This is a repository copy of *Economic inequalities in burden of illness, diagnosis and treatment of five long-term conditions in England: panel study.*.

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Version: Supplemental Material

Article:

Supplemental file 1

Supplemental Table 1. Odds ratios for meeting the 'illness burden' criteria for angina, cataract, depression, diabetes and osteoarthritis, medical diagnosis for those estimated to have a condition, and treatment for those with a diagnosis, comparing the least wealthy with the most wealthy: binomial regression

	Adjusted odds ratios* (95% CI)			
Condition	**Illness burden**	**Medical diagnosis**	**Treatment**	**N in treatment†**
	(Wave 3)	**(Wave 4)**	**(Wave 5)**	
Angina	**8.7** (5.5, 13.8)	1.4 (0.5, 4.0)	1.6 (0.3, 9.0)	11
Cataract	**8.2** (5.1, 13.1)	1.0 (0.3, 3.1)	**2.2** (1.2, 3.8)	83
Osteoarthritis	**12.7** (9.1, 17.8)	0.7 (0.3, 1.6)	0.7 (0.3, 1.6)	30
	Illness burden	**Medical diagnosis**	**Treatment**	**N in treatment†**
	(Wave 2)	**(Wave 3)**	**(Wave 4)**	
Depression	**5.1** (4.3, 6.2)	0.4 (0.1, 1.4)	17.3 (0.5, 604)	12
Diabetes	**4.4** (2.5, 8.0)	0.1 (0.0, 3.6)	0.5 (0.2, 1.1)	99

*adjusted for age group and sex
†followed through the waves
Waves used in analysis were the most recent with available data
Odds ratios where the 95% confidence intervals do not include 1 (before rounding to one decimal place) are shown in bold