

This is a repository copy of Cognitive Behaviour Therapy for Anorexia Nervosa: Outcomes in Routine Clinical Practice.

White Rose Research Online URL for this paper: http://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/103605/

Version: Accepted Version

#### Article:

Waller, G. orcid.org/0000-0001-7794-9546 and Kelly, J. (2016) Cognitive Behaviour Therapy for Anorexia Nervosa: Outcomes in Routine Clinical Practice. European Eating Disorders Review, 24 (4). E22-E22. ISSN 1072-4133

https://doi.org/10.1002/erv.2456

"This is the peer reviewed version of the following article: Waller, Glenn, and Jonathan Kelly. "Cognitive Behaviour Therapy for Anorexia Nervosa: Outcomes in Routine Clinical Practice." EUROPEAN EATING DISORDERS REVIEW. Vol. 24. No. 4. 111 RIVER ST, HOBOKEN 07030-5774, NJ USA: WILEY-BLACKWELL, 2016., which has been published in final form at https://dx.doi.org/10.1002/erv.2456. This article may be used for non-commercial purposes in accordance with Wiley Terms and Conditions for Self-Archiving."

#### Reuse

Unless indicated otherwise, fulltext items are protected by copyright with all rights reserved. The copyright exception in section 29 of the Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988 allows the making of a single copy solely for the purpose of non-commercial research or private study within the limits of fair dealing. The publisher or other rights-holder may allow further reproduction and re-use of this version - refer to the White Rose Research Online record for this item. Where records identify the publisher as the copyright holder, users can verify any specific terms of use on the publisher's website.

### **Takedown**

If you consider content in White Rose Research Online to be in breach of UK law, please notify us by emailing eprints@whiterose.ac.uk including the URL of the record and the reason for the withdrawal request.



## Authors:

Glenn Waller & Jonathan Kelly

### Presenter:

Glenn Waller

#### Title:

Cognitive Behaviour Therapy for Anorexia Nervosa: Outcomes in Routine Clinical Practice

#### Abstract:

## **Background**

While not the most common of the eating disorders, anorexia nervosa among adults is the most resistant to treatment. While psychological therapies have demonstrated some benefits in clinical trials, those effects are relatively weak, with recovery rates of only 0-30%. It is not known whether those effects replicate in routine clinical practice. This paper will report on the preliminary outcomes of a naturalistic study of outcomes in patients with anorexia nervosa, over the course of up to 30 sessions of cognitive behavioural therapy (CBT).

#### **Methods**

Entry to the case series will be closed in December 2015, with an expected N of c.40 patients who have entered outpatient CBT for anorexia nervosa, undertaken in two NHS clinics in the UK from 2012-2015. Sessional symptom data (particularly BMI) and psychometric measures have been collected routinely across therapy.

### Results

Attrition rates will be reported. Outcomes (completer and intention to treat analyses) will be presented in terms of clinical change and remission rates.

# **Discussion**

The outcomes will be compared to those from recent randomised controlled trials, to determine whether the results of more tightly controlled studies are generalizable to routine clinical practice.