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Mechanism development and modelling of the tropospheric multiphase halogen chemistry: The CAPRAM Halogen Module 2.0

Electronic Supplementary Material
Journal of Atmospheric Chemistry

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S1 Detailed Results from the open ocean runs with the Halogen Module 2.0

In this section, a more detailed description of the halogen chemistry is given in addition to the description in section 4 of the article. Reaction fluxes are quantified and their relative contributions to the overall sinks are given.

S1.1 Chlorine chemistry

Discussion of chlorine atom concentration profiles and its reaction fluxes

As explained in the article, the photolysis of molecular chlorine impacts the concentration-time profiles of chlorine atoms especially during morning hours. The effect of morning peaks as described in [Pechtl and von Glasow \(2007\)](#) is stronger than in this study. While the concentrations of the second model day are very similar to the ones of this study, differences arise on the third model day. In the study of [Pechtl and von Glasow \(2007\)](#), the influence of the accumulated Cl_2 during the night increases so much that it causes a peak in the morning concentration of Cl atoms from the third model day on. This effect is not seen in the concentration profile of the base run of the present study, in which again only a steeper slope occurs in the concentration profile in the morning, yet no peak is found. Also, from the 4th model day on, the maximum concentration starts to decrease in the model study of [Pechtl and von Glasow \(2007\)](#) using cloud-free conditions. Their base run ends with a maximum concentration of about 7.5×10^4 molecules cm^{-3} on the last day and an overall maximum of about 1×10^5 molecules cm^{-3} on the 3rd model day. However, in the present study the concentration rises over the whole model run for cloud-free conditions leading to maximum concentration of about 1.2×10^5 molecules cm^{-3} on the last day. Only when clouds are present, the Cl maximum concentrations do not rise from day to day. For a better comparison with the work of [Pechtl and von Glasow \(2007\)](#), the modelled Cl concentrations of the different scenarios of the present study are given over the modelling period of 108h in Fig. S1. They can be directly compared to Fig. 1 in the work of [Pechtl and von Glasow \(2007\)](#).

In the following, the description of the reaction fluxes given in section 4.1.1 of the article is amended by a quantification of the reaction fluxes. The analyses of the source and sink fluxes for chlorine atoms reveal that the reaction of ClO with NO and the decomposition of ClO_2 are important non-photolysis sources for Cl atoms. The latter flux is only a net flux resulting from the fast equilibrium of Cl with O_2 recombination and ClO_2 destruction. While the average net flux over the whole model period is 5.8×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$, the real average forward and reverse fluxes of this equilibrium are astonishingly high with 2.1×10^9 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$, respectively. The reaction of ClO with NO is also only a backward reaction of the most important sink reaction of chlorine atoms with ozone as described later in the text. For a better evaluation of the real sinks and sources, net fluxes have been calculated. The fast re-cycling of forward and backward reactions was subtracted from each other to avoid null-cycles. Furthermore, percentages of the overall sinks and sources given in the following are derived after the elimination of all null-cycles. Most important sinks for gaseous chlorine atoms are the reactions with ozone and alkanes forming ClO and HCl, respectively. The only important gas phase loss reaction for HCl is the reaction with hydroxyl radicals, where Cl is regenerated. However, sink and source fluxes are only in the same order of magnitude during cloud periods, while during non-cloud periods production fluxes dominate with 3.2×10^5 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ over sink fluxes, which total to 2.3×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The ClO radicals generated during the ozone destruction by Cl atoms are either directly recycled to Cl atoms in a null-cycle (as described above) or react with HO_2 radicals to hypochlorous acid as proposed by previous studies (see e.g., [von Glasow and Crutzen, 2007](#) and references therein). Most model results confirm the results of previous investigations, however, some refinements to the ozone destruction cycle have to be made as explained in the next section.

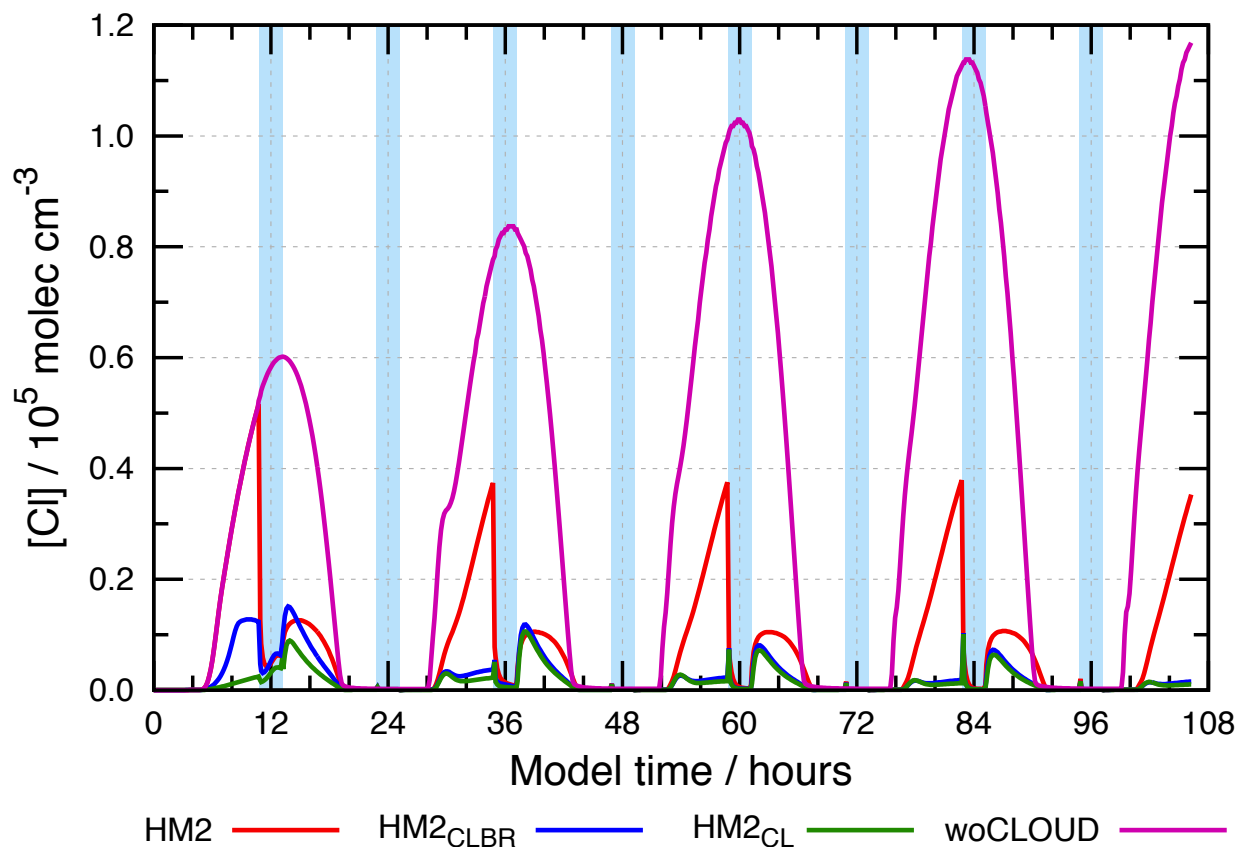


Figure S1 Modelled Cl concentration-time profiles in the gas phase over the whole modelling period of 108h for the different scenarios. Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

Participation of chlorine species in the ozone destruction cycle under non-cloud conditions and chlorine activation

The direct recycling of ClO to Cl has been investigated by means of time-resolved flux analyses. The reaction of ClO with NO has been determined as the main pathway with a flux of 1.7×10^4 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$. Photolysis is of minor importance with fluxes one order of magnitude smaller (1.1×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$).

Under cloud-free conditions, about two third of ClO react with HO_2 and 18% with methyl peroxide radicals to form HOCl, respectively. 25% of the HOCl formed partition into the aqueous phase and 75% photolyse in the gas phase to form Cl again. Further sinks for ClO are the reaction with NO_2 to ClONO_2 , which will then either decompose to ClO and NO_2 or photolyse to Cl and NO_3 . However, after the subtraction of all null-cycles, this process is only important during cloud periods as described in the next subsection. Yet, due to the short residence time of 15% of the air parcel in clouds, the overall loss is not more than 5%.

After the uptake of HOCl into the aqueous phase, the activation of chloride by hypochlorous acid as part of the ozone destruction cycle is only a minor sink for chloride. Most of the Cl^- (about 70%) is activated by HOI leading to ICl, which degasses and acts as the main source for chlorine atoms in the gas phase. The detailed flux analyses underline the importance of iodine species and their influence on chlorine chemistry, especially in the case of the activation of particulate chloride by HOI to yield ICl as suggested first by Vogt et al. (1999).

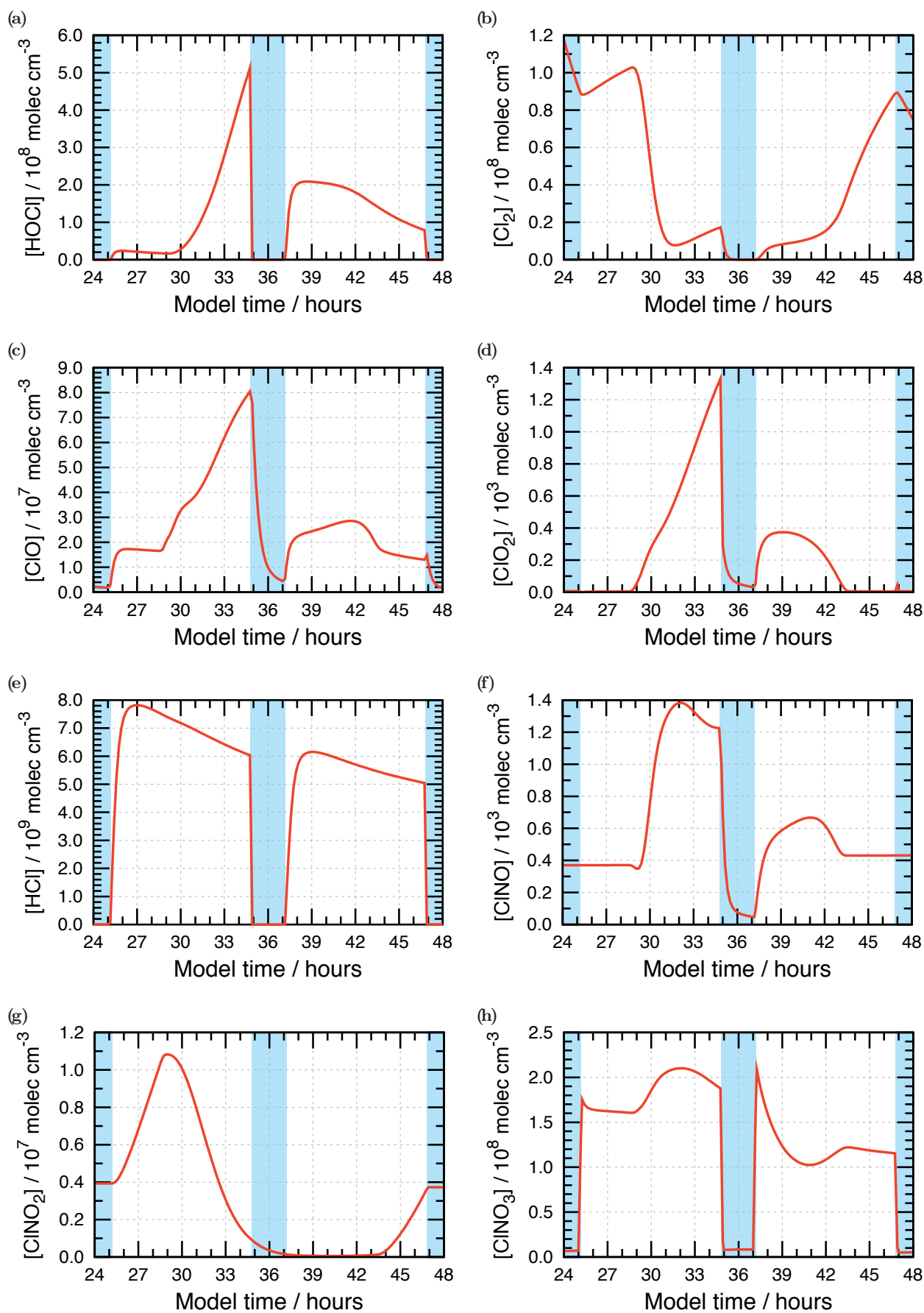


Figure S2 Modelled concentration-time profiles of selected chlorine species in the gas phase on the second model day (scenario HM2). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

Participation of chlorine species in the ozone destruction cycle under in-cloud conditions and chlorine activation

Under in-cloud conditions, chlorine chemistry is suppressed, because there is no Cl^- activation by HOI during cloud events. Thus, the main production channel for chlorine species is missing, which leads to decreased concentrations and, as a consequence, to decreased fluxes of chlorine species.

This can be seen in Fig. 2 and 3 of the article for chlorine atoms and in Fig. S2 for other important chlorine species. In Fig. 2 of the article, the concentrations of the run HM2 are always lower than the concentrations of the run woCLOUD, in which only deliquescent particle chemistry is treated. Differences before the cloud period originate from the first model day, where already two cloud passages occurred lowering Cl concentrations on the second model day. From Fig. 3 of the article can be seen that fluxes of Cl atoms are decreased during cloud periods as well.

Under in-cloud conditions, the main source for Cl atoms in the gas phase is the direct release from the aqueous phase making up about 68% of the total sources with a flux of 8.8×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$. Photolysis as a source for $\text{Cl}_{(\text{g})}$ is less important under in-cloud conditions. Only Cl_2 photolysis with fluxes of 2.1×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ accounts for 17% to the total sources of chlorine atoms. A minor contribution results from the OH initiated oxidation of chlorinated alkanes. The decomposition of ClCO with a flux of 6.9×10^2 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ amounts to 4% of the total sources. Sinks for Cl remain the same as under in-cloud conditions, yet with slightly lower absolute fluxes. In a cloud, the importance of the reaction of chlorine with ozone is dramatically reduced. After the elimination of all null-cycles, only 7% of Cl react with ozone (9.0×10^2 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$), while the main part of chlorine reacts with organics. In the latter reaction HCl is formed, which partitions into the aqueous phase and accumulates there.

Under in-cloud conditions, only 24% (1.8×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$) of the ClO react with hydroperoxyl radicals to form hypochlorous acid. The reaction with methyl peroxy radicals is less affected and still accounts for 13% of all losses under in-cloud conditions. A large fraction of ClO (3.8×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$) reacts with NO_2 to form ClNO_3 . During the day, this makes up 38% of the total ClO sinks, while in the night-time, this is the dominant sink with 97%. ClNO_3 accumulates in the aqueous phase upon phase transfer. Under in-cloud conditions, all of the HOCl partitions into the aqueous phase, but in contrast to deliquescent particle conditions, it reacts with hydrogen peroxide and sulphuric acid to form HCl, which accumulates in cloud droplets. Cl atoms in cloud droplets take part in multiple and complex reaction cycles. They are formed by the equilibrium of ClOH^- with H^+ , the first originating mainly from the reaction of chloride with hydroxyl radicals and the hydrolysis of the Cl_2^- radical anion. A reaction flux of 6.1×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ closes the reaction cycles by the reaction of Cl and Cl^- to Cl_2^- .

A direct phase transfer of chlorine atoms from the aqueous phase with a release rate of 8.8×10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ is the main source of chlorine atoms in the gas phase. It should be noted that the reactions of Cl atoms with organic compounds have to be regarded far from being complete and hence the direct transfer of halogen atoms is probably overestimated at this time. As a part of this, and different to other mechanisms, there is no estimated overall rate constant for chlorine with dissolved organic matter (DOM). Hence, Cl atom sinks in the aqueous phase might be underestimated.

S1.2 Bromine chemistry

For a better understanding of the various cycles of bromine species, section 4.1.2 of the article is completed by Fig. S3 with plots of the concentration-time profiles of the most important gas phase bromine species including the mixed halide molecule BrCl.

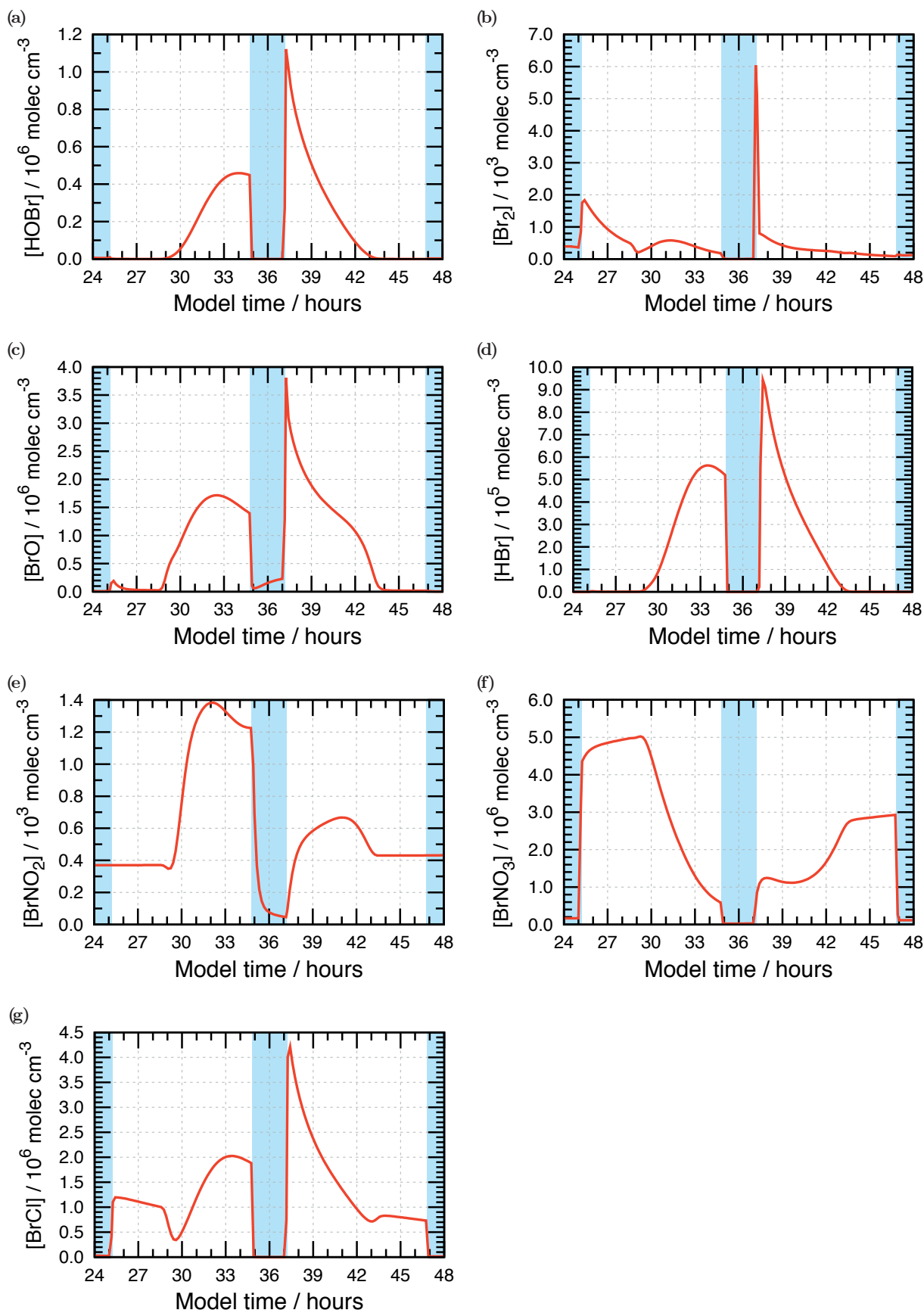


Figure S3 Modelled concentration-time profiles of selected bromine species in the gas phase on the second model day (scenario HM2). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

S1.3 Iodine chemistry

S1.3.1 Inorganic iodine chemistry

Inorganic iodine cycles leading to IBr formation under in-cloud conditions

In this paragraph, the cycles leading to the different behaviour of IBr under in-cloud conditions are explained in more detail. Under in-cloud conditions, the main source of IBr is not anymore the dissociation of the trihalide anion IClBr^- as described in section 4.1.2 of the article. This flux is now only $14.3 \text{ molecules cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ totalling to 6% of the sources. The largest fraction (94% of the total sources) with a flux of $219 \text{ molecules cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ originates from the iodide activation by hypobromous acid. In the only sink process for IBr, it is hydrolysed to HOI and dissociated HBr. HOI oxidises sulphur(IV) to sulphur(VI), where I^- is produced, which is a source species for IBr in the reaction with HOBr. Bromide is recycled to HOBr in a reaction chain producing the BrCl_2^- radical anion by the reaction with Cl_2 , which dissociates to BrCl and Cl^- . BrCl then hydrolyses to HOBr, which will form IBr again. Thus, all sink reactions are converted to source reactions and IBr accumulates in the aqueous phase. Upon cloud evaporation, IBr is released into the gas phase causing a peak in the concentration profile.

Participation of iodine species in the ozone destruction cycle under non-cloud conditions and chlorine activation

This section quantifies the reaction fluxes in the ozone destruction cycle under non-cloud conditions. Tab. S1 lists the most important sources and sinks for iodine atoms after the elimination of all null-cycles together with the chemical fluxes and the relative contributions to the overall sources and sinks. For a better understanding, the concentration-time profiles of the most important inorganic halogen species are shown in Fig. S4, page 10.

Table S1 Most important source and sink reactions contributing to the production and destruction of I atoms. Given are the absolute chemical fluxes after the elimination of null-cycles averaged over the whole model run of 108 hours as well as their relative contributions to the overall sources/sinks in per cent. For net fluxes, the individual reactions and their fluxes are given below the net reaction/flux as well.

Label	Reaction	Chemical flux [molec $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$]	Relative contribution to overall sources/sinks [%]
P _g 47	$\text{ICl} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{Cl}$	4.8×10^4	69
P _g 42	$\text{HOI} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{OH}$	1.4×10^4	21
P _g 36	$\text{I}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{I}$	1.9×10^3	3
G234	$\text{IO} + \text{IO} \longrightarrow \text{products}$	3.0×10^3	4
G254	$\text{IO} + \text{ClO} \longrightarrow \text{products}$	1.8×10^3	3
	$\text{I} + \text{O}_3 \longrightarrow \text{IO} + \text{O}_2$	-7.7×10^4	-100
G230	* $\text{I} + \text{O}_3 \longrightarrow \text{IO} + \text{O}_2$	-8.6×10^4	
G243	* $\text{IO} + \text{NO} \longrightarrow \text{I} + \text{NO}_2$	5.8×10^3	
P _g 37	* $\text{IO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	3.4×10^3	

The only significant loss of iodine atoms in the gas phase is the reaction with ozone with a flux of 1.0×10^5 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$. For the IO radicals formed, the reaction with HO_2 is the dominant sink. 7.5×10^4 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ or 75% of all loss fluxes are resulting from this reaction. Further fluxes are of minor importance and account for interactions with NO_x (7%) or trigger fast cycles between the iodine oxides IO, OIO, and I_2O_2 as well as atomic and molecular iodine with fluxes in the order of 10^3 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$ (6%). About 23% of the hypoiodous acid formed from the reaction of IO with HO_2 photolyse, the remaining part (5.9×10^4 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$) partitions into the aqueous phase, in which it activates chloride to ICl . Iodine chloride is rapidly released into the gas phase, in which it triggers both the iodine and chlorine chemistry. This is in good agreement with previous studies, e.g. by Vogt et al. (1999).

Participation of iodine species in the ozone destruction cycle under in-cloud conditions and iodate formation

This section details the reaction fluxes of the IO uptake during in-cloud residence times of the air parcel. The ozone destruction cycle is disturbed as only 9% of the IO formed react with HO_2 . The main fraction of IO (84%, 1.5×10^4 molecules $\text{cm}^{-3} \text{s}^{-1}$) partitions into the aqueous phase and hence gas phase IO concentrations are decreased when a cloud is formed. In the aqueous phase, the IO radicals recombine to yield, with water, hypoiodous and iodous acid. Thus, at the beginning of the cloud period, aqueous IO concentrations show a peak and as the aqueous IO reacts further, concentrations are decreased over time as can be seen from Fig. S5a, page 12. The reaction product of the IO recombination, iodous acid, dissociates and reacts with hydrogen peroxide to form iodate, which accumulates as iodic acid. So again, HIO_2 shows only a peak at the beginning of the cloud period (see Fig. S5b, page 12) when it is formed from the large source of IO radicals. Concentrations decrease rapidly as HIO_2 reacts further to HIO_3 whose accumulation over time can be seen in Fig. S5b (page 12) as well.

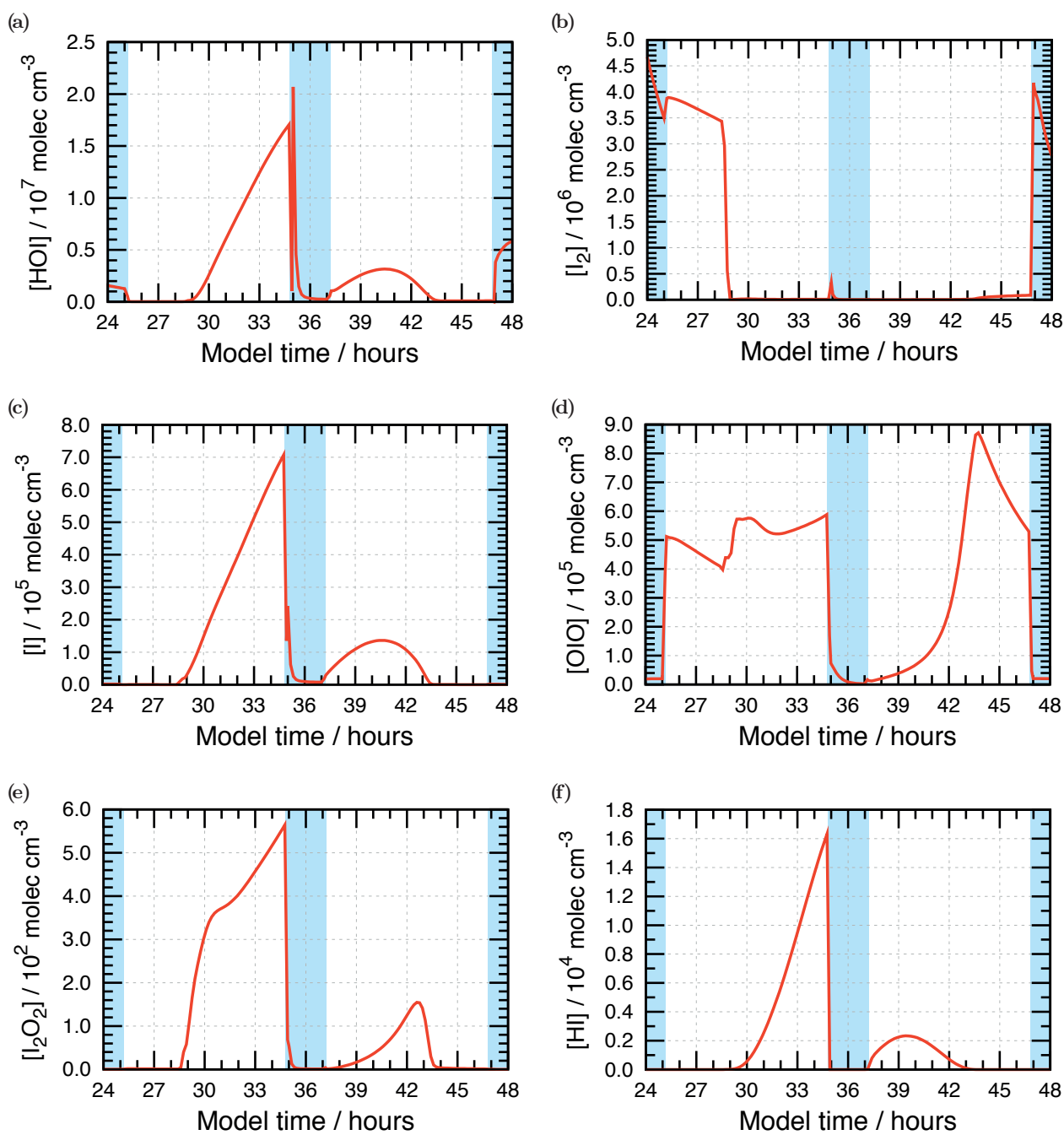


Figure S4 Modelled concentration-time profiles of selected iodine species in the gas phase on the second model day (scenario HM2). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

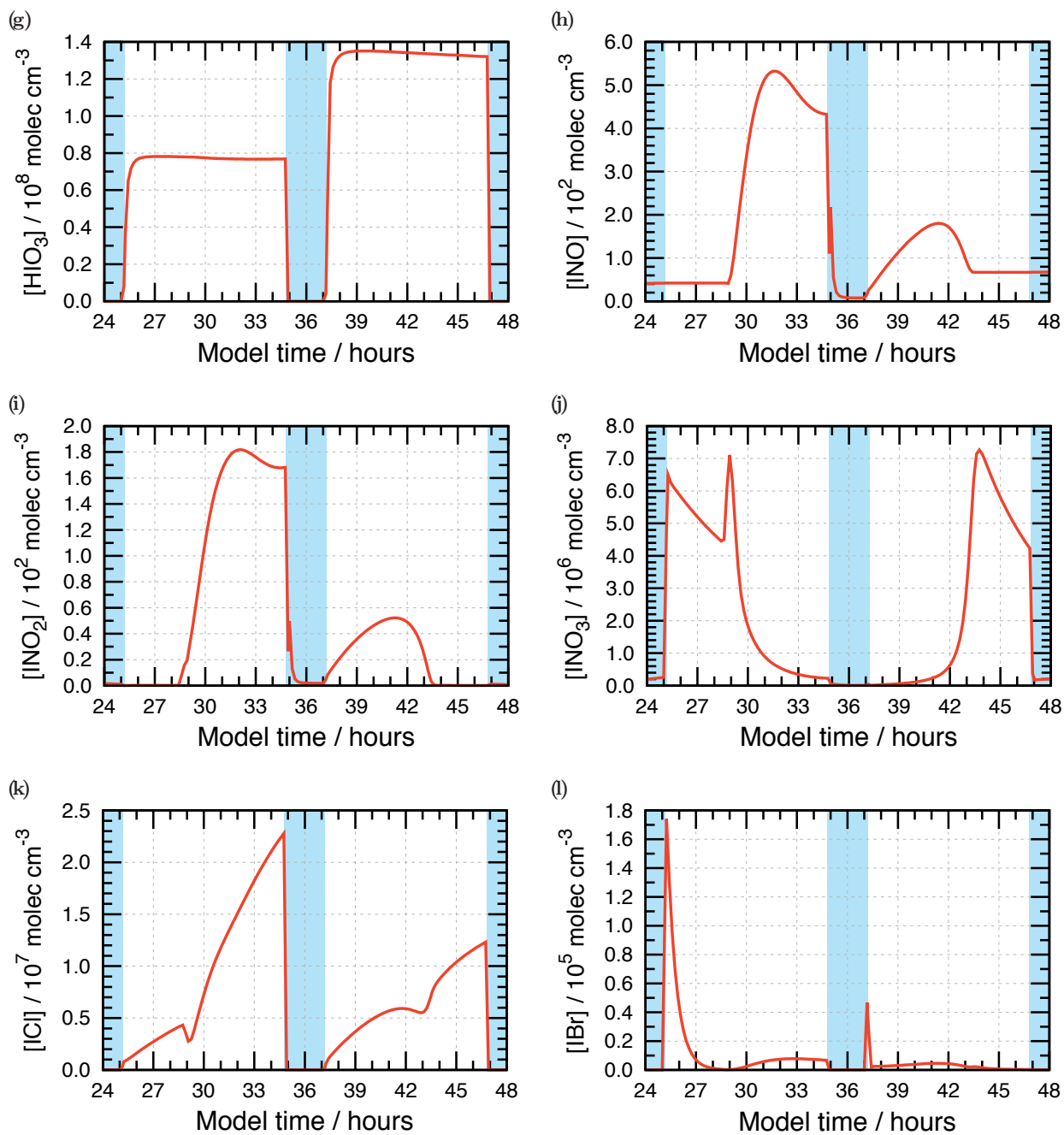
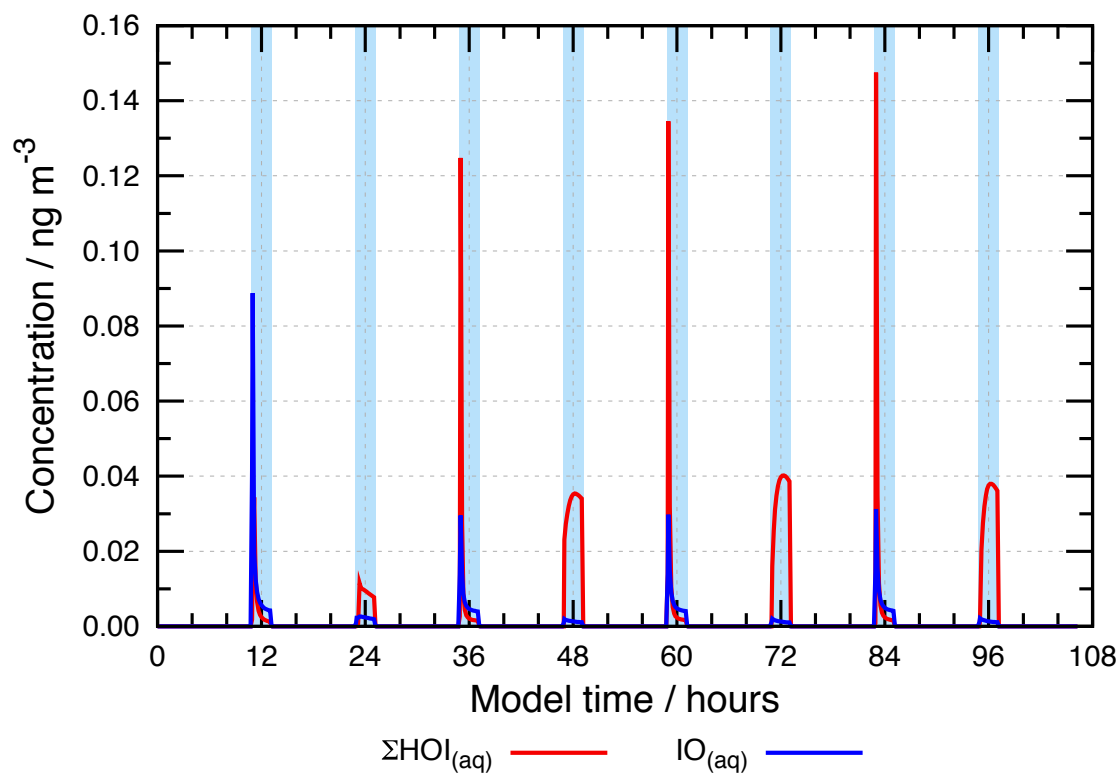


Figure S4 (continued) Modelled concentration-time profiles of selected bromine species in the gas phase on the second model day (scenario HM2). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

(a) $\text{IO}_{(\text{aq})}$ and $\Sigma\text{HOI}_{(\text{aq})}$



(b) $\Sigma\text{HIO}_2_{(\text{aq})}$ and $\Sigma\text{HIO}_3_{(\text{aq})}$

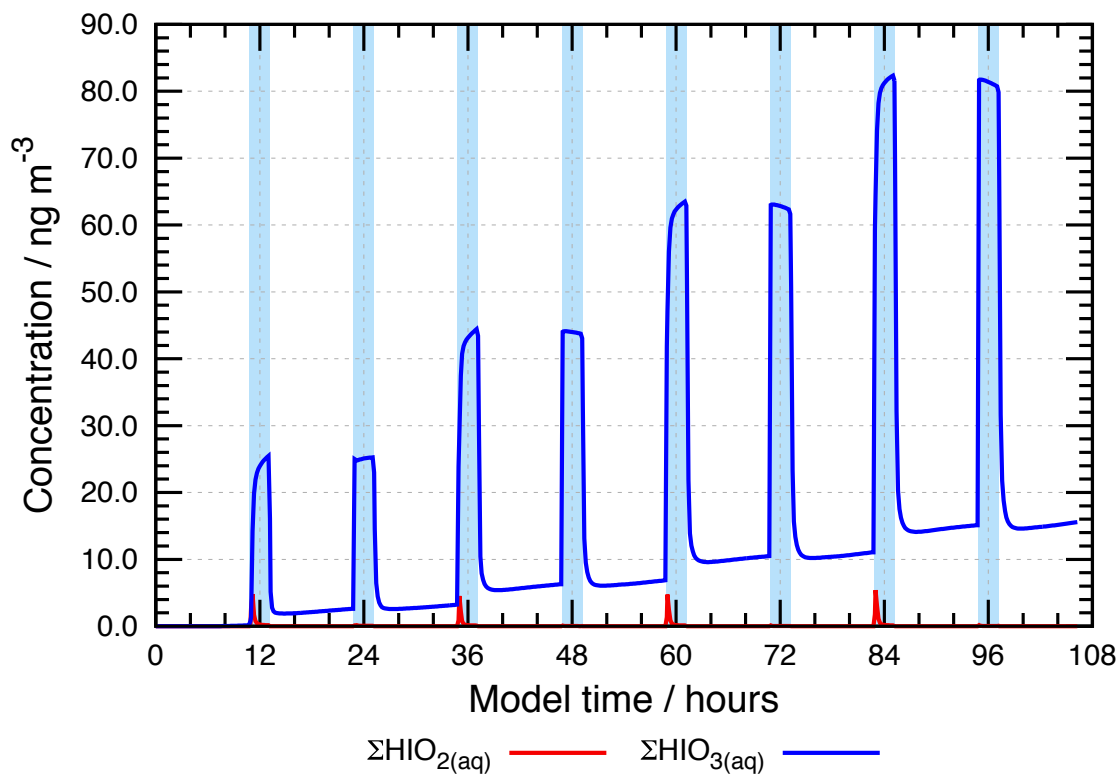


Figure S5 Modelled concentration-time profiles of selected iodine species in the aqueous phase over the whole modelling period of 108 h (scenario HM2). For HOI, HIO₂, and HIO₃ the sum of the dissociated and undissociated forms was used for the concentration-time profiles (indicated by Σ). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

S1.3.2 Organic iodine chemistry

For a better understanding of the decay of iodocarbons emitted from the ocean's surface, the concentration-time profiles are shown in Fig. S6.

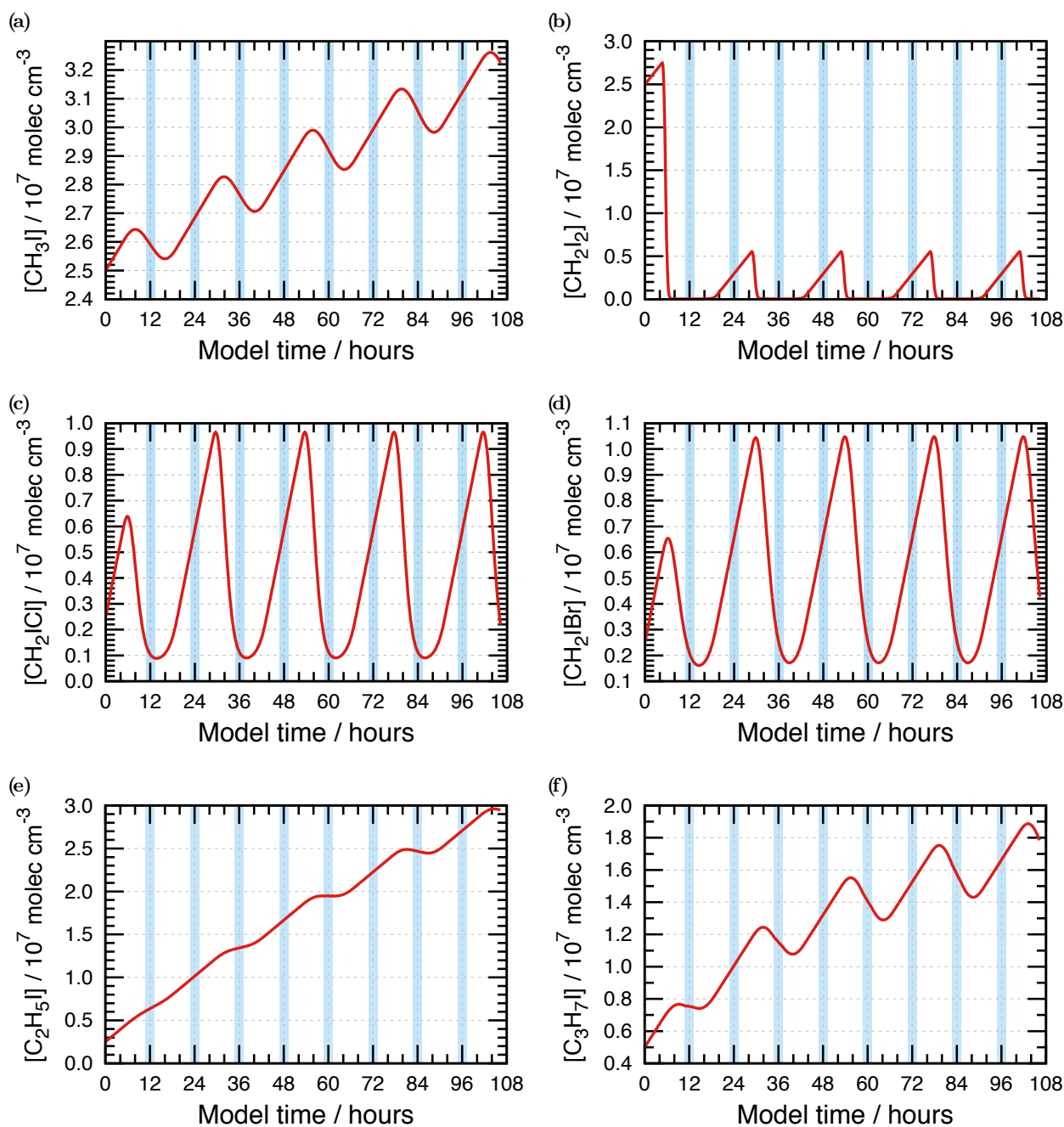


Figure S6 Modelled concentration-time profiles of the various alkyl iodides in the gas phase for the whole modelling period of 108h (scenario HM2). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

S1.4 Influence of halogen chemistry on the aqueous phase oxalate oxidation

In this section, the oxidation of oxalate is discussed in more detail. Halogens contribute to the oxalate oxidation during non-cloud periods via electron transfer reaction of the Cl_2^- radical anion.

In Fig. S7 the relative contributions of all sinks are plotted over time. It can be clearly seen that under non-cloud conditions the oxidation is dominated by Cl_2^- , while under in-cloud conditions OH is the main oxidant. Only during night-time in-cloud conditions, NO_3 contributes with about 40% to the total sinks. In Fig. S8 the speciation of the different dissociation states of oxalic acid is given. Under non-cloud conditions, the di-anion is the dominant form, while under in-cloud conditions the mono-anion predominantly exists. The reactivities are comparable for both forms and are in the order of $10^6 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ for Cl_2^- and in the order of $10^8 \text{ M}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ for OH. Therefore, the aqueous phase concentrations of these two species dictate the degradation process. They are given in Fig. S9. Please, note the logarithmic scale of the ordinate. The reactivity of OH is always about 2 orders of magnitude higher than that of Cl_2^- . However, during non-cloud periods the concentrations of Cl_2^- are between 4 to 5 orders of magnitude higher (in the range of 10^9 mol l^{-1}), which more than compensates the higher reactivities of the hydroxyl radical. Thus, the oxidation of oxalic acid is dominated by this species. During in-cloud residence times of the air parcel, oxalate is exposed to higher OH radical concentrations (1 to 2 orders of magnitude higher than Cl_2^- in the range of $10^{-12} \text{ mol l}^{-1}$) with higher reactivities than the chlorine radical di-anion and, hence, its oxidation is dominated by OH.

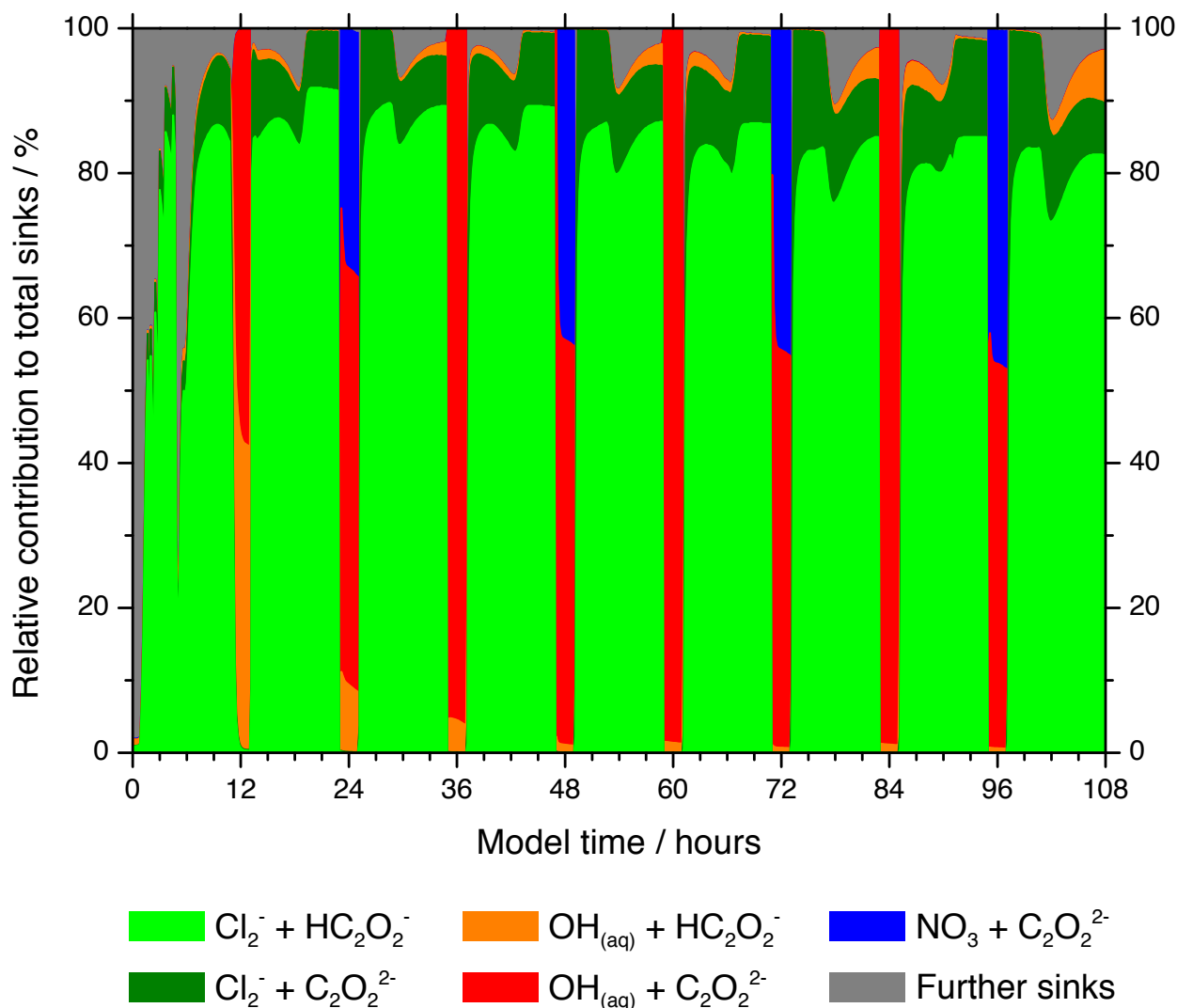


Figure S7 Modelled time-resolved contributions of the various oxidants to the aqueous phase degradation of the sum of all dissociation states of oxalic acid for the whole modelling period of 108h (scenario HM2). The respective total average sink fluxes under non-cloud, daytime in-cloud, and night-time in-cloud conditions are 5.7×10^2 , 6.8×10^2 , and $1.2 \text{ molecules cm}^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$.

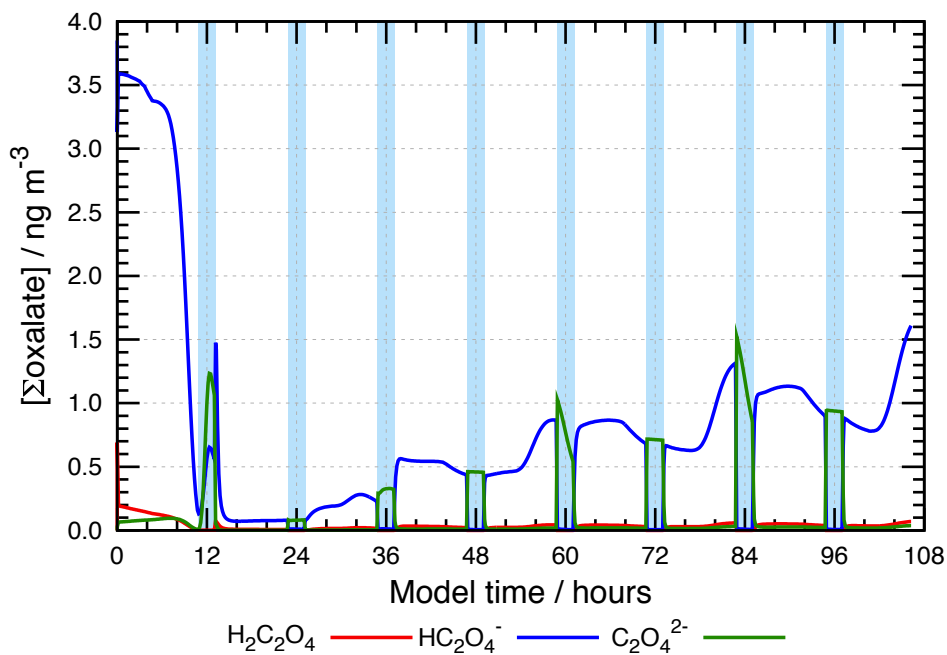


Figure S8 Modelled concentration-time profiles of the speciation of the different oxidation states of oxalic acid for the whole modelling period of 108h (scenario HM2). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

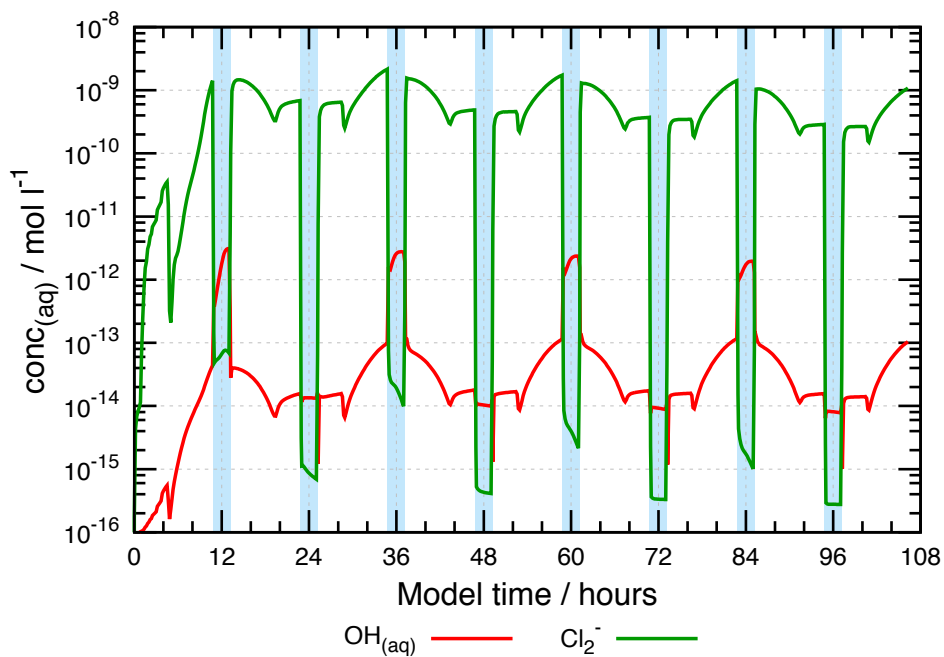


Figure S9 Modelled concentration-time profiles of $\text{OH}_{(\text{aq})}$ and Cl_2^- for the whole modelling period of 108h (scenario HM2). Blue bars indicate in-cloud residence times of the air parcel.

S1.5 Comparison of the model results with results from previous model studies

In this section, an overview of the maximum concentrations of important halogen species from this and previous model studies is given. Results are compiled in Tab. S2 and discussed in section 4 of the article.

Table S2 Maximum concentrations of important halogen species from selected model studies. Values are taken from the result plots given in the referenced publications.

Species	Maximum value [molec cm ⁻³]	Reference ^a
Cl	$\sim 1.5 \times 10^4$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 10^3$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 2 \times 10^4$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 7 \times 10^3$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 9 \times 10^4$	Pechtl and von Glasow (2007) ¹
	$\sim 3 \times 10^4$	Pechtl and von Glasow (2007) ²
	$\sim 1 - 2.5 \times 10^5$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	5.2×10^4	this work ^b
	3.7×10^4	this work ^c
ClO	$\sim 1.4 \times 10^6$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 10^8$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 1.2 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 10^7 - 4.5 \times 10^8$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	1.3×10^8	this work ^b
	8.0×10^7	this work ^c
HOCl	$\sim 1 \times 10^8$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 5 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 6 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 2.4 \times 10^9$	Pechtl and von Glasow (2007) ¹
	$\sim 1.2 \times 10^8$	Pechtl and von Glasow (2007) ²
	$< 3 \times 10^9$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	7.8×10^8	this work ^b
5.1×10^8	this work ^c	
Cl ₂	$\sim 9 \times 10^8$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 5 \times 10^6$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 8 \times 10^6$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 2.3 \times 10^9$	Pechtl and von Glasow (2007) ¹
	$\sim 7.5 \times 10^7$	Pechtl and von Glasow (2007) ²
	1.5×10^8	this work ^b
	1.2×10^8	this work ^c
Br	$\sim 7 \times 10^5$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 3.5 \times 10^5$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 2 \times 10^9$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 1.8 \times 10^6$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²

Table S2 (continued) Maximum concentrations of important halogen species from selected model studies. Values are taken from the result plots given in the referenced publications.

	$\sim 4.5 - 7.5 \times 10^6$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	6.5×10^5	this work ^b
	2.1×10^5	this work ^c
BrO	$\sim 2 \times 10^7$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 2 \times 10^9$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 4 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 1.2 \times 10^8$	von Glasow et al. (2002a) ²
	$\sim 4.5 \times 10^7$	von Glasow et al. (2002b) ⁵
	$\sim 1 - 1.2 \times 10^8$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	2.1×10^7	this work ^b
	3.8×10^6	this work ^c
HOBr	$\sim 6.8 \times 10^8$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 2 \times 10^8$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 5 \times 10^8$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 9 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 9.5 \times 10^7$	von Glasow et al. (2002a) ²
	$\sim 7 \times 10^6$	von Glasow et al. (2002b) ⁵
	$\sim 2.2 - 5 \times 10^8$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	3.6×10^6	this work ^b
	1.1×10^6	this work ^c
Br₂	$\sim 3.2 \times 10^8$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 8 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 5 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 6.3 \times 10^7$	von Glasow et al. (2002a) ²
	5.0×10^6	this work ^b
	6.0×10^3	this work ^c
BrCl	$\sim 6.8 \times 10^7$	Sander and Crutzen (1996) ¹
	$\sim 9 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1996) ²
	$\sim 2 \times 10^8$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 1 \times 10^8$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^8$	von Glasow et al. (2002a) ²
	$\sim 2.8 - 4 \times 10^8$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	1.9×10^7	this work ^b
	4.2×10^6	this work ^c
IO	$\sim 2.2 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 7 \times 10^7$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 4 \times 10^7$	von Glasow et al. (2002a) ²
	$\sim 7.5 \times 10^7$	Pechtl et al. (2006) ⁶
	$\sim 2.5 \times 10^7$	Pechtl et al. (2006) ⁷
	$\sim 1.5 - 4.5 \times 10^7$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	$\sim 5 \times 10^6$	Jones et al. (2010) ⁸

Table S2 (continued) Maximum concentrations of important halogen species from selected model studies. Values are taken from the result plots given in the referenced publications.

	$\sim 7.5 \times 10^7$	Jones et al. (2010) ⁹
	2.4×10^7	this work ^b
	1.6×10^6	this work ^c
HOI	$\sim 5 \times 10^7$	Vogt et al. (1999) ²
	$\sim 6.5 \times 10^7$	von Glasow et al. (2002a) ²
	$\sim 4.5 \times 10^8$	Pechtl et al. (2006) ⁷
	$\sim 0.9 - 2.5 \times 10^8$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	2.4×10^7	this work ^b
	2.1×10^7	this work ^c
ICl	$\sim 2 \times 10^6$	Sander et al. (1997) ³
	$\sim 4.6 \times 10^7$	von Glasow et al. (2002a) ²
	$\sim 0.5 - 1.8 \times 10^8$	Lowe et al. (2009) ⁴
	3.1×10^7	this work ^b
	2.3×10^7	this work ^c

^aModel conditions are given in the footnotes below; ^boverall maximum concentration for the base run HM2; ^cmaximum concentration on the second model day for the base run HM2

¹polluted MBL, permanently cloud-free; ²remote MBL, permanently cloud-free; ³MBL in the arctic spring; ⁴clean MBL, permanently cloud-free for different treatments of the microphysics; ⁵remote MBL, permanently cloudy; ⁶coastal MBL, permanently cloud-free; continuous alkyl iodide emissions (their scenario 1); ⁷coastal MBL, permanently cloud-free; hot spot emissions of alkyl iodides/I₂ (their scenario 3); ⁸open ocean, permanently cloud-free; ⁹open ocean, permanently cloud-free with additional I₂ emissions

S2 Model setup

S2.1 Model initialisation

No spin-up time is used in the model runs. Within the first 15 model seconds the microphysics and aerosol distribution is set and the pH value is calculated according to the charge balance. Thereafter, chemistry is calculated and the pH value is determined explicitly every time-step according to the H⁺ concentration.

S2.2 Cloud scenario

In Figure S10, the cloud scenario used is depicted. A description can be found in the article in section 3.

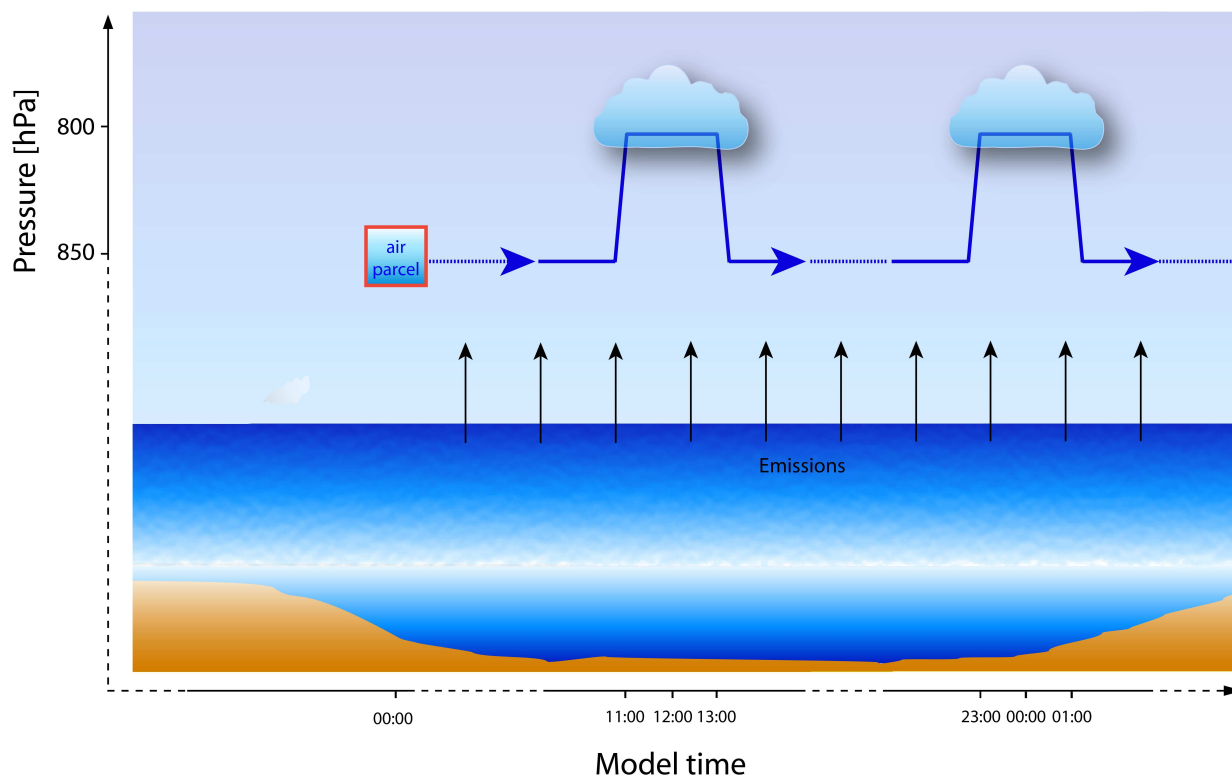


Figure S10 Schematic of the cloud scenario used in the model runs.

S2.3 Calculation of photolysis rates

Photolysis rates were calculated for the lower troposphere at 45°N and clear sky conditions. The aerosol distribution and absorption of important trace gases was taken over from the TUV model. Photolysis rates were determined every 15 minutes for June 21st. A parameterisation was derived from the calculated photolysis rates according to the MCM mechanism:

$$j = l \times \cos^m \chi \times \exp\{-n \times \sec \chi\},$$

where the parameters, l , m , and n were determined. They serve as input for the model SPACCIM, which uses the diurnal profile of the photolysis rate and varies it according to the latitude and the time. For cloud periods, no variation of the photolysis rates is used. Since there are areas in clouds with increased photolysis rates at the top and decreased photolysis rates at the bottom of the cloud and there is no exact definition of the position of the air parcel within the cloud, the variation during cloud periods was renounced.

S2.4 Changes to original setup

Table S3 Changes to the original emission scenario in CAPRAM 3.0i and older versions

Species	Open ocean [$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$]	Reference
NO	2.50×10^8	Thompson and Zafriou (1983)
ETH ^a	1.00×10^7	Plass-Dülmer et al. (1993)
HC3 ^b	2.00×10^7	estimated based on emission rates by Plass-Dülmer et al. (1993) and Broadgate et al. (1997) and the compounds belonging to the model species HC3 as explained in section S4
ETE ^c	2.40×10^8	Plass-Dülmer et al. (1993)
C ₃ H ₆	1.00×10^8	Plass-Dülmer et al. (1993)
ETI ^d	1.00×10^7	Plass-Dülmer et al. (1993)
CH ₃ CHO	3.60×10^9	Toyota et al. (2004)
C ₂ H ₅ CHO	5.47×10^9	Singh et al. (2003)
ISO ^e	3.20×10^7	Arnold et al. (2009)

^aETH = ethane; ^bHC3 = alkanes, alcohols, esters, and alkynes with OH rate constant (298 K, 1 atm) less than $3.4 \times 10^{-12} \text{cm}^3 \text{molecules}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$; ^cETE = ethylene; ^dETI = acetylene; ^eISO = isoprene

Table S4 Changes to the original initial concentrations in CAPRAM 3.0i and older versions

Species	Open ocean [cm^{-3}]	Reference/comment
O ₃	7.50×10^{11}	Sander et al. (1997)
H ₂ O ₂	1.50×10^{10}	Lowe et al. (2009)
NO	2.50×10^8	Lowe et al. (2009)
NO ₂	5.00×10^8	Lowe et al. (2009)
HONO	2.50×10^8	Warneck (2005)
HNO ₃	2.50×10^9	Warneck (2005)
CH ₄	4.50×10^{13}	Lowe et al. (2009)
HC3 ^a	2.31×10^{10}	adjusted emissions according to the delumping of acetylene
C ₃ H ₆	1.60×10^9	delumped from OLT

Table S4 (continued) Changes to the initial concentrations in CAPRAM 3.0i and older versions

Species	Open ocean [cm ⁻³]	Reference/comment
OLT ^b	9.50×10^8	adjusted emissions according to the delumping of propylene
ETI ^c	2.42×10^9	delumped from HC3
HCHO	5.00×10^9	Warneck (2005)
CH ₃ CHO	5.12×10^9	Singh et al. (2003)
C ₂ H ₅ CHO	1.50×10^9	Singh et al. (2003)
CH ₃ OCH ₃	1.10×10^{10}	Singh et al. (2003)
CH ₃ OH	1.40×10^{10}	Singh et al. (2003)
ETOH ^d	2.00×10^9	Warneck (2005)
ORA1 ^e	6.25×10^9	Warneck (2005)
CH ₃ COOH	5.00×10^9	Warneck (2005)
OP1 ^f	5.00×10^9	Warneck (2005)
PAN ^g	2.50×10^8	Lowe et al. (2009)
ISO ^h	7.90×10^8	average of Yokouchi et al. (1999) and Matsunaga et al. (2002)

[⊙] update of CAPRAM; ^aHC3 = alkanes, alcohols, esters, and alkynes with OH rate constant (298 K, 1 atm) less than 3.4×10^{-12} cm³ molecules⁻¹ s⁻¹; ^bOLT = terminal alkenes; ^cETI = acetylene; ^dETOH = ethanol; ^eORA1 = formic acid; ^fOP1 = methyl hydrogen peroxide; ^gPAN = peroxyacetyl nitrate and higher saturated PANs; ^hISO = isoprene

S2.5 Additional setup of the Halogen Modul 2.0

Table S5 Emissions of halogen species

Species	Open ocean [$\text{cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$]	Reference
C_2Cl_4	3.2×10^6	Keene et al. (2008)
C_2HCl_3	4.0×10^6	Keene et al. (2008)
CH_3CCl_3	—	Keene et al. (2008)
CHCl_3	6.4×10^7	Keene et al. (2008)
CH_2Cl_2	3.2×10^7	Keene et al. (2008)
CH_3Cl	9.1×10^7	Keene et al. (2008)
CHBr_3	1.1×10^7	Yang et al. (2005)
CH_2Br_2	4.6×10^6	Yang et al. (2005)
CH_3Br	9.7×10^6	Yang et al. (2005)
$\text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{I}$	1.0×10^7	Lowe et al. (2009)
$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{I}$	1.0×10^7	assumed
CH_2I_2	1.5×10^7	assumed
CH_3I	6.0×10^6	Lowe et al. (2009)
CH_2ICl	2.0×10^7	Lowe et al. (2009)
CH_2IBr	2.0×10^7	Lowe et al. (2009)

Table S6 Depositions of halogen species

Species	Open ocean [s^{-1}] ^a	Reference
HCl^\otimes	2.0×10^{-5}	Lowe et al. (2009)
HOCl	2.0×10^{-6}	Lowe et al. (2009)
HBr	2.0×10^{-5}	Lowe et al. (2009)
HOBr	2.0×10^{-6}	Lowe et al. (2009)
HI	1.0×10^{-5}	Lowe et al. (2009)
HOI	1.0×10^{-5}	Lowe et al. (2009)

Table S6 (continued) Depositions of halogen species

Species	Open ocean [s ⁻¹] ^a	Reference
INO ₂	1.0 × 10 ⁻⁵	Lowe et al. (2009)
INO ₃	1.0 × 10 ⁻⁵	Lowe et al. (2009)

^a $\frac{v_d}{h} = [\text{cm s}^{-1}]/[\text{cm}] \hat{=} [\text{s}^{-1}]$ with $h = 10^5$ cm; [⊗]already implemented in CAPRAM

Table S7 Initial concentrations of halogen species

Species	Open ocean [cm ⁻³]	Reference/comment
HCl [⊗]	2.5 × 10 ⁹	Lowe et al. (2009)
C ₂ Cl ₄	3.0 × 10 ⁸	mean based on data presented in Zhou et al. (2005)
C ₂ HCl ₃	1.3 × 10 ⁸	mean based on data presented in Zhou et al. (2005)
CH ₃ CCl ₃	—	
CHCl ₃	2.5 × 10 ⁸	mean based on data presented in Law et al. (2007)
CH ₂ Cl ₂	3.3 × 10 ⁸	mean based on data presented in Law et al. (2007)
CH ₃ Cl	1.4 × 10 ¹⁰	Moore et al. (1996)
CHBr ₃	2.5 × 10 ⁷	mean based on data presented in Zhou et al. (2005)
CH ₂ Br ₂	3.1 × 10 ⁷	mean based on data presented in Zhou et al. (2005)
CH ₃ Br	2.8 × 10 ⁸	Groszko and Moore (1998)
C ₃ H ₇ I	5.0 × 10 ⁶	assumed
C ₂ H ₅ I	2.5 × 10 ⁶	assumed
CH ₂ I ₂	2.5 × 10 ⁷	assumed
CH ₃ I	2.5 × 10 ⁷	Moore and Groszko (1999)
CH ₂ ICl	2.5 × 10 ⁶	assumed
CH ₂ IBr	2.5 × 10 ⁶	assumed

[⊗]update of CAPRAM

S3 Reaction mechanism

S3.1 Changes to Photolysis reactions in CAPRAM 3.0i

Photolysis reactions are calculated offline. With the development of the Halogen Module 2.0 photolysis processes have been revised and the parameterisation has been changed from the *ABC*-type (Röth, E. P., 1992) to the *MCM*-type (Jenkin et al., 1997, Saunders et al., 2003). Parameters for photolysis processes have been derived from calculations with the Tropospheric Ultraviolet and Visible Model TUV 4.6 (Madronich and Flocke, 1997). Input data concerning cross sections and quantum yields have been used unchanged from the model input as given by the authors.

For aqueous phase photolysis reactions, a modified version of TUV 4.1 has been used (Deguillaume et al., 2004). Input parameters are taken from references as described in Table S9.

In both cases calculations have been performed for 45°N on June 21st under clear sky conditions.

Table S8 Parameters for the updated gas phase photolysis reactions in RACM-MIM2ext

Reaction	I/s^{-1}	m	n
$\text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO} + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	1.041×10^{-2}	0.404	0.250
$\text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{O}_2 + \text{O}(^1\text{D})$	7.531×10^{-5}	1.886	0.382
$\text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{O}_2 + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	5.685×10^{-4}	0.273	0.132
$\text{HONO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{OH} + \text{NO}$	3.149×10^{-3}	0.430	0.263
$\text{HNO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{OH} + \text{NO}_2$	1.173×10^{-6}	1.385	0.271
$\text{HNO}_4 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 0.65 \text{HO}_2 + 0.65 \text{NO}_2 + 0.35 \text{OH} + 0.35 \text{NO}_3$	9.036×10^{-6}	1.262	0.327
$\text{NO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO} + \text{O}_2$	2.919×10^{-2}	0.115	0.164
$\text{NO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	2.349×10^{-1}	0.122	0.180
$\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO}_3 + \text{NO} + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	2.071×10^{-7}	2.185	3.974
$\text{N}_2\text{O}_5 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	7.083×10^{-5}	0.887	0.237
$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2 \text{OH}$	1.189×10^{-5}	0.924	0.249
$\text{HCHO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{H}_2 + \text{CO}$	7.681×10^{-5}	0.685	0.273
$\text{HCHO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, 2\text{O}_2} 2 \text{HO}_2 + \text{CO}$	5.681×10^{-5}	0.943	0.328

Table S8 (continued) Parameters for the updated gas phase photolysis reactions in RACM-MIM2ext

Reaction	l/s^{-1}	m	n
ALD ^a $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ MO ₂ ^b + HO ₂ + CO	1.163×10^{-5}	1.303	0.418
CH ₃ CHO $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ MO ₂ + HO ₂ + CO	1.163×10^{-5}	1.303	0.418
C ₂ H ₅ CHO $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ MO ₂ + HO ₂ + CO	3.546×10^{-5}	1.226	0.325
C ₃ H ₇ CHO $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ MO ₂ + HO ₂ + CO	4.476×10^{-5}	0.805	0.338
OP1 ^c $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ HCHO + HO ₂ + OH	9.017×10^{-6}	0.870	0.244
OP2 ^d $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ 0.47 ALD + 0.49 CH ₃ CHO + 0.02 C ₂ H ₅ CHO + 0.02 C ₃ H ₇ CHO + HO ₂ + OH	9.017×10^{-6}	0.870	0.244
PAA ^e $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ MO ₂ + OH	1.400×10^{-6}	1.059	0.265
KET ^f $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ ACO ₃ ^g + ETHP ^h	1.029×10^{-6}	1.983	0.459
CH ₃ COCH ₃ $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ ACO ₃ + ETHP	1.029×10^{-6}	1.983	0.459
C ₂ H ₅ COCH ₃ $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ ACO ₃ + ETHP	1.340×10^{-6}	1.201	0.335
CH ₃ COCH(CH ₃) ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ ACO ₃ + ETHP	1.029×10^{-6}	1.983	0.459
GLY ⁱ $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ 2 CO + 2 HO ₂	9.610×10^{-5}	0.325	0.240
GLY $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ HCHO + CO	3.026×10^{-5}	0.323	0.241
MGLY ^j $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ ACO ₃ + CO + HO ₂	1.853×10^{-4}	0.583	0.225
DCB ^k $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ 0.98 HO ₂ + 0.02 ACO ₃ + TCO ₃ ^l	1.624×10^{-4}	0.244	0.267
ONIT ^m $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ 0.094 ALD + 0.098 CH ₃ CHO + 0.004 C ₂ H ₅ CHO + 0.004 C ₃ H ₇ CHO + 0.120 KET + 0.408 CH ₃ COCH ₃ + 0.216 C ₂ H ₅ COCH ₃ + 0.056 CH ₃ COCH(CH ₃) ₂ + HO ₂ + NO ₂	4.615×10^{-6}	1.293	0.286
HKET ⁿ $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ HCHO + HO ₂ + ACO ₃	3.552×10^{-6}	1.282	0.234
MACR ^o $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ CO + HCHO + HO ₂ + ACO ₃	8.692×10^{-6}	0.582	0.261
MVK ^p $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ CO + HCHO + HO ₂ + ACO ₃	6.990×10^{-6}	0.821	0.260
CH ₂ (OH)CHO $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ HCHO + CO + 2 HO ₂	9.737×10^{-6}	1.264	0.327

Photolysis reactions are parameterised with $j = l \times \cos^m \chi \times \exp\{-n \times \sec \chi\}$ according to Jenkin et al. (1997).

^aALD = higher aldehydes; ^bMO₂ = methyl peroxy radical; ^cOP1 = methyl hydrogen peroxide; ^dOP2 = higher organic peroxides; ^ePAA = peroxyacetic acid and higher analoges; ^fKET = ketones; ^gACO₃ = acetyl peroxy radical and higher saturated acyl peroxy radicals; ^hETHP = peroxy radical formed from ETH; ⁱGLY = glyoxal; ^jMGLY = methylglyoxal; ^kDCB = unsaturated dicarbonyls; ^lTCO₃ = unsaturated acyl peroxy radicals; ^mONIT = organic nitrates; ⁿHKET = hydroxy ketone; ^oMACR = methacrolein and other unsaturated monoaldehydes; ^pMVK = methyl vinyl ketone

Table S9 Parameters for the updated aqueous phase photolysis reactions in CAPRAM 3.0i

Reaction	l/s^{-1}	m	n	Reference/comment
$\text{Fe}(\text{OH})^{2+} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{OH}$	4.764×10^{-2}	0.829	0.291	absorption spectra from Weschler et al. (1986) /quantum yields from Benkelberg and Warneck (1995)
$\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_2^+ \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{OH} + \text{OH}^-$	1.343×10^{-2}	0.855	0.300	absorption spectra from Weschler et al. (1986) /quantum yields from Benkelberg and Warneck (1995)
$\text{NO}_3^- \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO}_2 + \text{OH} + \text{OH}^-$	6.109×10^{-7}	1.076	0.409	absorption spectra from Graedel and Weschler (1981) /quantum yields from Zellner et al. (1990)
$\text{NO}_2^- \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO} + \text{OH} + \text{OH}^-$	7.245×10^{-5}	0.480	0.303	absorption spectra from Graedel and Weschler (1981) /quantum yields from Zellner et al. (1990)
$\text{HONO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{OH} + \text{NO}$	2.999×10^{-4}	0.439	0.308	Graedel and Weschler (1981)
$\text{Fe}^{3+} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{OH} + \text{H}^+$	1.224×10^{-5}	1.467	0.248	absorption spectra from Weschler et al. (1986) /quantum yields from Benkelberg and Warneck (1995)
$\text{Fe}(\text{SO}_4)^+ \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{SO}_4^-$	8.215×10^{-5}	0.885	0.313	Benkelberg and Warneck (1995)
$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{OH}$	8.625×10^{-6}	1.043	0.271	absorption spectra from Graedel and Weschler (1981) /quantum yields from Zellner et al. (1990)
$\text{Fe}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2^- \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Fe}^{2+} + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} + \text{CO}_2 + \text{CO}_2^-$	7.993×10^{-2}	0.625	0.279	IfT measurements
$\text{Fe}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_3^{3-} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Fe}^{2+} + 2\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} + \text{CO}_2 + \text{CO}_2^-$	4.659×10^{-2}	0.561	0.276	IfT measurements
$\text{OP1}^a \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{CH}_3\text{O} + \text{OH}$	8.625×10^{-5}	1.043	0.271	estimated same as H_2O_2
$\text{NO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO} + \text{O}_2$	2.584×10^{-3}	0.072	0.196	Graedel and Weschler (1981)
$\text{NO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{NO}_2 + \text{O}({}^3\text{P})$	2.325×10^{-2}	0.072	0.196	Graedel and Weschler (1981)
$\text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{OH} + \text{O}_2$	3.652×10^{-4}	0.515	0.044	Graedel and Weschler (1981)

Photolysis reactions are parameterised with $j = l \times \cos^m \chi \times \exp\{-n \times \sec \chi\}$.

^aOP1 = methyl hydrogen peroxide

S3.2 Phase transfer

Table S10 Henry's Law constants

	Species	$K_H(298\text{ K}) / \text{M atm}^{-1}$	$\Delta H/R / \text{K}$	Reference/comment
H1 \otimes	Cl ₂	9.15×10^{-2}	-2490	Wilhelm et al. (1977)
H2 \oplus	Cl	0.2		Mozurkewich (1995)
H3 \ominus	ClO	660	-5862	estimated ($K_{H, \text{H3}} \approx K_{H, \text{H6}}$), correction of Halogen Module 1.0
H4 \oplus	ClO ₂	1.0	3300	Lide et al. (1995)
H5 \otimes	HCl	1.1	-2020	Marsh and McElroy (1985)
H6 \ominus	HOCl	660	-5862	Huthwelker et al. (1995), correction of Halogen Module 1.0
H7	ClNO	5.0×10^{-2}		upper limit, Scheer et al. (1997)
H8 \otimes	ClNO ₂	4.6×10^{-2}		upper limit, Frenzel et al. (1998)
H9	ClNO ₃	2.1×10^5	-8700	estimated same as nitric acid
H10	CH ₂ ClCO ₃	669	-5893	estimated same as acetylperoxyl radical
H11	CH ₂ ClCOOH	5.5×10^3	-5890	estimated same as acetic acid
H12	CH ₃ COCClO	1.4	-7541	estimated same as methylglyoxal
H13	COCl ₂	7.0×10^{-2}		Law et al. (2007)
H14	CHOC1	3.0×10^3	-7216	estimated same as formaldehyde
H15 \otimes	Br ₂	0.76	-4100	Law et al. (2007)
H16 \oplus	Br	1.2		Mozurkewich (1995)
H17 \oplus	BrO	93	-5862	estimated ($K_{H, \text{H17}} \approx K_{H, \text{H19}}$)
H18 \ominus	HBr	1.3	-10239	Brimblecombe and Clegg (1989)
H19 \ominus	HOBr	93	-5862	von Glasow et al. (2002a), temperature dependency estimated same as H6
H20 \otimes	BrNO ₂	0.3		Frenzel et al. (1998)
H21	BrNO ₃	2.1×10^5	-8700	estimated same as nitric acid
H22 \ominus	BrCl	0.94	-5600	Bartlett and Margerum (1999)
H23	CH ₂ BrCO ₃	669	-5893	estimated same as acetylperoxyl radical
H24	CH ₂ BrCOOH	5.5×10^3	-5890	estimated same as acetic acid

Table S10 (continued) Henry's Law constants

	Species	$K_H(298\text{ K}) / \text{M atm}^{-1}$	$\Delta H/R / \text{K}$	Reference/comment
H25	CH ₃ COCBrO	1.4	-7541	estimated same as methylglyoxal
H26	COBr ₂	7.0×10^{-2}		estimated ($K_H, \text{H26} \approx K_H, \text{H13}$)
H27	CHOBr	3.0×10^3	-7216	estimated same as formaldehyde
H28	I ₂	3.0	-4431	Palmer et al. (1985)
H29	I	8.0×10^{-2}		Mozurkewich (1986)
H30	IO	450	-5862	von Glasow et al. (2002a), estimated ($K_H, \text{H30} \approx K_H, \text{H6}$)
H31	OIO	2.1×10^5	-8700	estimated same as nitric acid
H32	I ₂ O ₂	2.1×10^5	-8700	estimated same as nitric acid
H33	HI	2.5	-9800	Brimblecombe and Clegg (1989)
H34	HOI	450	-5862	von Glasow et al. (2002a), estimated ($K_H, \text{H34} \approx K_H, \text{H6}$)
H35	HIO ₃	2.1×10^5	-8700	estimated same as nitric acid
H36	INO ₂	2.1×10^5	-8700	estimated same as nitric acid
H37	INO ₃	2.1×10^5	-8700	estimated same as nitric acid
H38	ICl	110	-5600	von Glasow et al. (2002a), temperature dependency estimated same as bromine chloride
H39	IBr	24	-5600	von Glasow et al. (2002a), temperature dependency estimated same as bromine chloride
H40	CH ₂ ICO ₃	669	-5893	estimated same as acetylperoxyl radical
H41	CH ₂ ICOOH	5.5×10^3	-5890	estimated same as acetic acid
H42	COI ₂	7.0×10^{-2}		estimated ($K_H, \text{H42} \approx K_H, \text{H13}$)
H43	CHOI	3.0×10^3	-7216	estimated same as formaldehyde

⊗already implemented in CAPRAM; ⊕already implemented in the Halogen Module 1.0; ⊖update of the Halogen Module 1.0

Table S11 Mass accommodation coefficients and gas phase diffusion coefficients

	Species	α	Reference	D_g^a	Reference	Comment
H1	Cl ₂	0.08		1.28	Schwartz (1986)	α estimated

Table S11 (continued) Mass accommodation coefficients and gas phase diffusion coefficients

	Species	α	Reference	D_g^a	Reference	Comment
H2 \ominus	Cl	0.05		1.82	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as OH, ^b
H3 \ominus	ClO	0.064		1.55	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^b
H4 \ominus	ClO ₂	0.05		1.39	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as OH, ^b
H5 \ominus	HCl	0.1026	Schweitzer et al. (2000)	1.89	Marsh and McElroy (1985)	
H6 \ominus	HOCl	0.5	Abbatt and Waschewsky (1998)	1.51	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as H19, ^b
H7	CINO	0.01		1.39	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as H8, ^c
H8 \ominus	CINO ₂	0.01	Schweitzer et al. (1998)	1.27	Fuller (1986)	^b
H9	CINO ₃	0.1	Schweitzer et al. (1998)	1.18	Fuller (1986)	^c
H10	CH ₂ ClCO ₃	0.019		0.94	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as acetylperoxyl radical, ^c
H11	CH ₂ ClCOOH	0.0322		0.97	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as acetic acid, ^c
H12	CH ₃ COCClO	0.03		0.88	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as methylglyoxal, ^c
H13	COCl ₂	0.02		1.02	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as formaldehyde, ^c
H14	CHOCl	0.02		1.23	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as formaldehyde, ^c
H15 \otimes	Br ₂	0.08		1.00	Schwartz (1986)	α estimated
H16 \ominus	Br	0.05		1.29	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as OH, ^{b, d}
H17 \ominus	BrO	0.06	Sander and Crutzen (1996)	1.19	Fuller (1986)	^{b, d}
H18 \ominus	HBr	0.0481	Schweitzer et al. (2000)	1.26	Fuller (1986)	^{b, d}
H19 \ominus	HOBr	0.5	Abbatt and Waschewsky (1998)	1.16	Fuller (1986)	^{b, d}
H20 \ominus	BrNO ₂	0.01	Schweitzer et al. (1998)	1.06	Fuller (1986)	^{b, d}
H21	BrNO ₃	0.8	Hanson et al. (1996)	1.01	Fuller (1986)	^{b, d}
H22 \ominus	BrCl	0.33	(Katrib et al.)	1.05	Fuller (1986)	^{b, d}
H23	CH ₂ BrCO ₃	0.019		0.84	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as acetylperoxyl radical, ^{c, d}
H24	CH ₂ BrCOOH	0.0322		0.84	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as acetic acid, ^c
H25	CH ₃ COCBro	0.03		0.79	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as methylglyoxal, ^{c, d}
H26	COBr ₂	0.02		0.81	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as formaldehyde, ^{c, d}
H27	CHOBro	0.02		1.02	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as formaldehyde, ^{c, d}
H28	I ₂	0.0126	Pechtl et al. (2005)	0.86	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, e}

Table S11 (continued) Mass accommodation coefficients and gas phase diffusion coefficients

	Species	α	Reference	D_g^a	Reference	Comment
H29	I	0.05		1.16	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as OH, ^{c, f}
H30	IO	0.558	Pechtl et al. (2005)	1.10	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H31	OIO	1.00	Pechtl et al. (2005)	1.04	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H32	I ₂ O ₂	0.123	Pechtl et al. (2005)	0.80	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H33	HI	0.057	Schweitzer et al. (2000)	1.14	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H34	HOI	0.5	Pechtl et al. (2005)	1.08	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H35	HIO ₃	0.0126	Pechtl et al. (2005)	0.98	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H36	INO ₂	0.123	Pechtl et al. (2005)	0.99	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H37	INO ₃	0.123	Pechtl et al. (2005)	0.96	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H38	ICl	0.0126	Pechtl et al. (2005)	0.98	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H39	IBr	0.0126	Pechtl et al. (2005)	0.88	Fuller (1986)	α estimated, ^{c, f}
H40	CH ₂ ICO ₃	0.019		0.80	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as acetylperoxyl radical, ^{c, f}
H41	CH ₂ ICOOH	0.0322		0.82	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as acetic acid, ^c
H42	COI ₂	0.02		0.76	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as formaldehyde, ^{b, d}
H43	CHOI	0.02		0.96	Fuller (1986)	α estimated same as formaldehyde, ^{b, d}

⊗already implemented in CAPRAM; ⊙update of CAPRAM; ⊕already implemented in the Halogen Module 1.0; ⊖update of the Halogen Module 1.0
^ain $10^5 \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$ at 288 K; ^bcorrection of D_g in the Halogen Module 1.0; ^c D_g calculated with the FSG method (Fuller, 1986); ^d v_{Br} estimated with 34.8; ^e v_{I_2} estimated with 77.3; ^f v_I estimated with 40

S3.3 Gas phase chemistry

Table S12 Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G1 [⊖]	$\text{Cl} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{O}_2$	1.21×10^{-11}	250		Atk07
G2	$\text{Cl} + \text{H}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{HO}_2$	1.68×10^{-14}	2310		Atk07
G3	$\text{Cl} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{HCl} + \text{O}_2$	3.40×10^{-11}			Atk07

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G4	$\text{Cl} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{OH}$	9.30×10^{-12}	570		Atk07
G5	$\text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{HCl} + \text{HO}_2$	4.10×10^{-13}	980		Atk07
G6	$\text{Cl}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{HOCl} + \text{Cl}$	6.42×10^{-14}	1200		Atk07
P _g 1 [⊖]	$\text{Cl}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2 \text{Cl}$	(2.99×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0^{\text{Cal/Pit66}}$; see Tab. S14	Dem97
G7 [⊖]	$\text{ClO} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{ClO}_2 + \text{O}_2$	1.13×10^{-17}	3600	upper limit	Atk07
G8	$\text{ClO} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{OCIO} + \text{O}_2$	1.48×10^{-18}	4000	upper limit	Atk07
G9	$\text{ClO} + \text{OH} \rightarrow$ $0.94 \text{HO}_2 + 0.94 \text{Cl} + 0.06 \text{HCl} + 0.06 \text{O}_2$	2.00×10^{-11}	-300		Atk07
G10 [⊖]	$\text{ClO} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{HOCl} + \text{O}_2$	6.89×10^{-12}	-340		Atk07
G11	$\text{ClO} + \text{ClO} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 + \text{O}_2$	4.82×10^{-15}	1590		Atk07
G12	$\text{ClO} + \text{ClO} \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{ClO}_2$	8.06×10^{-15}	2450		Atk07
G13	$\text{ClO} + \text{ClO} \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{OCIO}$	3.53×10^{-15}	1370		Atk07
G14	$\text{ClO} + \text{ClO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$	1.52×10^{-15}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13	San06
P _g 2	$\text{ClO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{O}$	(2.64×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San06
G15	$\text{Cl} + \text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClO}_2$	5.17×10^{-14}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13	San06
G16 [⊖]	$\text{ClO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{Cl} + \text{O}_2$	6.23×10^{-13}	1820		Atk07
G17	$\text{Cl} + \text{ClO}_2 \rightarrow 0.95 \text{Cl}_2 + 0.95 \text{O}_2 + 0.1 \text{ClO}$	2.42×10^{-10}			San06
G18	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} 2 \text{ClO}$	2.87×10^{-3}		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13	Atk07
G19	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{ClO}_2 + \text{O}_2$	1.00×10^{-19}		upper limit	Atk07
G20	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 + \text{ClO}_2$	9.45×10^{-11}	-65		Atk07
P _g 4	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{ClO}_2$	(1.83×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San03
G21	$\text{OCIO} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{HOCl} + \text{O}_2$	1.05×10^{-11}	-600		Atk07
G22	$\text{Cl} + \text{OCIO} \rightarrow 2 \text{ClO}$	5.66×10^{-11}	-170		Atk07
G23	$\text{ClO} + \text{OCIO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3$	1.08×10^{-19}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13	Atk07
P _g 3	$\text{OCIO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{ClO} + \text{O}$	(0.10)		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San06
G24	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClO} + \text{OCIO}$	6.17×10^{-2}		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13	Atk07

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
P _g 5	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{ClO} + \text{OCIO}$	(9.80×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; further products omitted; see Tab. S14	Atk07
G25 [⊖]	$\text{HCl} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	7.86×10^{-13}	230		Atk07
G26	$\text{HOCl} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	5.60×10^{-13}	500	E_A/R estimated	San06
G27	$\text{HOCl} + \text{Cl} \rightarrow$ $0.76 \text{HCl} + 0.76 \text{ClO} + 0.24 \text{Cl}_2 + 0.24 \text{OH}$	1.62×10^{-12}	130	branching ratios from Vogt and Schindler (1993)	San06
P _g 6 [⊖]	$\text{HOCl} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{OH}$	(3.63×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk07
G28	$\text{ClO} + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2$	1.67×10^{-11}	-295		Atk07
G29	$\text{OCIO} + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2$	3.56×10^{-13}	-350		Atk07
G30	$\text{Cl} + \text{NO}_3 \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2$	2.40×10^{-11}			Atk07
G31	$\text{ClO} + \text{NO}_3 \rightarrow 0.68 \text{ClO}_2 + 0.32 \text{OCIO} + \text{NO}_2$	4.61×10^{-13}			Kuk94
G32	$\text{Cl} + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClNO}$	1.92×10^{-12}		TYP: SPEC2; see Tab. S13	San06
G33	$\text{Cl} + \text{ClNO} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 + \text{NO}$	8.11×10^{-11}	-100		San06
P _g 7	$\text{ClNO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{NO}$	(5.48×10^{-4})		see Tab. S14	Atk07
G34	$\text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClNO}_2$	5.80×10^{-14}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13	San06
G35	$\text{ClNO}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{HOCl} + \text{NO}_2$	3.62×10^{-14}	1250		Atk07
P _g 8 [⊖]	$\text{ClNO}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2$	(4.81×10^{-4})		see Tab. S14	Atk07
G36	$\text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClNO}_3$	1.85×10^{-19}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	Atk07
G37	$\text{ClNO}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2$	1.47×10^{-3}	11438	TYP: SPEC4	And/Fah90
G38	$\text{ClNO}_3 + \text{OH} \rightarrow$ $0.5 \text{ClO} + 0.5 \text{HNO}_3 + 0.5 \text{HOCl} + 0.5 \text{NO}_3$	3.97×10^{-13}	330	branching ratios from Pechtl et al. (2005)	Atk07
G39	$\text{ClNO}_3 + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 + \text{NO}_3$	1.01×10^{-11}	-145		Atk07
P _g 9	$\text{ClNO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_3$	(5.16×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 0.6 - 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Dem97
P _g 10	$\text{ClNO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2$	(1.09×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 0.4 - 0.0$; see Tab. S14	Dem97
G40 [⊖]	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_4 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{MO}_2$	1.03×10^{-13}	1240	<i>g, A</i>	Atk06
G41	$\text{Cl} + \text{OP1} \rightarrow \text{HCl} + \text{MO}_2$	5.70×10^{-11}		<i>A, B</i>	San06

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G42	$\text{Cl} + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.5 \text{HCHO} + 0.5 \text{ClO} + 0.5 \text{HO}_2 - 0.5 \text{O}_2 + 0.5 \text{HCl} + 0.5 \text{ORA1}$	1.60×10^{-10}		branching ratios as in Pechtl et al. (2005) with revised products for H-abstraction, <i>A, C</i>	<i>San06</i>
G43	$\text{ClO} + \text{MO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{ClO}_2 + \text{HCHO} + \text{HO}_2$	1.63×10^{-12}	238	further products omitted, <i>h, A</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G44	$\text{Cl} + \text{ETH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{ETHP}$	5.93×10^{-11}	100	<i>g, D, E</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G45	$\text{Cl} + \text{HC3} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{HC3P}$	1.47×10^{-10}	-13	estimated, <i>F, G</i>	
G46	$\text{Cl} + \text{HC5} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{HC5P}$	2.14×10^{-10}		estimated, <i>H, I</i>	
G47	$\text{Cl} + \text{HC8} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{HC8P}$	4.38×10^{-10}		estimated, <i>J, K</i>	
G48	$\text{Cl} + \text{TOL} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{TOLP}$	5.15×10^{-11}		estimated, <i>L, M</i>	
G49	$\text{Cl} + \text{HCHO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	7.23×10^{-11}	34	<i>h</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G50	$\text{ClO} + \text{HCHO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HOCl} + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	8.70×10^{-16}	2100	upper limit	<i>San06</i>
G51	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{ACO}_3$	8.00×10^{-11}		<i>N</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G52	$\text{Cl} + \text{ALD} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{ACO}_3$	8.00×10^{-11}		estimated ($k_{\text{G52}} \approx k_{\text{G51}}$), <i>N, O</i>	
G53	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{KETP}$	2.08×10^{-11}	815		<i>Atk06</i>
G54	$\text{Cl} + \text{KET} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{KETP}$	2.08×10^{-11}	815	estimated ($k_{\text{G54}} \approx k_{\text{G53}}$), <i>P, Q</i>	
G55	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{CH}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{KETP}$	3.60×10^{-11}		<i>Q</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G56	$\text{Cl} + \text{HKET} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{HO}_2 + \text{MGLY}$	5.70×10^{-11}		<i>R, S</i>	<i>Orl99</i>
G57	$\text{Cl} + \text{MGLY} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{ACO}_3$	4.80×10^{-11}		<i>N, S</i>	<i>Gre90</i>
G58	$\text{Cl} + \text{GLY} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + 2 \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	3.80×10^{-11}		<i>T</i>	<i>Nik85</i>
G59	$\text{Cl} + \text{CHOCH}_2\text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HCl} + \text{ACO}_3$	7.00×10^{-11}		<i>N</i>	<i>Nik87</i>
G60	$\text{Cl} + \text{ETI} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2, \text{M}} 0.26 \text{CHOC1} + 0.21 \text{Cl} + 0.53 \text{HCl} + 0.21 \text{GLY} + 1.32 \text{CO} + 0.79 \text{HO}_2$	4.60×10^{-11}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13 ; <i>d, T U</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G61	$\text{Cl} + \text{ETE} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2, \text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O}_2$	8.46×10^{-11}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13 ; <i>g, V</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G62	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.2 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{OH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCHO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>A</i>	<i>MCM</i>

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G63	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow$ $1.28 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O} + 0.36 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{OH} +$ $0.36 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCHO} + \text{O}_2$	3.29×10^{-12}	-1300	branching ratio at 298 K	<i>Atk08</i>
G64	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O} + \text{NO}_2$	9.70×10^{-12}			<i>Atk08</i>
G65	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClCHO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	4.60×10^{-12}			<i>MCM</i>
G66	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ClCHO} + \text{HO}_2$	9.48×10^{-15}	550		<i>MCM</i>
G67	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCHO} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.10×10^{-12}		<i>g</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
P _g 13	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCHO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, 2\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	(3.26×10^{-5})		see Tab. S14	<i>MCM</i>
G68	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 0.71 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3\text{H} +$ $0.71 \text{O}_2 + 0.29 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCOOH} + 0.29 \text{O}_3$	1.41×10^{-11}	-1040		<i>MCM</i>
G69	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.3 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCOOH} + \text{HCHO} + 0.7 \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 +$ $0.7 \text{CO}_2 + 0.7 \text{HO}_2 - 0.4 \text{O}_2$	1.00×10^{-11}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), ^A	<i>MCM</i>
G70	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{NO}_2$	2.00×10^{-11}	-270		<i>MCM</i>
G71	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{ClC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2$	1.11×10^{-11}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	<i>MCM</i>
G72	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	3.48×10^{-4}		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13	<i>MCM</i>
G73	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow$ $\text{O}_2\text{CHClC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	6.26×10^{-13}		<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G74	$\text{O}_2\text{CHClC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow$ $\text{CHOCl} + \text{CO} + \text{O}_2 + 2\text{NO}_2$	1.36×10^{-11}	-360	estimated	
G75	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.29×10^{-12}			<i>MCM</i>
P _g 14	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3\text{H} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{OH}$	(5.79×10^{-6})		see Tab. S14	<i>MCM</i>
G76	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCOOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.59×10^{-12}	-190		<i>MCM</i>
G77	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_6 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2, \text{M}} \text{CH}_3\text{CHO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}$	2.52×10^{-10}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13	<i>Atk06</i>

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G78	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_2\text{Cl} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} +$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Cl} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 +$ $0.6 \text{CH}_3\text{CHOCH}_2\text{Cl} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	4.00×10^{-14}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>c, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G79	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{NO} \rightarrow$ $\text{CH}_3\text{CHOCH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2$	9.04×10^{-12}	-360	further products omitted, <i>c</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G80	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	5.09×10^{-12}	-200	products as in MCM, <i>c</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G81	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHOCH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{HO}_2$	6.93×10^{-15}	230	<i>c</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G82	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Cl} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCHClO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.05×10^{-13}	1320	<i>c, g</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
P _g 11	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Cl} \xrightarrow{h\nu} 0.7 \text{COCl} + 0.7 \text{ACO}_3 +$ $0.3 \text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + 0.3 \text{MO}_2 - 1.3 \text{O}_2$	(3.83×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	<i>San06</i>
G83	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCHClO}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{COCHClOH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} +$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{COCClO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} - 0.2 \text{O}_2 +$ $0.6 \text{ACO}_3 + 0.6 \text{CHOCl} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>c, A, N</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G84	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCHClO}_2 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{ACO}_3 + \text{CHOCl} + \text{NO}_2$	8.00×10^{-12}		<i>c, N</i>	<i>Atk06</i>
G85	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCHClOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCClO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	3.00×10^{-12}		<i>c</i>	<i>MCM</i>
P _g 12	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCClO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{COCl} + \text{ACO}_3$	(2.78×10^{-5})		estimated same as methylglyoxal; see Tab. S14	<i>MCM</i>
G86	$\text{C}_2\text{Cl}_4 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CCl}_2\text{OHCCl}_2\text{O}_2$	1.60×10^{-13}	920	<i>g</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G87	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.3 \text{CCl}_2\text{OHCCl}_2\text{OH} + \text{HCHO} + 1.4 \text{COCl}_2 +$ $1.4 \text{HO}_2 - 0.4 \text{O}_2$	9.20×10^{-14}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>d, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G88	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $2 \text{COCl}_2 + \text{HO}_2 + \text{NO}_2$	1.87×10^{-11}	-360		<i>MCM</i>

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G89	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCCl}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $2 \text{COCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	7.18×10^{-14}		<i>d</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G90	$\text{C}_2\text{HCl}_3 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $0.5 \text{CHClOHCCl}_2\text{O}_2 + 0.5 \text{CCl}_2\text{OHCHClO}_2$	2.0×10^{-12}	-565	branching ratios as in MCM, <i>g</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G91	$\text{CHClOHCCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.3 \text{CCl}_2\text{OHCHClOH} + \text{HCHO} + 0.7 \text{COCl}_2 +$ $0.7 \text{CHOCl} + 1.4 \text{HO}_2 - 0.4 \text{O}_2$	9.20×10^{-14}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>d, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G92	$\text{CHClOHCCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{COCl}_2 + \text{CHOCl} + \text{NO}_2 + \text{HO}_2$	1.87×10^{-11}	-360	<i>d</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G93	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCHClO}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CCl}_2\text{OHCHClOH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} +$ $0.2 \text{CCl}_2\text{OHCClO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} - 0.2 \text{O}_2 +$ $0.6 \text{COCl}_2 + 0.6 \text{CHOCl} + 1.2 \text{HO}_2$	8.80×10^{-13}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>d, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G94	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCHClO}_2 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{COCl}_2 + \text{CHOCl} + \text{NO}_2 + \text{HO}_2$	1.87×10^{-11}	-360	<i>d</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G95	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCHClOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCClO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	2.85×10^{-13}			<i>MCM</i>
G96	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCClO} + \text{OH} \rightarrow$ $\text{COCl}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.59×10^{-14}			<i>MCM</i>
P _g 15	$\text{CCl}_2\text{OHCClO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2}$ $\text{COCl}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{Cl} + \text{HO}_2$	(1.99×10^{-5})		see Tab. S14	<i>MCM</i>
G97	$\text{CH}_3\text{CCl}_3 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	9.56×10^{-15}	1440	<i>g</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G98	$\text{CH}_3\text{CCl}_3 + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{HCl}$	6.89×10^{-15}	1790	<i>g</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G99	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{CCl}_3\text{CHO} +$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$); <i>A</i>	<i>MCM</i>

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G100	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O} + \text{NO}_2$	1.36×10^{-11}	-360		MCM
G101	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CCl}_3\text{CHO} + \text{HO}_2$	9.48×10^{-15}	550		MCM
G102	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CH}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CCl}_3\text{CHO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	2.56×10^{-12}			MCM
G103	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CHO} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CCl}_3\text{CO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	8.04×10^{-13}	240		Atk08
P _g 16	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CHO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, 3/2\text{O}_2} \text{Cl} + \text{COCl}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	(1.06×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk08
G104	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CO}_3 + \text{MO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{HCHO} + \text{HO}_2 + \text{O}_2$	1.00×10^{-11}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$); ^A	MCM
G105	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CO}_3 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{NO}_2$	2.00×10^{-11}	-270	<i>g</i>	MCM
G106	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{C(O)OONO}_2$	1.11×10^{-11}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	MCM
G107	$\text{CCl}_3\text{C(O)OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{CO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	3.48×10^{-4}		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13	MCM
G108	$\text{CHCl}_3 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.04×10^{-13}	850	<i>g</i>	Atk08
G109	$\text{CHCl}_3 + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{HCl}$	1.10×10^{-13}	920	<i>g</i>	Atk08
G110	$\text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{COCl}_2 + \text{HOCl} + \text{O}_2$	5.09×10^{-12}	-710		Atk08
G111	$\text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.3\text{CCl}_3\text{OH} + \text{HCHO} +$ $0.3\text{O}_2 + 0.7\text{CCl}_3\text{O} + 0.7\text{HO}_2$	6.60×10^{-12}		branching ratios from MCM, ^A	IUPAC
G112	$\text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CCl}_3\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	3.95×10^{-12}	-740		Atk08
G113	$\text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{COCl}_2 + \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2$	1.81×10^{-11}	-270		San06
G114	$\text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{OONO}_2$	1.41×10^{-12}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	Atk08
G115	$\text{CCl}_3\text{OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{NO}_2$	0.26		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13	Atk08
G116	$\text{CCl}_3\text{OH} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CCl}_3\text{O} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.60×10^{-14}			MCM
G117	$\text{CCl}_3\text{O} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{COCl}_2 + \text{Cl}$	7.91×10^6	4600	TYP: SPEC4	Atk08
G118	$\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.00×10^{-13}	860	<i>g</i>	Atk08
G119	$\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2 + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{HCl}$	3.40×10^{-13}	850	<i>g</i>	Atk08

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G120	$\text{CHCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 0.3 \text{CHOC}l + 0.3 \text{HO}Cl + 0.7 \text{COCl}_2 + 0.7 \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	5.87×10^{-12}	-700		Atk08
G121	$\text{CHCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.2 \text{COCl}_2 + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.2 \text{CHCl}_2\text{OH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{HO}_2 + 0.6 \text{CHOC}l + 0.6 \text{Cl}$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), ^{d, A}	MCM
G122	$\text{CHCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{CHCl}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{CHOC}l + 2 \text{Cl} + \text{O}_2$	7.00×10^{-12}			Atk08
G123	$\text{CHCl}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CHOC}l + \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2$	1.87×10^{-11}	-360	^d	MCM
G124	$\text{CHCl}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{COCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	9.34×10^{-13}			MCM
G125	$\text{COCl}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{COCl} + \text{HOCl}$	5.00×10^{-15}		upper limit	Atk08
G126	$\text{CH}_3\text{Cl} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.62×10^{-14}	1210		Atk08
G127	$\text{CH}_3\text{Cl} + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{HCl}$	4.85×10^{-13}	1150		Atk08
G128	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 0.3 \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2\text{H} + 0.7 \text{CHOC}l + 0.7 \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	5.01×10^{-12}	-820		Atk08
G129	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.2 \text{CH}_2\text{ClOH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{CHOC}l + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CH}_2\text{ClO} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.50×10^{-12}		branching ratios from corresponding RO_2 reaction in MCM, ^A	IUPAC
G130	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{CH}_2\text{ClO} + \text{O}_2$	3.52×10^{-12}	-870		Atk08
G131	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2$	1.92×10^{-11}	-300		San06
G132	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.59×10^{-12}	-190		MCM
G133	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CHOC}l + \text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.14×10^{-12}			MCM
P _g 17	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2\text{H} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{CH}_2\text{ClO} + \text{OH}$	(5.79×10^{-6})		see Tab. S14	MCM
G134	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHOC}l + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	1.08×10^{-12}			MCM
G135	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClO} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CHOC}l + \text{HO}_2$	9.48×10^{-15}	550		MCM
G136	$\text{CHOC}l + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{COCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	5.00×10^{-13}		upper limit	Atk08
G137	$\text{CHOC}l + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{HCl} + \text{COCl}$	7.48×10^{-13}	710		Atk08

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
P _g 18	CHOC1 $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ Cl + CO + HO ₂	(2.71×10^{-7})		$\Phi = 1.0^{Fan/Liu01}$; see Tab. S14	Atk08
G138	COCl \xrightarrow{M} CO + Cl	4.98×10^5	2960	TYP: SPEC4	Atk07
G139	CO + Cl \xrightarrow{M} COCl	3.33×10^{-14}		TYP: SPEC2; see Tab. S13	Atk07
G140 \oplus	Br + O ₃ \rightarrow BrO + O ₂	1.16×10^{-12}	800	better reference	Atk07
G141 \ominus	Br + HO ₂ \rightarrow HBr + O ₂	1.70×10^{-12}	450		Atk07
G142	Br + H ₂ O ₂ \rightarrow HBr + HO ₂	4.25×10^{-16}	3000		San06
G143	Br ₂ + OH \rightarrow HOBr + Br	4.48×10^{-11}	-240		Atk07
P _g 19 \ominus	Br ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ 2 Br	(3.86×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 1.0^{Fan/Liu01}$; see Tab. S14	See/Bri64
G144 \ominus	BrO + O ₃ \rightarrow 0.9 Br + 0.1 OBrO + 1.9 O ₂	2.17×10^{-17}	3200	products from Atkinson et al. (2007); upper limit	San06
G145	BrO + OH \rightarrow Br + HO ₂	4.16×10^{-11}	-250		Atk07
G146 \ominus	BrO + HO ₂ \rightarrow HOBr + O ₂	2.41×10^{-11}	-500	further products omitted	Atk07
G147	BrO + BrO \rightarrow 1.7 Br + 0.15 Br ₂ + O ₂	3.24×10^{-12}	-210		Atk07
P _g 20	BrO $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ Br + O(³ P)	(4.86×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	San03
P _g 21	OBrO $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ BrO + O(³ P)	(0.56)		$\Phi = 1.0^{Fle05, i}$; see Tab. S14	San06
P _g 22 \ominus	HOBr $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ Br + OH	(2.80×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	San03
G148 \ominus	HBr + OH \rightarrow Br + H ₂ O	1.13×10^{-11}	-155		Atk07
G149	Br + NO ₂ \xrightarrow{M} BrNO ₂	1.43×10^{-12}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	Atk07
P _g 23 \ominus	BrNO ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ Br + NO ₂	(5.87×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk07
G150	Br + NO ₃ \rightarrow BrO + NO ₂	1.60×10^{-11}			Atk07
G151	BrO + NO \rightarrow Br + NO ₂	2.08×10^{-11}	-260		Atk07
G152	BrO + NO ₂ \xrightarrow{M} BrNO ₃	1.87×10^{-12}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	Atk07
G153	BrNO ₃ \rightarrow BrO + NO ₂	2.75×10^{-5}	12360		Orl/Tyn96
G154	BrNO ₃ + Br \rightarrow Br ₂ + NO ₃	4.9×10^{-11}			Orl/Tyn96
P _g 24	BrNO ₃ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ Br + NO ₃	(1.26×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 0.71$; see Tab. S14	San03
P _g 25	BrNO ₃ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ BrO + NO ₂	(5.13×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 0.29$; see Tab. S14	San03

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G155	$\text{HBr} + \text{NO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{HNO}_3$	1.0×10^{-16}		upper limit	Atk07
G156	$\text{Br} + \text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{BrCl} + \text{ClO}_2$	3.34×10^{-12}	170		Atk07
G157	$\text{Br} + \text{OCIO} \rightarrow \text{BrO} + \text{ClO}$	3.44×10^{-13}	1300		Atk07
G158	$\text{BrO} + \text{ClO} \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{OCIO}$	6.77×10^{-12}	-430		Atk07
G159	$\text{BrO} + \text{ClO} \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{ClO}_2$	6.07×10^{-12}	-220		Atk07
G160	$\text{BrO} + \text{ClO} \rightarrow \text{BrCl} + \text{O}_2$	1.03×10^{-12}	-170		Atk07
G161	$\text{Br}_2 + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{BrCl} + \text{Br}$	3.62×10^{-10}	-135		Bed98
G162	$\text{BrCl} + \text{Br} \rightarrow \text{Br}_2 + \text{Cl}$	3.32×10^{-15}			Bau81
G163	$\text{Br} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{BrCl} + \text{Cl}$	1.10×10^{-15}			Dol/Leo87
G164	$\text{BrCl} + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{Cl}_2$	1.45×10^{-11}			Cly/Cru72
P _g 26 [⊖]	$\text{BrCl} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Br} + \text{Cl}$	(1.32×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk07
G165	$\text{Br} + \text{OP1} \rightarrow \text{HBr} + \text{MO}_2$	1.18×10^{-14}	1610	<i>A, B</i>	Kon/Ben84
G166	$\text{BrO} + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.25 \text{BrO}_2 + 0.25 \text{HCHO} + 0.25 \text{HO}_2 - 0.25 \text{O}_2 + 0.75 \text{HOBr} + 0.75 \text{ORA1}$	6.01×10^{-12}	-800	<i>A, C</i>	IUPAC
G167 [⊕]	$\text{Br} + \text{HCHO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HBr} + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	1.16×10^{-12}	800	better reference	San06
G168	$\text{BrO} + \text{HCHO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HOBr} + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	1.50×10^{-14}			Han99
G169	$\text{Br} + \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HBr} + \text{ACO}_3$	3.84×10^{-12}	460	<i>N</i>	Atk06
G170	$\text{Br} + \text{ALD} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{HBr} + \text{ACO}_3$	3.84×10^{-12}	460	estimated ($k_{\text{G170}} \approx k_{\text{G169}}$), <i>N, O</i>	Atk06
G171	$\text{Br} + \text{ETI} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2, M} 0.17 \text{CHOBr} + 0.09 \text{Br} + 0.74 \text{HBr} + 0.09 \text{GLY} + 1.65 \text{CO} + 0.91 \text{HO}_2$	2.78×10^{-14}	-440	<i>d, TU</i>	Atk06
G172	$\text{Br} + \text{ETE} \xrightarrow{M, \text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O}_2$	2.25×10^{-13}	-277	fitted to Arrhenius expression, <i>g, U</i>	Atk06
G173	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.2 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{OH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCHO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>e A</i>	MCM
G174	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 1.14 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O} + 0.43 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{OH} + 0.43 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCHO} + \text{O}_2$	3.98×10^{-12}	-1250		Atk08

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G175	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O} + \text{NO}_2$	9.70×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	Atk08
G176	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{BrCHO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	4.60×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	MCM
G177	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCH}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{BrCHO} + \text{HO}_2$	9.48×10^{-15}	550	<i>e</i>	MCM
G178	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCHO} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.10×10^{-12}		<i>e, g</i>	Atk08
P _g 29	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCHO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, 2\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	(3.26×10^{-5})		estimated same as P _g 13, see Tab. S14	MCM
G179	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 0.71 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3\text{H} +$ $0.71 \text{O}_2 + 0.29 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCOOH} + 0.29 \text{O}_3$	1.41×10^{-11}	-1040	<i>e</i>	MCM
G180	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{MO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $0.3 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCOOH} + \text{HCHO} + 0.7 \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 +$ $0.7 \text{CO}_2 + 0.7 \text{HO}_2 - 0.4 \text{O}_2$	1.00×10^{-11}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>e A</i>	MCM
G181	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{NO}_2$	2.00×10^{-11}	-270	<i>e</i>	MCM
G182	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{BrC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2$	1.11×10^{-11}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13, <i>e</i>	MCM
G183	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	3.48×10^{-4}		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13, <i>e</i>	MCM
G184	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow$ $\text{O}_2\text{CHBrC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	6.26×10^{-13}		<i>e</i>	MCM
G185	$\text{O}_2\text{CHBrC}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 + \text{NO} \text{C}(\text{O})\text{OONO}_2 +$ $\text{NO} \text{CHOB}r + \text{CO} + \text{O}_2 + 2 \text{NO}_2$	1.36×10^{-11}	-360	estimated	
G186	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.29×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	MCM
P _g 30	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3\text{H} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{OH}$	(5.79×10^{-6})		estimated same as P _g 14, see Tab. S14	MCM
G187	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCOOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.59×10^{-12}	-190	<i>e</i>	MCM
G188	$\text{Br} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_6 \xrightarrow{\text{M}, \text{O}_2} \text{CH}_3\text{CHO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br}$	3.60×10^{-12}		<i>g</i>	Atk06

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G189	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br} + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_2\text{Br} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} +$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Br} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 +$ $0.6 \text{CH}_3\text{CHOCH}_2\text{Br} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	4.00×10^{-14}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), ^{c, A}	MCM
G190	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Br} + \text{NO} \rightarrow$ $\text{CH}_3\text{CHOCH}_2\text{Br} + \text{NO}_2$	9.04×10^{-12}	-360	further products omitted, ^c	Atk06
G191	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_2\text{Br} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Br} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	5.09×10^{-12}	-200	further products omitted, ^c	Atk06
G192	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHOCH}_2\text{Br} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Br} + \text{HO}_2$	6.93×10^{-15}	230	^c	Atk06
G193	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Br} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCHBrO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.05×10^{-13}	1320	^{c, g}	Atk06
P _g 27	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2\text{Br} \xrightarrow{h\nu} 0.7 \text{COBr} + 0.7 \text{ACO}_3 +$ $0.3 \text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + 0.3 \text{MO}_2 - 1.3 \text{O}_2$	(5.87×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San06
G194	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCHBrO}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{COCHBrOH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} +$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{COCBrO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} - 0.2 \text{O}_2 +$ $0.6 \text{ACO}_3 + 0.6 \text{CHOBr} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), ^{c, A, N}	MCM
G195	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCHBrO}_2 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{ACO}_3 + \text{CHOBr} + \text{NO}_2$	8.00×10^{-12}		^{c, N}	Atk06
G196	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCHBrOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCBrO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	3.00×10^{-12}		^c	MCM
P _g 28	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCBrO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{COBr} + \text{ACO}_3$	(2.78×10^{-5})		estimated same as methylglyoxal; see Tab. S14	MCM
G197	$\text{CHBr}_3 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.80×10^{-13}	600		San06
G198	$\text{CHBr}_3 + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{HCl}$	2.80×10^{-13}	850		San06
P _g 31	$\text{CHBr}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{Br} + \text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2$	(1.77×10^{-6})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	Dem97
G199	$\text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{COBr}_2 + \text{HOBr} + \text{O}_2$	5.09×10^{-12}	-710	^e	Atk08

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G200	$\text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.3 \text{CBr}_3\text{OH} + 0.3 \text{O}_2 + \text{HCHO} + 0.7 \text{CBr}_3\text{O} + 0.7 \text{HO}_2$	6.60×10^{-12}		branching ratios from MCM, ^{e, A}	MCM
G201	$\text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{CBr}_3\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	3.95×10^{-12}	-740	^e	Atk08
G202	$\text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{COBr}_2 + \text{Br} + \text{NO}_2$	1.81×10^{-11}	-270	^e	San06
G203	$\text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CBr}_3\text{OONO}_2$	1.41×10^{-12}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13; ^e	Atk08
G204	$\text{CBr}_3\text{OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CBr}_3\text{O}_2 + \text{NO}_2$	0.26		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13; ^e	Atk08
G205	$\text{CBr}_3\text{OH} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CBr}_3\text{O} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.60×10^{-14}		^e	MCM
G206	$\text{CBr}_3\text{O} \rightarrow \text{COBr}_2 + \text{Br}$	7.91×10^6	4600	^e	Atk08
G207	$\text{CH}_2\text{Br}_2 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.11×10^{-13}	775		Atk08
G208	$\text{CH}_2\text{Br}_2 + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{HCl}$	4.30×10^{-13}	800		San06
P _g 32	$\text{CH}_2\text{Br}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{Br} + \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2$	(8.22×10^{-10})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	Atk08
G209	$\text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 0.3 \text{CHOBr} + 0.3 \text{HOBr} + 0.7 \text{COBr}_2 + 0.7 \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	5.87×10^{-12}	-700	^e	Atk08
G210	$\text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.2 \text{CHBr}_2\text{OH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{COBr}_2 + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CHOBr} + 0.6 \text{Br} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), ^{d, e, A}	MCM
G211	$\text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{CHOBr} + 2 \text{Br} + \text{O}_2$	7.00×10^{-12}		^e	Atk08
G212	$\text{CHBr}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CHOBr} + \text{Br} + \text{NO}_2$	1.70×10^{-11}			Atk08
G213	$\text{CHBr}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{COBr}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	9.34×10^{-13}		^e	MCM
G214	$\text{COBr}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{COBr} + \text{HOBr}$	5.00×10^{-15}		upper limit, ^e	Atk08
P _g 33	$\text{COBr}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2 \text{Br} + \text{CO}$	(3.32×10^{-6})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; products estimated the same as in the phosgene reaction in MCM; see Tab. S14	San06
G215	$\text{CH}_3\text{Br} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.88×10^{-14}	1215		Atk08
G216	$\text{CH}_3\text{Br} + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{HCl}$	4.42×10^{-13}	1030		San06

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G217	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.85 \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2\text{H} + 0.15 \text{CHOBr} + 0.15 \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	6.70×10^{-12}			Atk08
G218	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CH}_2\text{BrOH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{CHOBr} +$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CH}_2\text{BrO} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), ^A	MCM
G219	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{CH}_2\text{BrO} + \text{O}_2$	1.05×10^{-12}		products from Atkinson et al. (2008b)	Vil/Les95
G220	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{BrO} + \text{NO}_2$	1.10×10^{-11}			Atk08
G221	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.59×10^{-12}	-190		MCM
G222	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CHOBr} + \text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	5.79×10^{-12}			MCM
P _g 34	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2\text{H} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{CH}_2\text{BrO} + \text{OH}$	5.79×10^{-6}		see Tab. S14	MCM
G223	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHOBr} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	1.06×10^{-12}			MCM
G224	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrO} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CHOBr} + \text{HO}_2$	9.48×10^{-15}	550		MCM
G225	$\text{CHOBr} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{CO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.16×10^{-12}			MCM
G226	$\text{CHOBr} + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{COBr} + \text{HCl}$	7.48×10^{-13}	710	^e	Atk08
P _g 35	$\text{CHOBr} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{Br} + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	(1.77×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San06
G227	$\text{COBr} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CO} + \text{Br}$	4.98×10^5	2960	TYP: SPEC4, ^e	Atk07
G228	$\text{CO} + \text{Br} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{COBr}$	3.33×10^{-14}		TYP: SPEC2; see Tab. S13, ^e	Atk07
G229	$\text{I} + \text{I} \rightarrow \text{I}_2$	2.99×10^{-11}			Hip73
G230	$\text{I} + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{IO} + \text{O}_2$	1.30×10^{-12}	830		Atk07
G231	$\text{I}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{I} + \text{HOI}$	2.10×10^{-10}			Atk07
P _g 36	$\text{I}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{I}$	(0.18)		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk07
G232	$\text{I} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{HI} + \text{O}_2$	3.87×10^{-13}	1090		Atk07
G233	$\text{IO} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{HOI} + \text{O}_2$	8.57×10^{-11}	-540		Atk07
G234	$\text{IO} + \text{IO} \rightarrow 0.38 \text{OIO} + 0.485 \text{I}_2\text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{I} +$ $0.135 \text{O}_2 + 0.025 \text{I}_2$	8.03×10^{-11}	-500	branching ratios from Sander and Kerkweg (2005)	San06
P _g 37	$\text{IO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	(2.07×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk07
G235	$\text{OIO} + \text{OH} \rightarrow 0.5 \text{HIO}_3 + 0.5 \text{HOI} + 0.5 \text{O}_2$	2.00×10^{-10}		assumed	Gla02a

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G236	$\text{OIO} + \text{OIO} \rightarrow \text{I}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{O}_2$	5.00×10^{-11}		assumed	Gla02b
P _g 38	$\text{OIO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{O}_2$	(3.37×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 0.15$; upper limit; see Tab. S14	San06
P _g 39	$\text{OIO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{IO} + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	(1.57×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 0.007$; upper limit; see Tab. S14	San06
G237	$\text{I}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{IO}$	20.0		assumed	Jim03
P _g 40	$\text{I}_2\text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{I} + \text{O}_2$	(1.83×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San03
G238	$\text{HI} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{I} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	7.00×10^{-11}	-440		Atk07
P _g 41	$\text{HI} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{I} + \text{HO}_2$	(1.58×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk07
P _g 42	$\text{HOI} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{I} + \text{OH}$	(1.16×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk07
G239	$\text{I} + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{INO}$	9.38×10^{-14}		TYP: TROE; see Tab. S13	Atk07
P _g 43	$\text{INO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{NO}$	(3.84×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San06
G240	$\text{I} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{INO}_2$	1.10×10^{-70}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	Atk07
P _g 44	$\text{INO}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{NO}_2$	(3.89×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 1.0^i$; see Tab. S14	San06
G241	$\text{I} + \text{NO}_3 \rightarrow \text{IO} + \text{NO}_2$	4.50×10^{-10}			Cha92
G242	$\text{I}_2 + \text{NO}_3 \rightarrow \text{I} + \text{INO}_3$	1.50×10^{-12}			Atk07
G243	$\text{IO} + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{I} + \text{NO}_2$	1.96×10^{-11}	-300		Atk07
G244	$\text{IO} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{INO}_3$	4.13×10^{-12}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13	Atk07
P _g 45	$\text{INO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{I} + \text{NO}_3$	(5.17×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 0.85$ (estimated same as BrNO ₃ in Sander et al. (2006)), see Tab. S14	San06
P _g 46	$\text{INO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{IO} + \text{NO}_2$	(9.11×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 0.15$ (estimated same as BrNO ₃ in Sander et al. (2006)), see Tab. S14	San06
G245	$\text{OIO} + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{IO} + \text{NO}_2$	6.78×10^{-12}	-542		Atk07
G246	$\text{HI} + \text{NO}_3 \rightarrow \text{I} + \text{HNO}_3$	2.80×10^{-15}	1830		Atk07
G247	$\text{INO} + \text{INO} \rightarrow \text{I}_2 + 2\text{NO}$	1.28×10^{-14}	2620		Atk07
G248	$\text{INO}_2 + \text{INO}_2 \rightarrow \text{I}_2 + 2\text{NO}_2$	1.73×10^{-15}	1670		Atk07
G249	$\text{INO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{I} + \text{NO}_2$	2.4		estimated; TYP: SPEC2	Gla02a
G250	$\text{INO}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{IO} + \text{NO}_2$	2.92×10^{-3}	12060	TYP: SPEC4	Atk07

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G251	$I_2 + Cl \rightarrow I + ICl$	2.10×10^{-10}			Bed96
G252	$I_2 + Br \rightarrow I + IBr$	1.20×10^{-10}			Bed97
G253	$I + BrO \rightarrow IO + Br$	1.20×10^{-11}			San06
G254	$IO + ClO \rightarrow$ $0.8I + 0.55 OClO + 0.25 Cl + 0.2 ICl + 0.45 O_2$	1.20×10^{-11}	-280		Atk07
G255	$IO + BrO \rightarrow 0.8 OIO + Br + 0.2 I + 0.2 O_2$	8.31×10^{-11}	-510		Atk07
P _g 47	$ICl \xrightarrow{h\nu} I + Cl$	(2.77×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14; excited atoms are treated like atoms in ground state	Atk07
P _g 48	$IBr \xrightarrow{h\nu} I + Br$	(8.21×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14; excited atoms are treated like atoms in ground state	Atk07
G256	$C_3H_7I + OH \xrightarrow{O_2} CH_3CIO_2CH_3 + H_2O$	1.60×10^{-12}		further products omitted, ^g	Cot03
P _g 49	$C_3H_7I \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + CH_3CHO_2CH_3$	(3.00×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14; excited atoms are treated like atoms in ground state	San06
G257	$CH_3CIO_2CH_3 + MO_2 \xrightarrow{O_2}$ $CH_3CIOCH_3 + HCHO + HO_2 + O_2$	2.40×10^{-14}		estimated ($RO_2 = MO_2$), ^{c, A}	MCM
G258	$CH_3CIO_2CH_3 + CH_3CIO_2CH_3 \rightarrow$ $2 CH_3CIOCH_3 + O_2$	5.57×10^{-16}	2200	^c	Atk06
G259	$CH_3CIO_2CH_3 + NO \rightarrow CH_3CIOCH_3 + NO_2$	9.04×10^{-12}	-360	^c	Atk06
G260	$CH_3CIOCH_3 \rightarrow CH_3COCH_3 + I$	10		estimated	
G261	$C_2H_5I + OH \xrightarrow{O_2}$ $0.13 CH_3CHIO_2 + 0.87 CH_2ICH_2O_2 + H_2O$	3.69×10^{-13}	800	products as in MCM, ^e	San06
P _g 50	$C_2H_5I \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + CH_3CH_2O_2$	(1.08×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14; excited atoms are treated like atoms in ground state	San06
G262	$CH_2ICH_2O_2 + MO_2 \xrightarrow{O_2}$ $0.2 CH_2ICH_2OH + 0.8 HCHO + 0.2 CH_2ICHO +$ $0.2 CH_3OH + 0.4 O_2 + 0.6 CH_2ICH_2O + 0.6 HO_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($RO_2 = MO_2$), ^{e, A}	MCM

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G263	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow$ $1.14 \text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{O} + 0.43 \text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{OH} +$ $0.43 \text{CH}_2\text{ICHO} + \text{O}_2$	3.98×10^{-12}	-1250	<i>f</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G264	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{O} + \text{NO}_2$	9.70×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G265	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ICHO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	4.60×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G266	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICH}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ICHO} + \text{HO}_2$	9.48×10^{-15}	550	<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G267	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICHO} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.10×10^{-12}		<i>e, g</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
P _g 51	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICHO} \xrightarrow{h\nu, 2\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	(3.26×10^{-5})		estimated same as P _g 13, see Tab. S14	<i>MCM</i>
G268	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 0.71 \text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3\text{H} +$ $0.71 \text{O}_2 + 0.29 \text{CH}_2\text{ICOOH} + 0.29 \text{O}_3$	1.41×10^{-11}	-1040	<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G269	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{MO}_2 \xrightarrow{2\text{O}_2}$ $0.3 \text{CH}_2\text{ICOOH} + \text{HCHO} - 0.4 \text{O}_2 +$ $0.7 \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + 0.7 \text{CO}_2 + 0.7 \text{HO}_2$	1.00×10^{-11}		estimated (RO ₂ = MO ₂), <i>e, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G270	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{NO}_2$	2.00×10^{-11}	-270	<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G271	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{IC(O)OONO}_2$	1.11×10^{-11}		TYP: TROEF; see Tab. S13, <i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G272	$\text{CH}_2\text{IC(O)OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	3.48×10^{-4}		TYP: TROEXP; see Tab. S13, <i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G273	$\text{CH}_2\text{IC(O)OONO}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow$ $\text{O}_2\text{CHIC(O)OONO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	6.26×10^{-13}		<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G274	$\text{O}_2\text{CHIC(O)OONO}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow$ $\text{CHOI} + \text{CO} + \text{O}_2 + 2\text{NO}_2$	1.36×10^{-11}	-360	estimated	
G275	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.29×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
P _g 52	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3\text{H} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{OH}$	(5.79×10^{-6})		estimated (wie P _g 14), see Tab. S14	<i>MCM</i>
G276	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICOOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.59×10^{-12}	-190	<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G277	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHIO}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{CHIOH} +$ $0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{CIO} + 0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} +$ $0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} + 0.6 \text{I} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	8.80×10^{-13}		estimated (RO ₂ = MO ₂), <i>d, e, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G278	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHIO}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} + \text{I} + \text{NO}_2$	1.87×10^{-11}	-360	<i>d, e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G279	$\text{CH}_3\text{CHIOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ $\text{CH}_3\text{CIO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	2.77×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G280	$\text{CH}_3\text{CIO} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{ClOCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.88×10^{-14}		<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G281	$\text{ClOCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{I} + \text{CO} + 2\text{HCHO} + \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		<i>d, e, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G282	$\text{ClOCH}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow$ $\text{I} + \text{CO} + \text{HCHO} + \text{NO}_2$	1.36×10^{-11}	-360	<i>d, e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G283	$\text{CH}_2\text{I}_2 + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHI}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.75×10^{-14}	929	estimated	
G284	$\text{CH}_2\text{I}_2 + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHI}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{HCl}$	4.70×10^{-13}	1135	estimated	
P _g 53	$\text{CH}_2\text{I}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{I} + \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2$	(1.13×10^{-2})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14; exited atoms are treated like atoms in ground state	<i>San06</i>
G285	$\text{CHI}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.3\text{CHOI} + 0.3\text{HOI} + 0.7\text{COI}_2 + 0.7\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	5.87×10^{-12}	-700	<i>e</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G286	$\text{CHI}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow 0.2\text{CHI}_2\text{OH} +$ $0.8\text{HCHO} + 0.2\text{COI}_2 + 0.2\text{CH}_3\text{OH} +$ $0.4\text{O}_2 + 0.6\text{CHOI} + 0.6\text{I} + 0.6\text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		estimated ($\text{RO}_2 = \text{MO}_2$), <i>e, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G287	$\text{CHI}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{CHI}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{CHOI} + 2\text{I} + \text{O}_2$	7.00×10^{-12}		<i>e</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G288	$\text{CHI}_2\text{O}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CHOI} + \text{I} + \text{NO}_2$	1.70×10^{-11}		<i>h</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G289	$\text{CHI}_2\text{OH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{COI}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	9.34×10^{-13}		<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G290	$\text{COI}_2 + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{COI} + \text{HOI}$	5.00×10^{-15}		upper limit, <i>e</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G291	$\text{CH}_3\text{I} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.00×10^{-13}	1120		<i>Atk08</i>
G292	$\text{CH}_3\text{I} + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{HCl}$	1.01×10^{-12}	1000		<i>San06</i>
P _g 54	$\text{CH}_3\text{I} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{I} + \text{MO}_2$	(9.55×10^{-6})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14; exited atoms are treated like atoms in ground state, <i>A</i>	<i>San06</i>

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
G293	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.85 \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2\text{H} + 0.15 \text{CHOI} + 0.15 \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	6.70×10^{-12}		<i>f</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G294	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{MO}_2 \rightarrow$ $0.2 \text{CH}_2\text{IOH} + 0.8 \text{HCHO} + 0.2 \text{CHOI} +$ $0.2 \text{CH}_3\text{OH} + 0.4 \text{O}_2 + 0.6 \text{CH}_2\text{IO} + 0.6 \text{HO}_2$	2.00×10^{-12}		<i>e, A</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G295	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{CH}_2\text{IO} + \text{O}_2$	1.05×10^{-12}		<i>f</i>	<i>Vil/Les95, Atk08</i>
G296	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{NO} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{IO} + \text{NO}_2$	1.10×10^{-11}		<i>f</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
G297	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	3.59×10^{-12}	-190	<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G298	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2\text{H} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{CHOI} + \text{OH} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	5.79×10^{-12}		<i>f</i>	<i>MCM</i>
P _g 55	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO}_2\text{H} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{CH}_2\text{IO} + \text{OH}$	(5.79×10^{-6})		estimated same as P _g 17, see Tab. S14	<i>MCM</i>
G299	$\text{CH}_2\text{IOH} + \text{OH} \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2} \text{CHOI} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{HO}_2$	1.06×10^{-12}		<i>f</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G300	$\text{CH}_2\text{IO} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CHOI} + \text{HO}_2$	9.48×10^{-15}	550	<i>e</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G301	$\text{CHOI} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{I} + \text{CO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.16×10^{-12}		<i>f</i>	<i>MCM</i>
G302	$\text{CHOI} + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{COI} + \text{HCl}$	7.48×10^{-13}	710	<i>e</i>	<i>Atk08</i>
P _g 56	$\text{CHOI} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{I} + \text{CO} + \text{HO}_2$	(2.71×10^{-7})		estimated same as P _g 18, see Tab. S14	<i>Atk08</i>
G303	$\text{COI} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CO} + \text{I}$	4.98×10^5	2960	TYP: SPEC4, ^e	<i>Atk07</i>
G304	$\text{CO} + \text{I} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{COI}$	3.33×10^{-14}		TYP: SPEC2; see Tab. S13, ^e	<i>Atk07</i>
P _g 57	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICl} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{I} + \text{CH}_2\text{ClO}_2$	(2.04×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 1.0$ (estimated); see Tab. S14	<i>Atk08</i>

Table S12 (continued) Gas phase reactions

	Reaction	$k_{298} (j_{max})^a$	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
P _g 58	$\text{CH}_2\text{IBr} \xrightarrow{h\nu, \text{O}_2} \text{I} + \text{CH}_2\text{BrO}_2$	(6.87×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 1.0$; see Tab. S14	Atk08

[⊕]already implemented in the Halogen Module 1.0; [⊖]update of the Halogen Module 1.0

^ain $\text{cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (*slanted* values in parentheses represent j_{max} in s^{-1} for photolysis reactions); ^bin K; ^cestimated X = H (X = Cl, Br, I); ^dreactions combined; ^eestimated X = Cl (X = Br, I); ^festimated I = Br; ^gimmediate reaction with oxygen; ^himmediate hydrogen abstraction; ⁱestimated ^AMO₂ = methyl peroxy radical; ^BOP1 = methyl hydrogen peroxide; ^CORA1 = formic acid; ^DETH = ethane; ^EETHP = peroxy radical formed from ETH; ^FHC3 = alkanes, alcohols, esters, and alkynes with OH rate constant (298 K, 1 atm) less than $3.4 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$; ^GHC3P = peroxy radical formed from HC3; ^HHC5 = alkanes, alcohols, esters, and alkynes with OH rate constant (298 K, 1 atm) between $3.4 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ and $6.8 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$; ^IHC5P = peroxy radical formed from HC5; ^JHC8 = alkanes, alcohols, esters, and alkynes with OH rate constant (298 K, 1 atm) greater than $6.8 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$; ^KHC8P = peroxy radical formed from HC8; ^LTOL = Toluene and less reactive aromatics; ^MTOLP = peroxy radical formed from TOL; ^NACO₃ = acetylperoxy and higher saturated acylperoxy radicals; ^OALD = higher aldehydes; ^PKET = ketones; ^QKETP = peroxy radical formed from KET; ^RHKET = hydroxy ketone; ^SMGLY = methylglyoxal; ^TGLY = glyoxal; ^UETI = acetylene; ^VETE = ethylene
 Atk07 Atkinson et al. (2007); Dem97 DeMore et al. (1997); Cal/Pit66 Calvert and Pitts (1966); San06 Sander et al. (2006); San03 Sander et al. (2003); Kuk94 Kukui et al. (1994); And/Fah90 Mallard et al. (1998) mit Werten von Anderson and Fahey (1990); Atk06 Atkinson et al. (2006); Atk08 Atkinson et al. (2008b); Orl99 Orlando et al. (1999); Gre90 Green et al. (1990); Nik85 Niki et al. (1985); Nik87 Niki et al. (1987); MCM Pilling et al. (2008); IUPAC Atkinson et al. (2008a); See/Bri64 Seery and Britton (1964); Fan/Liu01 Fang and Liu (2001); Fle05 Fleischmann et al. (2005); Orl/Tyn96 Orlando and Tyndall (1996); Bed98 Bedjanian et al. (1998); Bau81 Baulch et al. (1981); Dol/Leo87 Dolson and Leone (1987); Cly/Cru72 Clyne and Cruse (1972); Kon/Ben84 Kondo and Benson (1984); Han99 Hansen et al. (1999); Vil/Les95 Villenave and Lesclaux (1995); Hip73 Hippler et al. (1973); Gla02a von Glasow et al. (2002a) (ESM); Jim03 Jimenez et al. (2003); Gla02b von Glasow et al. (2002a); Cha92 Chambers et al. (1992); Bed96 Bedjanian et al. (1996) Bed97 Bedjanian et al. (1997)

Table S13 Parameters for pressure dependent reactions

	Reaction	TYPE	k_0^a	k_∞^a	F_C^b
G14	$\text{ClO} + \text{ClO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2$	TROE	$1.6 \times 10^{-32} (T/300)^{-4.5}$	$2.0 \times 10^{-12} (T/300)^{-2.4}$	
G15	$\text{Cl} + \text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClO}_2$	TROE	$2.2 \times 10^{-33} (T/300)^{-3.1}$	1.8×10^{-10}	
G18	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} 2 \text{ClO}$	TROEXP	$3.7 \times 10^{-7} e^{-7690/T}$	$7.9 \times 10^{15} e^{-8820/T}$	0,45
G23	$\text{ClO} + \text{OCIO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3$	TROE	$6.2 \times 10^{-32} (T/300)^{-4.7}$	2.4×10^{-11}	
G24	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClO} + \text{OCIO}$	TROEXP	$1.4 \times 10^{-10} e^{-3810/T}$	$2.5 \times 10^{12} e^{-4940/T}$	
G32	$\text{Cl} + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClNO}$	SPEC2	$7.6 \times 10^{-32} (T/300)^{-1.8}$		
G34	$\text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClNO}_2$	TROE	$1.8 \times 10^{-31} (T/300)^{-2}$	$1.0 \times 10^{-10} (T/300)^{-1}$	

Table S13 (continued) Parameters for pressure dependent reactions

	Reaction	TYPE	k_0^a	k_∞^a	F_C^b
G36	$\text{ClO} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{ClNO}_3$	TROEF	$1.6 \times 10^{-31}(T/300)^{-3.4}$	7.0×10^{-11}	0.4
G60	$\text{Cl} + \text{ETI}^c \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2, \text{M}}$ $0.26 \text{CHOCI} + 0.21 \text{Cl} + 0.53 \text{HCl} +$ $0.21 \text{GLY}^d + 1.32 \text{CO} + 0.79 \text{HO}_2$	TROE	$6.10 \times 10^{-30}(T/300)^{-3.0}$	2.0×10^{-10}	
G61	$\text{Cl} + \text{ETE}^e \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2, \text{M}} \text{CH}_2\text{ClCH}_2\text{OO}$	TROEF	$1.85 \times 10^{-29}(T/300)^{-3.3}$	6.0×10^{-10}	0.4
G71	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClC(O)OONO}_2$	TROEF	$2.7 \times 10^{-28}(T/300)^{-7.1}$	$1.2 \times 10^{-11}(T/300)^{-0.9}$	0.3
G72	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClC(O)OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	TROEXP	$4.9 \times 10^{-3}e^{-12100/T}$	$5.4 \times 10^{16}e^{-13830/T}$	0.3
G77	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_6 \xrightarrow{\text{O}_2, \text{M}} \text{CH}_3\text{CHOOCH}_2\text{Cl}$	TROE	4.0×10^{-28}	2.8×10^{-10}	
G106	$\text{CCl}_3\text{CO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{C(O)OONO}_2$	TROEF	$2.7 \times 10^{-28}(T/300)^{-7.1}$	$1.2 \times 10^{-11}(T/300)^{-0.9}$	0.3
G107	$\text{CCl}_3\text{C(O)OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{CO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	TROEXP	$4.9 \times 10^{-3}e^{-12100/T}$	$5.4 \times 10^{16}e^{-13830/T}$	0.3
G114	$\text{CCl}_3\text{OO} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{OONO}_2$	TROEF	$9.2 \times 10^{-29}(T/300)^{-6.0}$	$1.5 \times 10^{-12}(T/300)^{-0.7}$	0.32
G115	$\text{CCl}_3\text{OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CCl}_3\text{OO} + \text{NO}_2$	TROEXP	$4.3 \times 10^{-3}e^{-10235/T}$	$4.8 \times 10^{16}e^{-11820/T}$	0.32
G139	$\text{CO} + \text{Cl} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{COCl}$	SPEC2	$1.3 \times 10^{-33}(T/300)^{-3.8}$		
G149	$\text{Br} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{BrNO}_2$	TROEF	$4.2 \times 10^{-31}(T/300)^{-2.4}$	2.7×10^{-11}	0.55
G152	$\text{BrO} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{BrNO}_3$	TROEF	$4.7 \times 10^{-31}(T/300)^{-3.1}$	1.8×10^{-11}	0.4
G182	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{BrC(O)OONO}_2$	TROEF	$2.7 \times 10^{-28}(T/300)^{-7.1}$	$1.2 \times 10^{-11}(T/300)^{-0.9}$	0.3
G183	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrC(O)OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	TROEXP	$4.9 \times 10^{-3}e^{-12100/T}$	$5.4 \times 10^{16}e^{-13830/T}$	0.3
G203	$\text{CBr}_3\text{OO} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CBr}_3\text{OONO}_2$	TROEF	$9.2 \times 10^{-29}(T/300)^{-6.0}$	$1.5 \times 10^{-12}(T/300)^{-0.7}$	0.32
G204	$\text{CBr}_3\text{OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{CBr}_3\text{OO} + \text{NO}_2$	TROEXP	$4.3 \times 10^{-3}e^{-10235/T}$	$4.8 \times 10^{16}e^{-11820/T}$	0.32
G228	$\text{CO} + \text{Br} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{COBr}$	SPEC2	$1.3 \times 10^{-33}(T/300)^{-3.8}$		
G239	$\text{I} + \text{NO} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{INO}$	TROE	$1.8 \times 10^{-32}(T/300)^{-1.0}$	1.7×10^{-11}	
G240	$\text{I} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{INO}_2$	TROEF	$3.0 \times 10^{-31}(T/300)^{-1.0}$	6.6×10^{-11}	0.63

Table S13 (continued) Parameters for pressure dependent reactions

	Reaction	TYPE	k_0^a	k_∞^a	F_C^b
G244	$\text{IO} + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{INO}_3$	TROEF	$7.7 \times 10^{-31}(T/300)^{-5.0}$	1.6×10^{-11}	0.4
G271	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{NO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{IC(O)OONO}_2$	TROEF	$2.7 \times 10^{-28}(T/300)^{-7.1}$	$1.2 \times 10^{-11}(T/300)^{-0.9}$	0.3
G272	$\text{CH}_2\text{IC(O)OONO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{M}}$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{NO}_2$	TROEXP	$4.9 \times 10^{-3}e^{-12100/T}$	$5.4 \times 10^{16}e^{-13830/T}$	0.3
G304	$\text{CO} + \text{I} \xrightarrow{\text{M}} \text{COI}$	SPEC2	$1.3 \times 10^{-33}(T/300)^{-3.8}$		

Rate constants calculated with TROE formula: $k(T) = \frac{k_0[\text{M}]}{1 + \frac{k_0[\text{M}]}{k_\infty}} \cdot F_C^{(1+\lg(k_0[\text{M}]/k_\infty))^{-2}}$

^ain $\frac{\text{cm}^3\text{n}}{\text{molecules}^n \text{ s}}$, n = order of reaction; ^bif other than $F_C = 0.6$; ^cETI = acetylene; ^dGLY = glyoxal; ^eETE = ethylene

S3.4 Photolysis reactions

Table S14 Parameters for gas phase photolysis reactions

	Reaction	I/s^{-1}	m	n	Reference/comment
P _g 1 [⊖]	$\text{Cl}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{Cl}$	3.827×10^{-3}	0.543	0.244	DeMore et al. (1997) with quantum yields from Calvert and Pitts (1966)
P _g 2	$\text{ClO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	4.755×10^{-4}	1.258	0.588	Sander et al. (2006) ^a
P _g 3	$\text{OCIO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{ClO} + \text{O}(^3\text{P})$	0.133	0.416	0.244	Sander et al. (2006) ^a
P _g 4	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{ClO}_2$	2.294×10^{-3}	0.745	0.223	Sander et al. (2003) ^a
P _g 5	$\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{ClO} + \text{OCIO}$	1.558×10^{-3}	1.324	0.462	further products omitted, Atkinson et al. (2007) ^a
P _g 6 [⊖]	$\text{HOCl} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{OH}$	4.615×10^{-4}	0.656	0.240	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 7	$\text{ClNO} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{NO}$	4.755×10^{-3}	0.408	0.217	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 8 [⊖]	$\text{ClNO}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_2$	6.219×10^{-4}	0.774	0.255	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 9	$\text{ClNO}_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_3$	6.420×10^{-5}	0.648	0.217	DeMore et al. (1997)

Table S14 (continued) Parameters for gas phase photolysis reactions

	Reaction	I/s^{-1}	m	n	Reference/comment
P _g 10	$ClNO_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} ClO + NO_2$	1.393×10^{-5}	1.052	0.243	DeMore et al. (1997)
P _g 11	$CH_3COCH_2Cl \xrightarrow{h\nu} 0.7 COCl + 0.7 ACO_3 + 0.3 CH_2ClCO_3 + 0.3 MO_2 - 1.3 O_2$	1.675×10^{-4}	1.003	0.296	Sander et al. (2006) ^{a, c, d}
P _g 12	$CH_3COCClO \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} COCl + ACO_3$	1.853×10^{-4}	0.583	0.225	estimated same as methylglyoxal ^c
P _g 13	$CH_2ClCHO \xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2} CH_2ClO_2 + CO + HO_2$	4.642×10^{-5}	0.762	0.353	Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 14	$CH_2ClCO_3H \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} CH_2ClO_2 + CO_2 + OH$	7.649×10^{-6}	0.682	0.279	Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 15	$CCl_2OHCClO \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} COCl_2 + CO + Cl + HO_2$	2.792×10^{-5}	0.805	0.338	Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 16	$CCl_3CHO \xrightarrow{h\nu, 3/2O_2} Cl + COCl_2 + CO + HO_2$	1.442×10^{-4}	1.027	0.302	Atkinson et al. (2008b)
P _g 17	$CH_2ClO_2H \xrightarrow{h\nu} CH_2ClO + OH$	7.649×10^{-6}	0.682	0.279	Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 18	$CHOCl \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} Cl + CO + HO_2$	3.905×10^{-7}	1.936	0.362	Atkinson et al. (2008b) with quantum yields from Fang and Liu (2001)
P _g 19 [⊖]	$Br_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2 Br$	4.773×10^{-2}	0.193	0.213	Seery and Britton (1964) with quantum yields from Fang and Liu (2001)
P _g 20	$BrO \xrightarrow{h\nu} Br + O(^3P)$	6.368×10^{-2}	0.605	0.269	Sander et al. (2003)
P _g 21	$OBrO \xrightarrow{h\nu} BrO + O(^3P)$	0.688	0.144	0.198	Sander et al. (2006) with quantum yields from Fleischmann et al. (2005)
P _g 22 [⊖]	$HOBr \xrightarrow{h\nu} Br + OH$	3.464×10^{-3}	0.441	0.214	Sander et al. (2003)
P _g 23 [⊖]	$BrNO_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} Br + NO_2$	7.443×10^{-3}	0.355	0.236	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 24	$BrNO_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} Br + NO_3$	1.558×10^{-3}	0.490	0.216	Sander et al. (2003)
P _g 25	$BrNO_3 \xrightarrow{h\nu} BrO + NO_2$	6.363×10^{-4}	0.492	0.215	Sander et al. (2003)
P _g 26 [⊖]	$BrCl \xrightarrow{h\nu} Br + Cl$	1.650×10^{-2}	0.297	0.224	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 27	$CH_3COCH_2Br \xrightarrow{h\nu} 0.7 COBr + 0.7 ACO_3 + 0.3 CH_2BrCO_3 + 0.3 MO_2 - 1.3 O_2$	3.523×10^{-4}	0.885	0.283	Sander et al. (2006) ^{a, c, d}
P _g 28	$CH_3COCBrO \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} COBr + ACO_3$	1.853×10^{-4}	0.583	0.225	estimated same as methylglyoxal ^c

Table S14 (continued) Parameters for gas phase photolysis reactions

	Reaction	I/s^{-1}	m	n	Reference/comment
P _g 29	CH ₂ BrCHO $\xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2}$ CH ₂ BrO ₂ + CO + HO ₂	4.642×10^{-5}	0.762	0.353	estimated same as P _g 13, Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 30	CH ₂ BrCO ₃ H $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ CH ₂ BrO ₂ + CO ₂ + OH	7.649×10^{-6}	0.682	0.279	estimated same as P _g 14, Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 31	CHBr ₃ $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ Br + CHBr ₂ O ₂	2.228×10^{-6}	1.471	0.230	DeMore et al. (1997)
P _g 32	CH ₂ Br ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ Br + CH ₂ BrO ₂	5.600×10^{-9}	2.763	1.922	Atkinson et al. (2008b)
P _g 33	COBr ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ 2 Br + CO	4.377×10^{-6}	1.360	0.273	Sander et al. (2006) products estimated same as phosgene from Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 34	CH ₂ BrO ₂ H $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ CH ₂ BrO + OH	7.649×10^{-6}	0.682	0.279	Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 35	CHOBr $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ Br + CO + HO ₂	2.547×10^{-5}	1.393	0.361	Sander et al. (2006)
P _g 36	I ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ 2I	0.217	0.125	0.185	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 37	IO $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ I + O(³ P)	2.640×10^{-3}	0.240	0.240	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 38	OIO $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ I + O ₂	4.054×10^{-2}	0.119	0.185	Sander et al. (2006)
P _g 39	OIO $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ IO + O(³ P)	1.894×10^{-3}	0.119	0.185	Sander et al. (2006)
P _g 40	I ₂ O ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ 2I + O ₂	2.294×10^{-3}	0.745	0.223	estimated same as P _g 4, products from von Glasow et al. (2002a)
P _g 41	HI $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ I + HO ₂	2.104×10^{-4}	1.123	0.281	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 42	HOI $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ I + OH	1.469×10^{-2}	0.342	0.236	Atkinson et al. (2007)
P _g 43	INO $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ I + NO	4.849×10^{-3}	0.284	0.232	Sander et al. (2006)
P _g 44	INO ₂ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ I + NO ₂	5.036×10^{-3}	0.568	0.256	Sander et al. (2006)
P _g 45	INO ₃ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ I + NO ₃	6.599×10^{-2}	0.528	0.244	Sander et al. (2006)
P _g 46	INO ₃ $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ IO + NO ₂	1.165×10^{-2}	0.528	0.244	Sander et al. (2006)
P _g 47	ICl $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ I + Cl	3.403×10^{-2}	0.179	0.207	Atkinson et al. (2007) ^b
P _g 48	IBr $\xrightarrow{h\nu}$ I + Br	0.1	0.149	0.197	Atkinson et al. (2007) ^b
P _g 49	C ₃ H ₇ I $\xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2}$ I + HC3P	3.731×10^{-5}	1.292	0.217	Sander et al. (2006) ^{b, e}

Table S14 (continued) Parameters for gas phase photolysis reactions

	Reaction	l/s^{-1}	m	n	Reference/comment
P _g 50	$C_2H_5I \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + EHP$	1.386×10^{-5}	1.324	0.224	Sander et al. (2006) ^{b, f}
P _g 51	$CH_2ICHO \xrightarrow{h\nu, 2O_2} CH_2IO_2 + CO + HO_2$	4.642×10^{-5}	0.762	0.353	estimated same as P _g 13, Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 52	$CH_2ICO_3H \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} CH_2IO_2 + CO_2 + OH$	7.649×10^{-6}	0.682	0.279	estimated same as P _g 14, Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 53	$CH_2I_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + CH_2IO_2$	1.496×10^{-2}	0.801	0.265	Sander et al. (2006) ^b
P _g 54	$CH_3I \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + MO_2$	1.206×10^{-5}	1.254	0.231	Sander et al. (2006) ^{b, d}
P _g 55	$CH_2IO_2H \xrightarrow{h\nu} CH_2IO + OH$	7.649×10^{-6}	0.682	0.279	estimated same as P _g 17, Pilling et al. (2008)
P _g 56	$CHOI \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + CO + HO_2$	2.547×10^{-5}	1.393	0.361	estimated same as P _g 35
P _g 57	$CH_2ICl \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + CH_2ClO_2$	2.038×10^{-4}	1.057	0.238	Atkinson et al. (2008b)
P _g 58	$CH_2IBr \xrightarrow{h\nu, O_2} I + CH_2BrO_2$	8.824×10^{-4}	0.976	0.250	Atkinson et al. (2008b)

Photolysis reactions are parameterised with $j = l \times \cos^m \chi \times \exp \{-n \times \sec \chi\}$.

^aquantum yield estimated with $\Phi = 1$, ^bexcited atoms are treated like atoms in ground state, ^cMO₂ = methyl peroxy radical, ^dACO₃ = acetyl peroxy radical, ^eHC3P = peroxy radical formed from alkanes, alcohols, esters, and alkynes with OH rate constant (298 K, 1 atm) less than $3.4 \times 10^{-12} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$, ^f EHP = ethyl peroxy radical

Table S15 Parameters for aqueous phase photolysis reactions

	Reaction	l/s^{-1}	m	n	Reference/comment
P _a 1	$Cl_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2Cl$	2.548×10^{-5}	0.612	0.298	Zimmerman and Strong (1957) with quantum yields from Grossweiner and Matheson (1955)
P _a 2	$HOCl \xrightarrow{h\nu} Cl + OH$	2.517×10^{-5}	0.892	0.289	Zimmerman and Strong (1957) ^a
P _a 3	$ClO^- \xrightarrow{h\nu, H_2O} Cl + OH^- + OH$	4.205×10^{-4}	0.870	0.284	Anbar and Dostrovsky (1954) with quantum yields from Herrmann (2007)

Table S15 (continued) Parameters for aqueous phase photolysis reactions

	Reaction	l/s^{-1}	m	n	Reference/comment
P _a 4	$Cl_3^- \xrightarrow{h\nu} Cl_2 + Cl^-$	5.140×10^{-4}	0.843	0.103	Zimmerman and Strong (1957) ^a
P _a 5	$Br_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2 Br$	4.501×10^{-4}	0.154	0.262	Buckles and Mills (1953) ^b with quantum yields from Grossweiner and Matheson (1955)
P _a 6	$HOBr \xrightarrow{h\nu} Br + OH$	1.396×10^{-4}	0.584	0.289	Anbar and Dostrovsky (1954) ^a
P _a 7	$BrO^- \xrightarrow{h\nu, H_2O} Br + OH^- + OH$	7.510×10^{-4}	0.548	0.300	Anbar and Dostrovsky (1954) ^a
P _a 8	$BrCl \xrightarrow{h\nu} Br + Cl$	6.121×10^{-3}	0.456	0.298	Pungor et al. (1959) ^a
P _a 9	$I_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2 I$	1.816×10^{-5}	0.088	0.243	Buckles and Mills (1953) ^b with quantum yields from Grossweiner and Matheson (1955)
P _a 10	$ICl \xrightarrow{h\nu} I + Cl$	3.909×10^{-3}	0.130	0.239	Buckles and Mills (1953) ^{a, b}
P _a 11	$IBr \xrightarrow{h\nu} I + Br$	7.940×10^{-3}	0.108	0.250	Buckles and Mills (1954) ^{a, b}

Photolysis reactions are parameterised with $j = l \times \cos^m \chi \times \exp \{-n \times \sec \chi\}$.

^aquantum yield estimated with $\Phi = 0.1$; ^bestimated with measurement of the extinction coefficient ϵ in the solvent carbon tetrachloride (CCl₄)

S3.5 Aqueous phase chemistry

Table S16 Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A1	$\text{Cl} + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2$	8.75×10^7			Wu80
A2	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Cl} \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 + \text{Cl}^-$	2.1×10^9			Yu/Bak03
A3 \ominus	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Cl}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2 + 2\text{Cl}^-$	1.8×10^9			Jac99
A4	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{ClO}^- + \text{O}_2$	3.0×10^{-3}			Hoi85
A5	$\text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{HO}_2$	2.0×10^9			Yu/Bak03
A6 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{HO}_2$	5×10^4	3340		Jac99
A7 \ominus	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{ClOH}^-$	23.4		revised products from Yu and Barker (2003)	Jac96/Bux98
A8 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{O}_2$	1.3×10^{10}			Jac96
A9 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}^- + \text{O}_2$	6.0×10^9			Jac96
A10	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{HOCl} + \text{Cl}^-$	1.0×10^9			Wag86
A11 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Cl}^- + \text{OH}$	4.0×10^6			Jac96
A12	$\text{Cl}_3^- + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{O}_2$	1.0×10^9			Bje81
A13	$\text{Cl}_3^- + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Cl}^- + \text{O}_2$	3.8×10^9		estimated	Mat/Ana06
P _a 4	$\text{Cl}_3^- \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl}_2 + \text{Cl}^-$	(4.64×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 0.1^c$; see Tab. S15	Zim/Str57
A14 \oplus	$\text{Cl}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{O}_2$	1.0×10^9			Bje81
A15 \oplus	$\text{Cl}_2 + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2^- + \text{O}_2$	1.0×10^9		estimated ($k_{A15} \approx k_{A14}$)	Her03
P _a 1	$\text{Cl}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{Cl}$	(1.89×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 0.01^{\text{Gro/Mat55}}$; see Tab. S15	Zim/Str57
A16	$\text{HOCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	1.1×10^4			Con47
A17	$\text{ClO}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	1.7×10^5			Con47
A18 \oplus	$\text{HOCl} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	7.5×10^6		estimated ($k_{A18} \approx k_{A19}$)	Her03
A19 \oplus	$\text{HOCl} + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Cl} + \text{OH}^- + \text{O}_2$	7.5×10^6			Lon/Bie80
A20	$\text{ClO}^- + \text{O}_2^- \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{Cl} + 2\text{OH}^- + \text{O}_2$	2.0×10^8		estimated	Mat/Ana06
A21 \oplus	$\text{HOCl} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.0×10^9		estimated ($k_{A21} \approx k_{A105}$)	Her03
A22	$\text{ClO}^- + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{ClO} + \text{OH}^-$	8.8×10^9			Bux/Sub72

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
P _a 2	$\text{HOCl} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{OH}$	(1.89×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 0.1^c$; see Tab. S15	Anb/Dos54
P _a 3	$\text{ClO}^- \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Cl} + \text{OH}^- + \text{OH}$	(3.17×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 4.8155 \cdot \exp\{-0.0113\lambda\}$, fit to measurements of Herrmann (2007); see Tab. S15	Zim/Str57
A23 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{HSO}_3^- \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{SO}_3^-$	1.7×10^8	400		Jacua96
A24 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{SO}_3^{2-} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{SO}_3^-$	6.2×10^7			Jacua96
A25	$\text{HOCl} + \text{SO}_3^{2-} \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{HSO}_4^-$	7.6×10^8			Fog89
A26 ⊕	$\text{HOCl} + \text{HSO}_3^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{HSO}_4^-$	7.6×10^8		estimated ($k_{A26} \approx k_{A25}$)	Her03
A27	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{HSO}_5^- \rightarrow \text{HOCl} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	1.8×10^{-3}	7352		For60
A28 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_2\text{OH}\text{SO}_3^- \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_2\text{OH}\text{SO}_3$	5.0×10^5			Bar97
A29 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{NO}_2^- \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{NO}_2$	6.0×10^7			Jac96
A30 ⊗	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{NO}_2^+ \rightarrow \text{ClNO}_2$	1.0×10^{10}			Geo99
A31 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Fe}^{2+} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{Fe}^{3+}$	1.0×10^7	3030		Tho/Lau73
A32 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Fe}^{2+} \rightarrow \text{FeCl}_2^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	4.0×10^6	3490		Tho/Lau73
A33 ⊗	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{FeO}^{2+} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{Fe}^{3+} + \text{ClOH}^- + \text{OH}^-$	100			Jacs98
A34 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Mn}^{2+} \rightarrow \text{MnCl}_2^+$	2.0×10^7	4090		Lau/Tho73
A35 ⊗	$\text{MnCl}_2^+ \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Mn}^{2+}$	3.0×10^5			Lau/Tho73
A36 ⊗	$\text{MnCl}_2^+ \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{Mn}^{3+}$	2.1×10^5			Lau/Tho73
A37 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Cu}^+ \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{Cu}^{2+}$	1.0×10^8		estimated ($k_{A37} \approx 10 \cdot k_{A31}$)	
A38	$\text{Cl} + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{CO}_3^-$	5.0×10^8			Mer/Son95
A39	$\text{Cl} + \text{HCO}_3^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CO}_3^-$	2.2×10^8			Mer/Son95
A40 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{CO}_3^-$	2.7×10^6		estimated	
A41 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{HCO}_3^- \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CO}_3^-$	2.7×10^6		estimated	
A42 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{OOH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{OO}$	5.0×10^4	3340	estimated ($k_{A42} \approx k_{A6}$)	
A43	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_2\text{OH}$	1.0×10^9	4089		Wic03
A44 ⊖	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_2\text{OH}$	5.1×10^4	5533		Jac99
A45	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CHOH}$	1.6×10^9			Par06

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A46 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{CHOH}$	1.2×10^5		better reference	Jac99
A47	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CHOH}$	2.2×10^9	2285		Wic03
A48	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CHOH}$	1.0×10^5			Jac99
A49	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_3 \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COHCH}_3$	3.2×10^9	2766		Wic03
A50	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_3 \rightarrow$ $2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{COHCH}_3$	1.9×10^5			Jac99
A51	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_2(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2$	1.4×10^9	3127	hydration calculated from K with ~ 1	Wic03
A52 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_2(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2$	3.6×10^4	4330		Jac99
A53	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CO}$	6.0×10^8	1928		Par06
A54	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$	6.0×10^8	1928	hydration calculated from K with 1:1	Par06
A55 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{CO}$	4.0×10^4			Jac96
A56 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$	4.0×10^4			Jac96
A57	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CHO} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CO}$	7.5×10^8	1566		Par06
A58	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$	7.5×10^8	1566	hydration calculated from K with 1:1	Par06
A59	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CHO} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CO}$	2.2×10^9	1686	hydration calculated from K with 2:1	Par06
A60	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$	1.1×10^9	1686	(unhydrated/hydrated)	Par06
A61	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2$	7.8×10^7			Wic03
A62	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_3 \rightarrow$ $2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{COCH}_2$	1.4×10^3			Jac99
A63	$\text{Cl} + \text{HCOOH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{COOH}$	2.8×10^9	2405		Wic03
A64	$\text{Cl} + \text{HCOO}^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{COOH}$	4.2×10^9	1924		Bux00
A65 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{HCOOH} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{COOH}$	8.0×10^4	4450		Jac99
A66 ⊗	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{HCOO}^- \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{COOH}$	1.3×10^6			Jac99

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A67	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{COOH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$	1.0×10^8	4930		<i>Wic03</i>
A68	$\text{Cl} + \text{CH}_3\text{COO}^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3 + \text{CO}_2$	3.7×10^9	1684		<i>Bux00</i>
A69 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COOH} \rightarrow$ $2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$	1.5×10^3	4930		<i>Jac99</i>
A70 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COO}^- \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3 + \text{CO}_2$	2.6×10^5	4800		<i>Jac99</i>
A71	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{COOH} \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CHCOOH}$	1.2×10^9	5292		<i>Wic03</i>
A72	$\text{Cl} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{COO}^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CHCOO}^-$	1.2×10^9	5292	estimated ($k_{A72} \approx k_{A71}$)	
A73 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{HC}_2\text{O}_4^- \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^-$	1.3×10^6		estimated (ETR)	
A74 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} \rightarrow 2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^-$	4.0×10^6		estimated (ETR)	
A75 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ $2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}(\text{OH})_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2$	4.0×10^4			
A76 \otimes	$\text{Cl}_2^- + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OH} \rightarrow$ $2 \text{Cl}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}(\text{OH})_2\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OH}$	4.0×10^4		estimated ($k_{A76} \approx k_{A75}$)	
A77	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClC}(\text{OH})_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ClCOOH} + \text{HO}_2$	1.0×10^3		estimated (Cl = H)	
A78	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClC}(\text{OH})_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClCOO}^- + 2 \text{H}^+ + \text{O}_2^-$	1.0×10^5		estimated (Cl = H)	
A79	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCClO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow$ $\text{CH}_3\text{COCO}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	350		estimated same as acetyl chloride	<i>Pra01</i>
A80	$\text{CHOC}l \rightarrow \text{CO} + \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	1.0×10^4			<i>Pra01</i>
A81	$\text{CHOC}l + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{HCOO}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	2.5×10^4			<i>Pra01</i>
A82	$\text{COCl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{ClCOOH} + \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	10			<i>Pra01</i>
A83	$\text{COCl}_2 + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{ClCOOH} + \text{Cl}^-$	2.8×10^4			<i>Pra01</i>
A84	$\text{ClCOOH} \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	1.0×10^5		lower limit	<i>Pra01</i>
A85	$\text{Br} + \text{Br} \rightarrow \text{Br}_2$	1.0×10^9		estimated	<i>Kla/Wol85</i>
A86 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{Br}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Br}_2 + 2 \text{Br}^-$	1.7×10^9			<i>Ree99</i>
A87	$\text{Br}^- + \text{O}_3 \rightarrow \text{BrO}^- + \text{O}_2$	210	4450		<i>Haa/Hoi83</i>
A88	$\text{Br} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{O}_2$	1.6×10^8			<i>Wag/Str87</i>

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A89	$\text{Br} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{HO}_2$	4.0×10^9			<i>Sut65</i>
A90 \oplus	$\text{Br}_2 + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}_2^- + \text{O}_2$	1.1×10^8			<i>Sut/Dow72</i>
A91 \oplus	$\text{Br}_2 + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Br}_2^- + \text{O}_2$	5.6×10^9			<i>Sut/Dow72</i>
A92	$\text{Br}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{H}^+ + 2\text{Br}^- + \text{O}_2$	1.3×10^3			<i>Wag/Str87</i>
A93	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{Br}^- + \text{HOBr}$	1.0×10^9			<i>Wag/Str87</i>
A94 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{OH}$	1.1×10^4			<i>Jac96</i>
A95 \circ	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{O}_2$	4.4×10^9			<i>Mat03</i>
A96	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{HO}_2 \xrightarrow{\text{H}^+} \text{Br}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2$	4.4×10^9			<i>Mat03</i>
A97 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{O}_2$	1.7×10^8			<i>Wag/Str87</i>
A98 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{HO}_2$	1.0×10^5			<i>Ree97</i>
P _a 5	$\text{Br}_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2\text{Br}$	(3.46×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 0.01^{\text{Gro/Mat55}}$; ϵ estimated with measurement in CCl_4 ; see Tab. S15	<i>Buc/Mil53</i>
A99	$\text{Br}_3^- + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Br}_2^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{O}_2$	1.0×10^7			<i>Sut/Dow72</i>
A100	$\text{Br}_3^- + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Br}_2^- + \text{Br}^- + \text{O}_2$	3.8×10^9			<i>Sut/Dow72</i>
A101 \oplus	$\text{BrO} + \text{BrO} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{BrO}_2^- + \text{BrO}^- + 2\text{H}^+$	2.8×10^9			<i>Kla/Wol85</i>
A102 \oplus	$\text{BrO}_2^- + \text{BrO} \rightarrow \text{BrO}_2 + \text{BrO}^-$	4.0×10^8			<i>Ami/Tre70</i>
A103 \oplus	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{BrO}_2^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{BrO}_2$	8.0×10^7			<i>Bux/Dai68</i>
A104 \oplus	$\text{BrO}_2^- + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{BrO}_2 + \text{OH}^-$	1.8×10^9			<i>Bux/Dai68</i>
A105 \oplus	$\text{HOBr} + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{BrO} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	2.0×10^9			<i>Kla/Wol85</i>
A106	$\text{BrO}^- + \text{OH} \rightarrow \text{BrO} + \text{OH}^-$	4.5×10^9			<i>Bux/Dai68</i>
A107 \oplus	$\text{HOBr} + \text{HO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	1.0×10^9		estimated	<i>Sut/Dow72</i>
A108 \oplus	$\text{HOBr} + \text{O}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{OH}^- + \text{O}_2$	3.5×10^9			<i>Schw/Bie86</i>
A109	$\text{BrO}^- + \text{O}_2^- \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{Br} + 2\text{OH}^- + \text{O}_2$	2.0×10^8		upper limit	<i>Schw/Bie86</i>
A110	$\text{HOBr} + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	3.5×10^6			<i>You50</i>
A111	$\text{BrO}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{Br}^- + \text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{O}_2$	2.0×10^5		estimated	<i>Mat/Ana06</i>
P _a 6	$\text{HOBr} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Br} + \text{OH}$	(1.05×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 0.1^c$; see Tab. S15	<i>Anb/Dos54</i>

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
P _a 7	$\text{BrO}^- \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Br} + \text{OH}^- + \text{OH}$	(5.56×10^{-4})		$\Phi = 0.1^c$; see Tab. S15	Anb/Dos54
A112 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{HSO}_3^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{SO}_3^-$	5.0×10^7	780		Jac96
A113 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{SO}_3^{2-} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{SO}_3^-$	3.3×10^7	650		Jac96
A114 ⊗	$\text{Br}^- + \text{SO}_4^- \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	2.1×10^9			Her97
A115	$\text{HOBr} + \text{SO}_3^{2-} \rightarrow \text{Br}^- + \text{HSO}_4^-$	5.0×10^9			Tro/Mar91
A116 ⊕	$\text{HOBr} + \text{HSO}_3^- \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{HSO}_4^-$	5.0×10^9		estimated ($k_{\text{A116}} \approx k_{\text{A115}}$)	Fog89
A117	$\text{Br}^- + \text{HSO}_5^- \rightarrow \text{HOBr} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	1.0	5338		For60
A118 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_2\text{OHHSO}_3^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_2\text{OHHSO}_3$	5.0×10^4		estimated ($k_{\text{A118}} \approx 0.1 \cdot k_{\text{A28}}$)	
A119 ⊗	$\text{Br}^- + \text{NO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Br} + \text{NO}_3^-$	3.8×10^9			Zel96
A120 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{NO}_2^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{NO}_2$	1.2×10^7	1720		Jac96
A121 ⊗	$\text{Br}^- + \text{NO}_2^+ \rightarrow \text{BrNO}_2$	1.0×10^{10}			Geo99
A122 ⊗	$\text{Br}^- + \text{BrNO}_2 \rightarrow \text{Br}_2 + \text{NO}_2^-$	2.55×10^4			Geo99
A123 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{Fe}^{2+} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{Fe}^{3+}$	3.6×10^6	3330		Tho/Lau73
A124 ⊗	$\text{MnBr}_2^+ \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{Mn}^{3+}$	2.2×10^5			Tho/Lau73
A125 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{Mn}^{2+} \rightarrow \text{MnBr}_2^+$	6.3×10^6	4330		Tho/Lau73
A126 ⊗	$\text{MnBr}_2^+ \rightarrow \text{Br}_2^- + \text{Mn}^{2+}$	3.0×10^5			Tho/Lau73
A127 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{Cu}^+ \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{Cu}^{2+}$	3.6×10^6		estimated ($k_{\text{A127}} \approx k_{\text{A123}}$)	
A128	$\text{Br} + \text{HCO}_3^- \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CO}_3^-$	1.0×10^6		estimated	Mat/Ana06
A129	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{CO}_3^-$	1.1×10^5			Hui91
A130 ⊗	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{HCO}_3^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CO}_3^-$	1.1×10^5		estimated	
A131	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{Cl}_2^- \rightarrow \text{Br}_2 + 2\text{Cl}^-$	4.0×10^9		estimated	Mat/Ana06
A132 ⊕	$\text{Br}^- + \text{HOCl} \xrightarrow{\text{H}^+} \text{BrCl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.3×10^6			Kum/Mar87
A133	$\text{Br}^- + \text{ClO}^- \xrightarrow{\text{H}^+} \text{BrCl} + \text{OH}^-$	3.65×10^{10}			Kum/Mar87
A134 ⊗	$\text{Br}^- + \text{ClNO}_2 \rightarrow \text{BrCl} + \text{NO}_2^-$	5.0×10^6			Geo99
A135 ⊗	$\text{BrNO}_2 + \text{Cl}^- \rightarrow \text{BrCl} + \text{NO}_2^-$	10			Geo99
P _a 8	$\text{BrCl} \xrightarrow{h\nu} \text{Br} + \text{Cl}$	(4.54×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 0.1^c$; see Tab. S15	Pun59

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A136	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{OOH} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{OO}$	1.0×10^5		estimated ($k_{\text{A136}} \approx k_{\text{A98}}$)	
A137	$\text{Br} + \text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_2\text{OH}$	4.1×10^4	3368		Par06
A138	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{OH} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_2\text{OH}$	1.0×10^3			Ree97
A139	$\text{Br} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CHOH}$	8.2×10^5	2285		Par06
A140	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{CHOH}$	3.8×10^3			Ree99
A141	$\text{Br} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{OH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CHOH}$	3.8×10^5	1564		Par06
A142	$\text{Br} + \text{CH}_3\text{CHOHCH}_3 \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COHCH}_3$	1.8×10^6	3127		Par06
A143	$\text{Br} + \text{CH}_2(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2$	3.0×10^5	3608	hydration calculated from K with ~ 1	Par06
A144	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_2(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2$	3.0×10^3		estimated	
A145	$\text{Br} + \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CO}$	1.75×10^7	1804		Par06
A146	$\text{Br} + \text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH}_2) \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{OH}_2)$	1.75×10^7	1804	hydration calculated from K with 1:1	Par06
A147	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CHO} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{CO}$	2.15×10^5	2526		Par06
A148	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ $2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_3\text{C}(\text{OH})_2$	2.15×10^5	2526		Par06
A149	$\text{Br} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CHO} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CO}$	2.85×10^7	842		Par06
A150	$\text{Br} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CH}(\text{OH}_2) \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{C}(\text{OH}_2)$	2.85×10^7	842	hydration calculated from K with 1:1	Par06
A151	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CHO} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CO}$	4.95×10^5	3614		Par06
A152	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{CH}(\text{OH}_2) \rightarrow$ $2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{C}(\text{OH}_2)$	4.95×10^5	3614		Par06
A153	$\text{Br} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CHO} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CO}$	6.67×10^7	1203	hydration calculated from K with 2:1	Par06
A154	$\text{Br} + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CH}(\text{OH}_2) \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{C}(\text{OH}_2)$	3.33×10^7	1203	(unhydrated/hydrated)	Par06
A155	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CHO} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CO}$	2.6×10^5	2289		Par06
A156	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{CH}(\text{OH}_2) \rightarrow$ $2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_3\text{H}_7\text{C}(\text{OH}_2)$	1.3×10^5	2289		Par06

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A157	$\text{Br} + \text{HCOOH} \rightarrow \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{COOH}$	7.7×10^5	2288		Par06
A158	$\text{Br} + \text{HCOO}^- \rightarrow \text{Br}^- + \text{COOH}$	4.6×10^8			Mer/Lin94
A159 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{HCOOH} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{COOH}$	4.0×10^3			Ree99
A160 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{HCOO}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{COOH}$	4.9×10^3			Jac96
A161 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COOH} \rightarrow$ $2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$	10			Ree99
A162 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COO}^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_3 + \text{CO}_2$	100			Jac96
A163 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{HC}_2\text{O}_4^- \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^-$	3.7×10^3		estimated (ETR)	
A164 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} \rightarrow 2\text{Br}^- + \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^-$	1.1×10^4		estimated (ETR)	
A165 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2 \rightarrow$ $2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}(\text{OH})_2\text{CH}(\text{OH})_2$	500		estimated (H-abstraction)	
A166 \otimes	$\text{Br}_2^- + \text{CH}(\text{OH})_2\text{COOH} \rightarrow$ $2\text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{C}(\text{OH})_2\text{COOH}$	500		estimated ($k_{\text{A166}} \approx k_{\text{A165}}$)	
A167	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrC}(\text{OH})_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{BrCOOH} + \text{HO}_2$	1.0×10^3		estimated (Br = H)	
A168	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrC}(\text{OH})_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow$ $\text{CH}_2\text{BrCOO}^- + 2\text{H}^+ + \text{O}_2^-$	1.0×10^5		estimated (Br = H)	
A169	$\text{CH}_3\text{COCBrO} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{CH}_3\text{COCO}(\text{OH})$	350		estimated same as acetyl chloride	Pra01
A170	$\text{CHOBr} \rightarrow \text{CO} + \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^-$	1.0×10^4		estimated ($k_{\text{A170}} \approx k_{\text{A80}}$)	Pra01
A171	$\text{CHOBr} + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{HCOO}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^-$	2.5×10^4		estimated ($k_{\text{A171}} \approx k_{\text{A81}}$)	Pra01
A172	$\text{COBr}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{BrCOOH} + \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^-$	10		estimated ($k_{\text{A172}} \approx k_{\text{A82}}$)	Pra01
A173	$\text{COBr}_2 + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{BrCOOH} + \text{Br}^-$	2.8×10^4		estimated ($k_{\text{A173}} \approx k_{\text{A83}}$)	Pra01
A174	$\text{BrCOOH} \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^-$	1.0×10^5		lower limit; estimated ($k_{\text{A174}} \approx k_{\text{A84}}$)	Pra01
A175	$\text{I} + \text{I} \rightarrow \text{I}_2$	1.1×10^{10}			Bux07
A176	$\text{I} + \text{I}_2^- \rightarrow \text{I}_3^-$	6.5×10^9			Bux07
A177	$\text{I}_2^- + \text{I}_2^- \rightarrow \text{I}_3^- + \text{I}^-$	2.5×10^9			Bux07
A178	$\text{I}^- + \text{O}_3 \xrightarrow{\text{H}^+} \text{HOI} + \text{O}_2$	2.17×10^9	8790		Mag97

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A179	$I_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow I_2^- + H^+ + O_2$	6.0×10^9		estimated ($k_{A179} \approx k_{A180}$)	Bux07
A180	$I_2 + O_2^- \rightarrow I_2^- + O_2$	6.0×10^9			Bux07
P _a 9	$I_2 \xrightarrow{h\nu} 2I$	(1.42×10^{-5})		$\Phi = 0.01^{Gro/Mat55}$; ϵ estimated with measurement in CCl ₄ ; see Tab. S15	Buc/Mil53
A181	$I_3^- + HO_2 \rightarrow I_2^- + H^+ + I^- + O_2$	2.5×10^8		estimated ($k_{A181} \approx k_{A182}$)	Bux07
A182	$I_3^- + O_2^- \rightarrow I_2^- + I^- + O_2$	2.5×10^8			Bux07
A183	$HIO_2 + H_2O_2 \rightarrow H^+ + IO_3^- + H_2O$	60			Fur87
A184	$IO_2^- + H_2O_2 \rightarrow IO_3^- + H_2O$	60		estimated same as A183	
A185	$IO + IO \xrightarrow{H_2O} HOI + HIO_2$	1.5×10^9			Bux86
A186	$I_2 + HSO_3^- \xrightarrow{H_2O} 2H^+ + 2I^- + HSO_4^-$	1.0×10^6			Ols/Eps91
A187	$HOI + SO_3^{2-} \rightarrow I^- + HSO_4^-$	5.0×10^9		estimated ($k_{A187} \approx k_{A115}$)	Pec07
A188	$HOI + HSO_3^- \rightarrow H^+ + I^- + HSO_4^-$	5.0×10^9		estimated ($k_{A188} \approx k_{A187}$)	Pec07
A189	$I^- + ICl \rightarrow I_2 + Cl^-$	1.1×10^9			Mar86
A190	$I^- + HOCl \xrightarrow{H^+} ICl + H_2O$	3.5×10^{11}		changed into reaction of third order at pH \cong 3.5 according to von Glasow et al. (2002a)	Nag88
A191	$I^- + HOBr \rightarrow IBr + OH^-$	5.0×10^9			Tro/Mar91
P _a 10	$ICl \xrightarrow{h\nu} I + Cl$	(3.08×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 0.1^c$; ϵ estimated with measurement in CCl ₄ ; see Tab. S15	Buc/Mil53
P _a 11	$IBr \xrightarrow{h\nu} I + Br$	(6.18×10^{-3})		$\Phi = 0.1^c$; ϵ estimated with measurement in CCl ₄ ; see Tab. S15	Buc/Mil54
A192	$HOI + Cl_2 \xrightarrow{H_2O} HIO_2 + 2H^+ + 2Cl^-$	1.0×10^6			Len96
A193	$HOI + HOCl \rightarrow HIO_2 + H^+ + Cl^-$	5.0×10^5			Cit/Eps88
A194	$HOI + HOBr \rightarrow HIO_2 + H^+ + Br^-$	1.0×10^6			Chi/Sim96
A195	$HIO_2 + HOCl \rightarrow IO_3^- + Cl^- + 2H^+$	1.5×10^3			Len96
A196	$IO_2^- + HOCl \rightarrow IO_3^- + Cl^- + H^+$	1.5×10^3		estimated same as A195	
A197	$HIO_2 + HOBr \rightarrow IO_3^- + Br^- + 2H^+$	1.0×10^6			Chi/Sim96

Table S16 (continued) Aqueous phase irreversible reactions

	Reaction	k_{298}^a	E_A/R^b	Comment	Reference
A198	$\text{IO}_2^- + \text{HOBr} \rightarrow \text{IO}_3^- + \text{Br}^- + \text{H}^+$	1.0×10^6		estimated same as A197	
A199	$\text{CH}_2\text{IC(OH)}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ICOOH} + \text{HO}_2$	1.0×10^3		estimated (I = H)	
A200	$\text{CH}_2\text{IC(OH)}_2\text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{CH}_2\text{ICOO}^- + 2\text{H}^+ + \text{O}_2^-$	1.0×10^5		estimated (Cl = H)	
A201	$\text{CHOI} \rightarrow \text{CO} + \text{H}^+ + \text{I}^-$	1.0×10^4		estimated ($k_{\text{A201}} \approx k_{\text{A80}}$)	Pra01
A202	$\text{CHOI} + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{HCOO}^- + \text{H}^+ + \text{I}^-$	2.5×10^4		estimated ($k_{\text{A202}} \approx k_{\text{A81}}$)	Pra01
A203	$\text{COI}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{ICOOH} + \text{H}^+ + \text{I}^-$	10		estimated ($k_{\text{A203}} \approx k_{\text{A82}}$)	Pra01
A204	$\text{COI}_2 + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{ICOOH} + \text{I}^-$	2.8×10^4		estimated ($k_{\text{A204}} \approx k_{\text{A83}}$)	Pra01
A205	$\text{ICOOH} \rightarrow \text{CO}_2 + \text{H}^+ + \text{I}^-$	1.0×10^5		lower limit; estimated ($k_{\text{A205}} \approx k_{\text{A84}}$)	Pra01

[⊗]already implemented in CAPRAM; [⊙]update of CAPRAM; [⊕]already implemented in the Halogen Module 1.0

^ain $\text{M}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$; ^bin K; ^cestimation according to Herrmann (2007)

Wu80 Wu et al. (1980); Yu/Bak03 Yu and Barker (2003); Jac99 Jacobi et al. (1999); Hoi85 Hoigné et al. (1985); Jac96 Jabobi (1996); Bux98 Buxton et al. (1998); Wag86 Wagner et al. (1986); Bje81 Bjergbakke et al. (1981); Mat/Ana06 Matthew and Anastasio (2006); Zim/Str57 Zimmerman and Strong (1957); Her03 Herrmann (2003); Gro/Mat55 Grossweiner and Matheson (1955); Con47 Connick (1947); Lon/Bie80 Long and Bielsky (1980); Bux/Sub72 Buxton and Subhani (1972); Anb/Dos54 Anbar and Dostrovsky (1954); Jacua96 Jacobi et al. (1996); Fog89 Fogelman et al. (1989); For60 Fortnum et al. (1960); Bar97 Barlow et al. (1997); Zel96 Zellner et al. (1996); Geo99 George, C. (pers. comm., 1999); Tho/Lau73 Thornton and Laurence (1973); Jacs98 Jacobsen et al. (1998); Lau/Tho73 Laurence and Thornton (1973); Mer/Son95 Mertens and von Sonntag (1995); Pra01 Prager et al. (2001); Wic03 Wicktor et al. (2003); Par06 Parajuli (2006); Bux00 Buxton et al. (2000); Kla/Wol85 Kläning and Wolff (1985); Ree99 Reese et al. (1999); Haa/Hoi83 Haag and Hoigné (1983); Wag/Str87 Wagner and Strehlow (1987); Sut65 Sutton et al. (1965); Sut/DOW72 Sutton and Downes (1972); Mat03 Matthew et al. (2003); Ree97 Reese (1997); Buc/Mil53 Buckles and Mills (1953); Ami/Tre70 Amichai and Treinin (1970); Bux/Dai68 Buxton and Dainton (1968); Schw/Bie86 Schwarz and Bielski (1986); You50 Young (1950); Her97 Herrmann et al. (1997); Tro/Mar91 Troy and Margerum (1991); Gla02 von Glasow et al. (2002a); Pun59 Pungor et al. (1959); Hui91 Huie et al. (1991); Kum/Mar87 Kumar and Margerum (1987); Mer/Lin94 Merényi and Lind (1994); Bux07 Buxton and Mulazzani (2007); Mag97 Magi et al. (1997); Fur87 Furrow (1987); Bux86 Buxton et al. (1986); Chi/Sim96 Chinake and Simoyi (1996); Schm00 Schmitz (2000); Ols/Eps91 Olsen and Epstein (1991); Pec07 Pechtl et al. (2007); Mar86 Margerum et al. (1986); Nag88 Nagy et al. (1988); Buc/Mil54 Buckles and Mills (1954); Len96 Lengyel et al. (1996); Cit/Eps88 Citri and Epstein (1988)

Table S17 Aqueous phase equilibria

	Reaction	K^a	$k_{f,298}^b$	E_A/R^c	Reference	$k_{b,298}^b$	E_A/R^c	Reference	Comm.
E1 \otimes	$\text{Cl} + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cl}_2^-$	1.4×10^5	8.5×10^9		<i>Bux98</i>	6.0×10^4		<i>Bux98</i>	
E2	$\text{Cl}_2 + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cl}_3^-$	0.18	2.0×10^4		<i>Ers04</i>	1.1×10^5		<i>Ers04</i>	
E3 \otimes_d	$\text{Cl}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^- + \text{HOCl}$	$1.9 \times 10^{-5} e^{-4500/T}$	0.4	8000	<i>Wan/Mar94</i>	2.1×10^4	3500	<i>Wan/Mar94</i>	<i>e</i>
E4 \otimes	$\text{HCl} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	1.72×10^6	5.0×10^{11}	-6890	<i>Mar/Elr85</i>	2.9×10^5		<i>Gra/Wes81</i>	<i>f</i>
E5 \oplus	$\text{HOCl} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{ClO}^-$	3.0×10^{-8}	1.5×10^3		<i>Atk96</i>	5.0×10^{10}			<i>g, h</i>
E6 \otimes	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{OH} \rightleftharpoons \text{ClOH}^-$	0.7	4.3×10^9		<i>Jay73</i>	6.1×10^9		<i>Jay73</i>	
E7	$\text{Cl} + \text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{ClOH}^-$	7.83×10^8	1.8×10^{10}		<i>Kla/Wol85</i>	23		<i>Kla/Wol85</i>	
E8 \otimes	$\text{ClOH}^- + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Cl} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	5.1×10^6	2.1×10^{10}		<i>Jay73</i>	4.1×10^3		<i>Jacs97</i>	
E9 \otimes	$\text{ClOH}^- + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cl}_2^- + \text{OH}^-$	2.2×10^{-4}	1.0×10^4		<i>Gri87</i>	4.5×10^7		<i>Gri87</i>	
E10 \otimes	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{SO}_4^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cl} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}$	1.2	2.52×10^8		<i>Bux99a</i>	2.1×10^8		<i>Bux99a</i>	
E11 \otimes	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{NO}_3 \rightleftharpoons \text{Cl} + \text{NO}_3^-$	3.4	3.4×10^8	4300	<i>Bux99b</i>	1.0×10^8		<i>Bux99b</i>	
E12 \otimes	$\text{Cl}^- + \text{Fe}^{3+} \rightleftharpoons \text{FeCl}^{2+}$	1.39	3.0×10^3		<i>Mar/Sil64</i>	2.16×10^3			
E13	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClC}(\text{OH})_2\text{O}_2$	367	1.1×10^7			3.0×10^4			<i>i</i>
E14	$\text{CH}_2\text{ClCOOH} \rightleftharpoons$ $\text{CH}_2\text{ClCOO}^- + \text{H}^+$	1.75×10^{-5}	8.75×10^5	-46		5.0×10^{10}			<i>i</i>
E15 \otimes	$\text{Br} + \text{Br}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}_2^-$	6.32×10^5	1.2×10^{10}		<i>Mer/Lin94</i>	1.9×10^4		<i>Mer/Lin94</i>	
E16	$\text{Br}_2 + \text{Br}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}_3^-$	17.5	9.6×10^8		<i>Ers04</i>	5.5×10^7		<i>Ers04</i>	
E17 \otimes_{\oplus}	$\text{Br}_2 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons$ $\text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{HOBr}$	1.06×10^{-10}	1.7	7500	<i>Bec96</i>	1.6×10^{10}		<i>Bec96</i>	<i>d</i>
E18 \oplus	$\text{HBr} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^-$	1.0×10^9	5.0×10^{11}		<i>Atk96</i>	5.0×10^2			<i>j, k, l</i>
E19 \oplus	$\text{HOBr} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{BrO}^-$	2.0×10^{-9}	100		<i>Atk96</i>	5.0×10^{10}			<i>g, h</i>
E20 \otimes	$\text{Br}^- + \text{OH} \rightleftharpoons \text{BrOH}^-$	333	1.1×10^{10}		<i>Zeh/Rab72</i>	3.3×10^7		<i>Zeh/Rab72</i>	
E21 \otimes_d	$\text{Br} + \text{OH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BrOH}^-$	3.1×10^3	1.3×10^{10}		<i>Kla/Wol85</i>	4.2×10^6		<i>Zeh/Rab72</i>	
E22 \otimes	$\text{BrOH}^- + \text{H}^+ \rightleftharpoons \text{Br} + \text{H}_2\text{O}$	1.8×10^{12}	4.4×10^{10}		<i>Zeh/Rab72</i>	2.45×10^{-2}		<i>Kla/Wol85</i>	
E23 \otimes	$\text{BrOH}^- + \text{Br}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}_2^- + \text{OH}^-$	70	1.9×10^8		<i>Zeh/Rab72</i>	2.7×10^6		<i>Vio81</i>	

Table S17 (continued) Aqueous phase equilibria

	Reaction	K^a	$k_{f,298}^a$	E_A/R^b	Reference	$k_{b,298}^a$	E_A/R^b	Reference	Comm.
E24 \oplus	$\text{HOBr} + \text{HOBr} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{HBrO}_2$	6.7×10^{-12}	2.0×10^{-5}		<i>Fie86,</i> <i>Fie/For86</i>	3.0×10^6		<i>Fie/For86</i>	
E25 \oplus	$\text{HBrO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{BrO}_2^-$	1.3×10^{-5}	6.3×10^5		<i>Fie86</i>	5.0×10^{10}			<i>g, h</i>
E26 \oplus	$\text{HOBr} + \text{HBrO}_2 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^- + \text{BrO}_3^-$	1.7	3.2		<i>Fie86,</i> <i>Fie/For86</i>	2.0		<i>Fie/For86</i>	
E27 \oplus	$\text{HBrO}_2 + \text{HBrO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{HOBr} + \text{H}^+ + \text{BrO}_3^-$	3.0×10^{11}	3.0×10^3		<i>Fie86,</i> <i>Fie/For86</i>	1.0×10^{-8}		<i>Fie/For86</i>	
E28 \oplus	$\text{Br}_2\text{O}_4 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{H}^+ + \text{BrO}_3^- + \text{HBrO}_2$	52.6	2.2×10^3		<i>Fie86,</i> <i>Fie/For86</i>	42		<i>Fie/For86</i>	
E29 \oplus	$\text{Br}_2\text{O}_4 \rightleftharpoons 2\text{BrO}_2$	5.3×10^{-5}	7.4×10^4		<i>Fie86,</i> <i>Fie/For86</i>	1.4×10^9		<i>Fie/For86</i>	
E30	$\text{Br}^- + \text{CO}_3^{2-} \rightleftharpoons \text{Br} + \text{CO}_3^{2-}$	0.05	1.0×10^5		<i>Mat/Ana06</i>	2.0×10^6		<i>Mat/Ana06</i>	<i>h, l</i>
E31 \oplus	$\text{BrCl} \xrightleftharpoons{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \text{HOBr} + \text{H}^+ + \text{Cl}^-$	1.8×10^{-5}	1.0×10^5		<i>Wan94</i>	5.6×10^9			<i>k</i>
E32	$\text{BrCl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}^- + \text{Cl}$	1.6×10^{-7}	1.9×10^3		<i>Don02</i>	1.2×10^{10}		<i>Don02</i>	
E33	$\text{BrCl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br} + \text{Cl}^-$	6.1×10^{-4}	6.1×10^4		<i>Don02</i>	1.0×10^8		<i>Don02</i>	
E34	$\text{BrCl}^- + \text{Br}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}_2^- + \text{Cl}^-$	1.86×10^3	8.0×10^9		<i>Ers04</i>	4.3×10^6		<i>Ers04</i>	
E35	$\text{BrCl}^- + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Cl}_2^- + \text{Br}^-$	2.75×10^{-8}	110		<i>Ers04</i>	4.0×10^9		<i>Ers04</i>	
E36 \oplus	$\text{Br}_2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BrCl} + \text{Br}^-$	5.6×10^{-5}	4.3×10^5		<i>Wan94</i>	7.7×10^9			<i>j, m</i>
E37 \ominus	$\text{Br}_2\text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}_2 + \text{Cl}^-$	0.76	3.8×10^4		<i>Wan94</i>	5.0×10^4		<i>Mat/Ana06</i>	<i>h, l</i>
E38 \ominus	$\text{BrCl}_2^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BrCl} + \text{Cl}^-$	0.17	1.7×10^5		<i>Ers04</i>	1.0×10^6		<i>Ers04</i>	
E39 \ominus	$\text{BrCl}_2^- \rightleftharpoons \text{Br}^- + \text{Cl}_2$	1.5×10^{-6}	9.0×10^3		<i>Ers04</i>	6.0×10^9		<i>Ers04</i>	
E40	$\text{Br}^- + \text{ClOH}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BrCl}^- + \text{OH}^-$	333.3	1.0×10^9		<i>Mat/Ana06</i>	3.0×10^6		<i>Mat/Ana06</i>	<i>l, m</i>
E41	$\text{BrOH}^- + \text{Cl}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{BrCl}^- + \text{OH}^-$	9.5	1.9×10^8		<i>Mat/Ana06</i>	2.0×10^7		<i>Mat/Ana06</i>	<i>h, l</i>
E42	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_2\text{BrC}(\text{OH})_2\text{O}_2$	367	1.1×10^7			3.0×10^4			<i>i</i>
E43	$\text{CH}_2\text{BrCOOH} \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_2\text{BrCOO}^- + \text{H}^+$	1.75×10^{-5}	8.75×10^5	-46		5.0×10^{10}			<i>i</i>
E44	$\text{I} + \text{I}^- \rightleftharpoons \text{I}_2^-$	1.36×10^5	9.1×10^9		<i>Bux07</i>	6.7×10^4		<i>Bux07</i>	

Table S17 (continued) Aqueous phase equilibria

	Reaction	K^a	$k_{f,298}^a$	E_A/R^b	Reference	$k_{b,298}^a$	E_A/R^b	Reference	Comm.
E45	$I_2 + I^- \rightleftharpoons I_3^-$	713	6.2×10^9		<i>Bux07</i>	8.7×10^6		<i>Bux07</i>	
E46	$HI \rightleftharpoons H^+ + I^-$	3.2×10^9	5.0×10^{11}		<i>Schw00</i>	156			<i>j, k, l</i>
E47	$HOI \rightleftharpoons H^+ + IO^-$	3.16×10^{-11}	1.58		<i>Lid95</i>	5.0×10^{10}			<i>g, h</i>
E48	$HOI + H^+ + I^- \xrightleftharpoons{H_2O} I_2$	1.47×10^{12}	4.4×10^{12}		<i>Eig/Kus62</i>	3.0		<i>Eig/Kus62</i>	<i>j, m</i>
E49	$HOI + HOI \rightleftharpoons HIO_2 + H^+ + I^-$	1.25×10^{-9}	25		<i>Schm04</i>	2.0×10^{10}		<i>Edb87</i>	<i>j, m</i>
E50	$HOI + HOI \rightleftharpoons IO_2^- + 2H^+ + I^-$	1.25×10^{-9}	25		<i>Schm04</i>	2.0×10^{10}			<i>h, j, m</i>
E51	$HIO_2 \rightleftharpoons H^+ + IO_2^-$	2.51×10^{-2}	1.26×10^9			5.0×10^{10}			<i>g, h</i>
E52	$HIO_3 \rightleftharpoons H^+ + IO_3^-$	0.17	8.5×10^9		<i>Lid95</i>	5.0×10^{10}			<i>g, h</i>
E53	$HIO_2 + HOI \rightleftharpoons IO_3^- + I^- + 2H^+$	0.2	2.4×10^2		<i>Fur87</i>	1.2×10^3		<i>Schm00</i>	
E54	$IO_2^- + HOI \rightleftharpoons IO_3^- + I^- + H^+$	0.2	2.4×10^2			1.2×10^3		<i>Schm00</i>	<i>l</i>
E55	$IO_2^- + I_2 \xrightleftharpoons{H_2O} IO_3^- + 2I^- + 2H^+$	1.3×10^{-13}	5.5×10^{-5}			4.2×10^8		<i>Schm00</i>	<i>l, m</i>
E56	$IBr + I^- \rightleftharpoons I_2 + Br^-$	4.2×10^5	2.0×10^9		<i>Far93</i>	4.74×10^3		<i>Far93</i>	<i>m</i>
E57	$HOI + H^+ + Cl^- \xrightleftharpoons{H_2O} ICl$	1.2×10^4	2.9×10^{10}		<i>Wan89</i>	2.4×10^6		<i>Wan89</i>	<i>j, m</i>
E58	$HOI + H^+ + Br^- \xrightleftharpoons{H_2O} IBr$	5.1×10^6	4.1×10^{12}		<i>Far93</i>	8.0×10^5		<i>Far93</i>	<i>j, m</i>
E59	$ICl + Cl^- \rightleftharpoons ICl_2^-$	77	4.24×10^9			5.5×10^7			<i>g, h</i>
E60	$IBr + Br^- \rightleftharpoons IBr_2^-$	290	4.93×10^6			1.7×10^5			<i>g, h</i>
E61	$ICl + Br^- \rightleftharpoons IClBr^-$	1.8×10^4	7.7×10^9			4.3×10^5			<i>h, l, n</i>
E62	$IBr + Cl^- \rightleftharpoons IClBr^-$	1.3	5.0×10^4			3.8×10^4			<i>h, l, n</i>

Table S17 (continued) Aqueous phase equilibria

	Reaction	K^a	$k_{f,298}^a$	E_A/R^b	Reference	$k_{b,298}^a$	E_A/R^b	Reference	Comm.
E63	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_2\text{IC}(\text{OH})_2\text{O}_2$	367	1.1×10^7			3.0×10^4			<i>i</i>
E64	$\text{CH}_2\text{ICOOH} \rightleftharpoons \text{CH}_2\text{ICOO}^- + \text{H}^+$	1.75×10^{-5}	8.75×10^5	-46		5.0×10^{10}			<i>i</i>

⊗already implemented in CAPRAM; ⊙update of CAPRAM; ⊕already implemented in the Halogen Module 1.0; ⊖update of the Halogen Module 1.0 (when subscripts are present in remarks: superscripts concern only forward reaction and subscript concern only backward reaction)

^ain $\text{M}^{\text{m}-\text{n}}$, n order of reaction of forward reaction, m order of reaction of backward reaction; ^bin $\text{M}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$; ^cin K; ^dnow implemented as equilibrium in CAPRAM; ^ecorrection of CAPRAM value; ^f k_f = speed of hydrogen bond breaking in water; ^g k_f calculated based on K ; ^h k_b estimated; ⁱestimated X = H (X = Cl, Br, I) ^jdiffusion controlled; ^k k_b calculated based on K ; ^l k_f estimated; ^mupper limit; ⁿ K estimated

^{Bux98}Buxton et al. (1998); ^{Ers04}Ershov (2004); ^{Wan/Mar94}Wang and Margerum (1994); ^{Mar/Elr85}Marsh and McElroy (1985); ^{Gra/Wes81}Graedel and Weschler (1981); ^{Atk96}ATKINS, 1996; ^{Jay73}Jayson et al. (1973); ^{Kla/Wol85}Klänning and Wolff (1985); ^{Jacs97}Jacobsen et al. (1997); ^{Gri87}Grigor'ev et al. (1987); ^{Bux99a}Buxton et al. (1999a); ^{Bux99b}Buxton et al. (1999b); ^{Mar/Sil64}Martell and Sillen (1964); ^{Mer/Lin94}Merényi and Lind (1994); ^{Bec96}Beckwith et al. (1996); ^{Zeh/Rab72}Zehavi and Rabani (1972); ^{Vio81}Fornier de Violet (1981); ^{Fie86}FIELD, 1986; ^{Fie/For86}Field and Försterling (1986); ^{Mat/Ana06}Matthew and Anastasio (2006); ^{Wan94}Wang et al. (1994); ^{Don02}Donati (2002); ^{Bux07}Buxton and Mulazzani (2007); ^{Eig/Kus62}Eigen and Kustin (1962); ^{Schw00}Schweitzer et al. (2000); ^{Lid95}Lide et al. (1995); ^{Schm04}Schmitz (2004); ^{Edb87}Edblom et al. (1987); ^{Schm00}Schmitz (2000); ^{Far93}Faria et al. (1993); ^{Wan89}Wang et al. (1989); ^{Tro91}Troy et al. (1991); ^{Tro/Mar91}Troy and Margerum (1991)

S4 Estimation of rate constants of reactions with lumped species

For reactions of chlorine with lumped model species, rate constants had to be synthesised from the individual rate constants of the real species. The overall rate constants were calculated by scaling the individual rate constants based on their fraction of the model species (Equation 1). The size of the fractions was determined according to the emission rates used in RACM as described in [Middleton et al. \(1990\)](#).

$$k_{298} = \frac{\sum_i x_i k_i}{\sum_i x_i} \quad (1)$$

k_{298} overall rate constant of the model species at 298 K in $\text{cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$

k_i individual rate constant in $\text{cm}^3 \text{ molecules}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$

x_i fraction of the individual species to the overall model species

Table S18 shows the kinetic data of the individual species used to synthesise the overall rate constant to the model species. Information is also given about the fractions of the individual species of the model species. In Table S19, the synthesised rate constants are shown as well as the percentages of those species that were covered by kinetic data.

Table S18 Kinetic data used for synthesising rate constants of the reactions of chlorine with the lumped model species HC3, HC5, HC8 and TOL

Reactant	k^a	Reference	Fraction ^b
HC3			
C ₃ H ₈	1.40×10^{-10}	Atkinson et al. (2006)	0.029
<i>n</i> -C ₄ H ₁₀	2.05×10^{-10}	Atkinson et al. (2006)	0.443
<i>i</i> -C ₄ H ₁₀	1.43×10^{-10}	Atkinson et al. (2006)	0.012
CH ₃ C(CH ₃) ₂ C ₂ H ₅	1.71×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	<0.001
C ₂ H ₂	$k_0 = 6.1 \times 10^{-30}$ $\times (T/300)^{-3} [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 2.0 \times 10^{-10}$	Atkinson et al. (2006)	0.095
CH ₃ OH	5.5×10^{-11}	Atkinson et al. (2006)	0.007
C ₂ H ₅ OH	$8.6 \times 10^{-11} e^{45/T}$	Atkinson et al. (2006)	0.345
HC5			
<i>i</i> -C ₅ H ₁₂	2.2×10^{-10}	Atkinson et al. (2008a)	0.192
<i>n</i> -C ₆ H ₁₄	3.4×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.109
<i>n</i> -C ₅ H ₁₂	2.8×10^{-10}	Atkinson et al. (2008a)	0.108
(CH ₃) ₂ CHC ₃ H ₇	2.9×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.051
CH ₃ CH ₂ CH(CH ₃)C ₂ H ₅	2.8×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.032
CH ₃ CH(CH ₃)CH(CH ₃)CH ₃	2.3×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.020
<i>i</i> -C ₃ H ₇ OH	8.6×10^{-11}	Atkinson et al. (2007)	0.307
<i>n</i> -C ₃ H ₇ OH	$1.6 \times 10^{-11} e^{-130/T}$	Atkinson et al. (2007)	<0.001
HC8			
<i>n</i> -C ₇ H ₁₆	3.9×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.129
C ₇ H ₁₆	4.95×10^{-10}	estimation with data of Atkinson et al. (2008a)	0.098
<i>n</i> -C ₈ H ₁₈	4.6×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.028

Table S18 (continued) Kinetic data used for synthesising rate constants of the reactions of chlorine with the lumped model species HC3, HC5, HC8 and TOL

Reactant	k^a	Reference	Fraction ^b
C ₂ H ₅ CH(CH ₃)C ₃ H ₇	3.11×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.024
<i>n</i> -C ₁₁ H ₂₄	6.17×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.023
C ₆ H ₁₂	3.5×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.020
<i>n</i> -C ₉ H ₂₀	4.8×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.012
<i>n</i> -C ₁₀ H ₂₂	5.55×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.008
<i>n</i> -C ₁₂ H ₂₆	6.74×10^{-10}	Pilling et al. (2008)	0.008
TOL			
C ₆ H ₆	1.3×10^{-15}	Shi and Bernhard (1997)	0.100
CH ₃ C ₆ H ₆	5.9×10^{-11}	Shi and Bernhard (1997)	0.690

^ain cm³ molecules⁻¹ s⁻¹, ^bof the individual compounds to the overall model species

Table S19 Overall rate constants of the reactions of chlorine with the model species HC3, HC5, HC8 and TOL

Reactant	k^a	Fraction ^b
HC3	$1.41 \times 10^{-10} e^{13/T}$	0.93
HC5	2.14×10^{-10}	0.82
HC8	4.38×10^{-10}	0.33
TOL	5.15×10^{-11}	0.79

^ain cm³ molecules⁻¹ s⁻¹, ^bcovered by kinetic data

S5 Estimation of gas phase diffusion coefficients

Data for gas phase diffusion coefficients D_g are very restricted. The only known values for halogen compounds are those of Cl₂ and Br₂ by Schwartz (1986) and the one of HCl by Marsh and McElroy (1985).

All other data had to be estimated. Therefore, the Fuller-Schettler-Giddings (FSG) method was used, which calculates the gas phase diffusion coefficient D_g as a function of the molecular weight of the compound considered (M_i) and the air (M_j) as well as the diffusion volumes ($v_{i/j}$) of those species. Further dependencies are the temperature T and the pressure p of the ambient air:

$$D_{ij} = 0.0101 \frac{T^{1.75} \left(\frac{1}{M_i} + \frac{1}{M_j} \right)^{1/2}}{p [(\sum v_i)^{1/3} + (\sum v_j)^{1/3}]^2} \quad (2)$$

$D_{i/j}$ Gas phase diffusion coefficients of the halogen species i in the medium j (air)
 $M_{i/j}$ Molar masses of the halogen species i and the medium j
 $v_{i/j}$ Diffusion volumes of the halogen species i and the medium j
 T Temperature
 p Pressure

The FSG method provides values for the diffusion volumes of compounds containing C, N, S, O, H, and Cl atoms. Diffusion volumes of molecules can be calculated by summing up the individual diffusion volumes of atoms part of that molecule. Furthermore, the method provides values for diffusion volumes of simple molecules such as Cl_2 and Br_2 .

The FSG method allows for the immediate calculation of the gas phase diffusion coefficients of chlorine containing species. For bromine containing species, the diffusion volume of Br atoms is missing. However, the methods provides a value for Br_2 with whom it is possible to estimate the diffusion volume of Br atoms. Therefore, the diffusion volume of Br_2 was scaled by the ratio of the diffusion volumes of atomic and molecular chlorine Cl_2/Cl to derive a value of 34.8 for v_{Br} .

No data was available for the diffusion coefficients of iodine species. Therefore, a new estimation approach had to be used. Figure S11 shows a good correlation between the diffusion volume and the molar mass. For the linear regression only atoms have been used since the scattering increases when considering molecules. The regression line has been forced through the origin for physical reasons leading to

$$D_g = (0.315 \pm 0.033) \cdot M_i.$$

With this regression a atomic diffusion volume of 40 cm^3 could be calculated for I atoms.

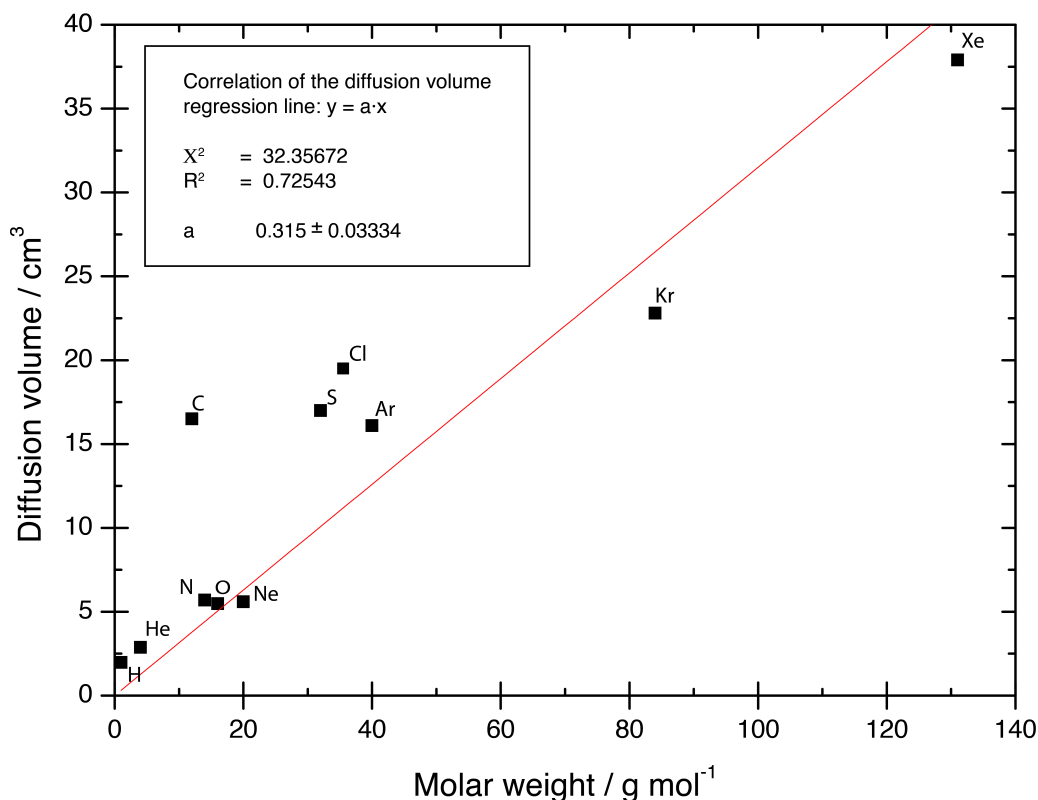


Figure S11 Estimation of diffusion volumes.

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