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Table 3: Secondary key forensic and behavioural outcomes: Police records of offending behaviour and recorded crimes

	Group (n) and between-group significance	Proportion free of offending behaviour (%)	All crimes Mean (SD) [% offenders]	Violent crimes Mean (SD) [% offenders]	Non-violent crimes Mean (SD) [% offenders]
6 months–baseline	MST (n=338)	63.4	0.7 (1.5) [32]	0.24 (0.7) [17]	0.3 (0.7) [21]
	MAU (n=338)	67.6	0.7 (1.4) [37]	0.24 (0.6) [16]	0.4 (0.8) [23]
6-month follow-up	MST (n=338)	75.3	0.5 (1.2) [25]	0.2 (0.7) [13]	0.2 (0.6) [14]
	MAU (n=338)	71.1	0.7 (1.6) [29]	0.2 (0.6) [14]	0.3 (0.8) [18]
	Effect (95% CI)	Not estimated	−0.21 (−0.55 to 0.13)	−0.12 (−0.59 to 0.35)	−0.28 (−0.69 to 0.13)
	p value	Not estimated	0.23	0.61	0.18
12-month follow-up	MST (n=338)	77.4	0.5 (1.4) [23]	0.2 (0.7) [11]	0.2 (0.8) [13]
	MAU (n=338)	75.8	0.6 (1.4) [24]	0.2 (0.6) [11]	0.2 (0.6) [14]
	Difference (95% CI)	Not estimated	0.02 (−0.33 to 0.37)	−0.02 (−0.5 to 0.46)	0.2 (−0.23 to 0.63)
	p value	Not estimated	0.91	0.94	0.37
18-month follow-up	MST (n=338)	80.3	0.5 (1.7) [20]	0.2 (0.7) [8]	0.2 (0.8) [10]
	MAU (n=338)	84.4	0.3 (0.8) [16]	0.1 (0.3) [6]	0.1 (0.4) [8]
	Difference (95% CI)	Not estimated	0.65 (0.28 to 1.02)	0.51 (−0.05 to 1.07)	0.48 (−0.01 to 0.97)
	p value	Not estimated	0.00067	0.076	0.052

Data were obtained from the Police National Computer database. The models are mixed-effects random intercept logistic models for binary data and Poisson regression models for count data. MAU=management as usual. MST=Multisystemic Therapy. *Proportion free of offending behaviour was not tested for difference between arms as it was not a prespecified endpoint.