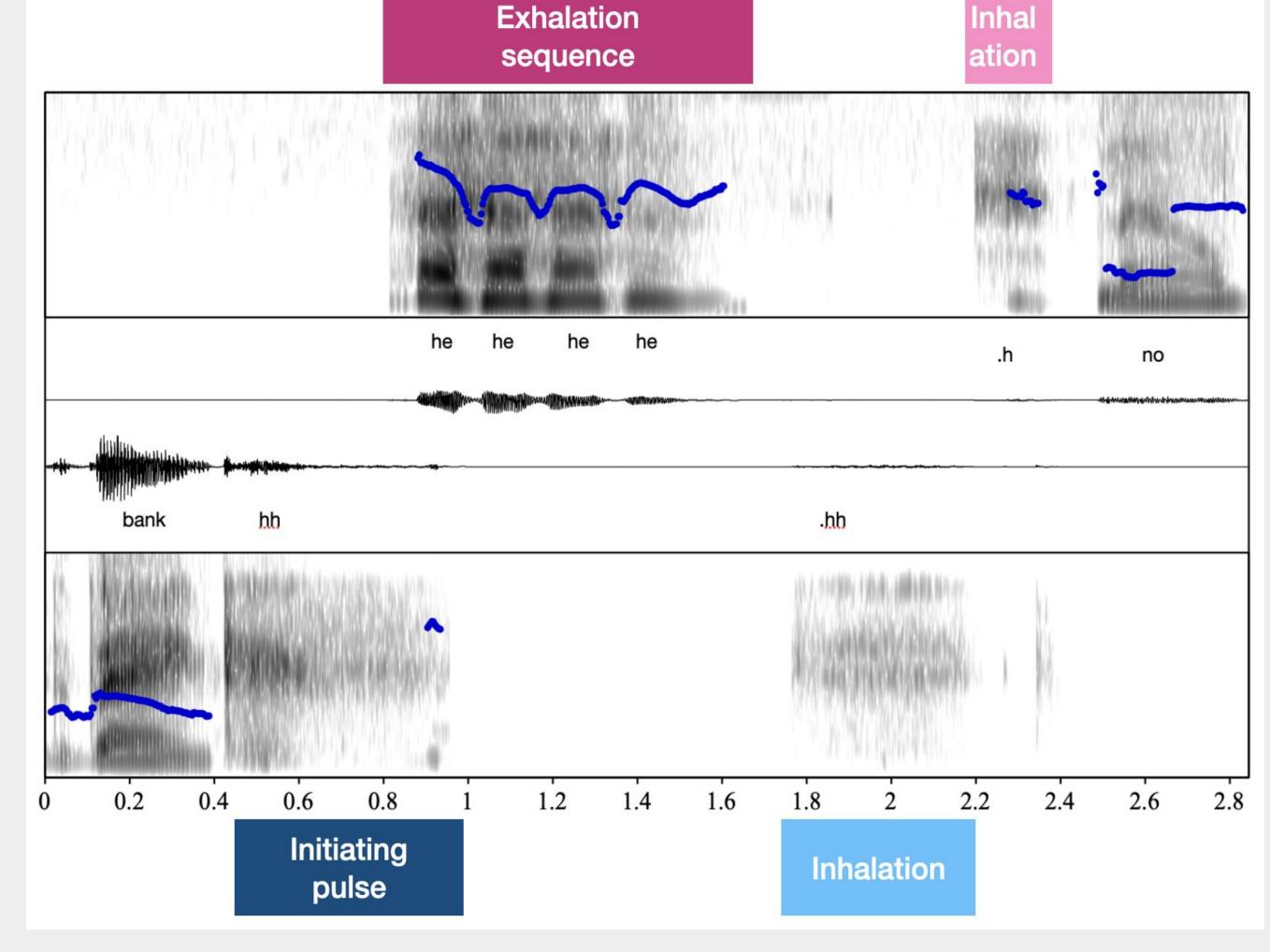
'Melody' as a projection device. CallHome en_4595.296-351 big city breezes

```
16 A: <<yawn> .h you'll get like those big
17 (0.7)
18 A: <<yawn> those big c::ity breezes,>
19 A: li[ke coming in off the water?]
20 B: [£ those big city bree- £]
21 B: [ha ha ha ha ha ha ha]
22 A: [<<br/>br> £you know what I mean?£>]
23 B: ha ha ha ha [ha (snort)
24 A: [.h [£ you know what I [mean, right?£
25 B: £[yes I do;£?]
```



Mirthless laughter. CallHome en_4234.454-476.sound like the bank





Conclusion

- Laughter has an internal structure with recognisable component parts: used to manage laughter, and project its ending
- Features of laughter & their positioning linked to respiratory cycle
- Lots of phonetic variation of component parts: most richly varied in exhalation phase ('middle' part)
- Some of the phonetic design of laughter needs to be explained in its sequential context, rather than as generic indexical functions
- Each phase of laughter has different **phonetic affordances**: features which in themselves offer possibilities for social action
- Our approach broadens the repertoire of available explanations for variability, and treats the analysis of laughter as an inherently intersubjective achievement