UNIVERSITY of York

This is a repository copy of A DiCre recombinase-based system for inducible expression in Leishmania major.

White Rose Research Online URL for this paper: <u>https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/119532/</u>

Version: Accepted Version

Article:

Santos, Renato E R S, Silva, Gabriel L A, Santos, Elaine V et al. (4 more authors) (2017) A DiCre recombinase-based system for inducible expression in Leishmania major. MOLECULAR AND BIOCHEMICAL PARASITOLOGY. pp. 45-48. ISSN 0166-6851

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.molbiopara.2017.06.006

Reuse

Items deposited in White Rose Research Online are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved unless indicated otherwise. They may be downloaded and/or printed for private study, or other acts as permitted by national copyright laws. The publisher or other rights holders may allow further reproduction and re-use of the full text version. This is indicated by the licence information on the White Rose Research Online record for the item.

Takedown

If you consider content in White Rose Research Online to be in breach of UK law, please notify us by emailing eprints@whiterose.ac.uk including the URL of the record and the reason for the withdrawal request.



eprints@whiterose.ac.uk https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/

1	A DiCre recombinase-based system for inducible expression in Leishmania
2	major
3	
4	
5	Renato E. R. S. Santos ¹ , Gabriel L. A. Silva ¹ , Elaine V. Santos ¹ , Samuel M. Duncan ² ,
6	Jeremy C. Mottram ^{2,3} , Jeziel D. Damasceno ^{1*} and Luiz R. O. Tosi ^{1*}
7	
8	
9	¹ Department of Cell and Molecular Biology; Ribeirão Preto Medical School,
10	University of São Paulo; Ribeirão Preto, SP, Brazil.
11	
12 13	² Wellcome Centre for Molecular Parasitology, Institute of Infection, Immunity and Inflammation, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom.
14	
15	³ Centre for Immunology and Infection, Department of Biology; University of York;
16	York, UK.
17	
18 19 20 21	* To whom correspondence should be addressed. jezielbqi@gmail.com and luiztosi@fmrp.usp.br Tel: + 55 16 36023117; Fax: +55 16 36020728.
22	
23	Keywords: DiCre recombinase; Leishmania; inducible expression; DNA damage
24	response; 9-1-1 complex; Rad9-Rad1-Hus1.
25	
26	
27	Abstract
28	Here we present the establishment of an inducible system based on the
29	dimerizable Cre recombinase (DiCre) for controlled gene expression in the protozoan
30	parasite Leishmania. Rapamycin-induced DiCre activation promoted efficient flipping
31	and expression of gene products in a time and dose-dependent manner. The DiCre
32	flipping activity induced the expression of target genes from both integrated and
33	episomal contexts broadening the applicability of the system. We validated the
34	system by inducing the expression of both full length and truncated forms of the
35	checkpoint protein Rad9, which revealed that the highly divergent C-terminal domain
36	of Rad9 is necessary for proper subcellular localization. Thus, by establishing the
37	DiCre-based inducible system we have created and validated a robust new tool for
38	assessing gene function in Leishmania.

40 The genus Leishmania encompasses over 20 species, including those that 41 are the causative agents of devastating human diseases worldwide collectively called 42 leishmaniasis [1]. The Leishmania genome is organized in directional gene clusters 43 that may include hundreds of genes from which transcription occurs in a polycistronic 44 fashion. No canonical RNA Pol II promoters have been identified in this parasite and 45 gene expression regulation seems to have been devolved to post-transcriptional 46 processes [2]. The remarkable genome plasticity of Leishmania, which leads to 47 frequent genome rearrangements, not only impacts gene expression control, but also 48 hinders the genetic manipulation of the parasite [3,4]. Therefore, a dependable and 49 robust genetic toolkit is necessary for effective post-genomic functional studies in this 50 protozoan.

39

51 Over the past decades, a collection of genetic manipulation tools for 52 Leishmania has been introduced. For instance, transient and stable transfection, 53 gene replacement and disruption, expression vectors and functional 54 complementation and rescue are well-established and reliable tools [5-7]. More 55 recently, the introduction of protein stabilization strategies [8,9] a tetracycline-56 inducible system for protein expression [10], the dimerizable Cre recombinase 57 (DiCre)-based system for inducible knockouts [11,12] and the establishment of 58 CRISPR cas9 genome editing [13] has further improved our capacity to address 59 peculiar aspects of this parasite's biology. Given the stringent regulation of DiCre 60 recombinase activity and the variety of strategies for genetic regulation conferred by 61 the use of loxP recombination sites [14,15], we decided to adapt the DiCre-based 62 inducible system for controlled gene expression in *Leishmania major*. Our strategy 63 involves the generation of a cell line constitutively expressing DiCre recombinase and 64 carrying an inverted gene of interest flanked by *cis* orientated loxP sites. These 65 constructs are integrated into the 18S rRNA locus and expressed under the control of 66 the Pol I promoter. The antisense orientation of the gene of interest prevents 67 transcription of coding RNA from the positive strand until activation of DiCre 68 recombinase activity by rapamycin treatment. Once activated, DiCre catalyzes the 69 'flip' of the sequence flanked by *cis* loxP sites, resulting in transcription of a coding 70 RNA and subsequent protein expression (Figure S1A). To prevent continual gene 71 'flipping' by loxP site recombination we employed left-element mutant (lox66) and 72 right-element mutant (lox77) sites [16]. These mutated lox sequences act as sites of 73 recombination to generate a wild-type loxP site and a double mutant Lox72 site for 74 which DiCre has a dramatically reduced affinity. As such, a single recombination

event is favoured upon DiCre recombinase induction, thereby preventing re-

76 inversion, leading to continual expression of the gene of interest (Figure S1B).

77 The advantages of this approach include: (i) the use of fewer transfection 78 rounds and, consequently, fewer selectable markers when compared to the 79 tetracycline-inducible system developed for L. mexicana by Kraeva and colleagues 80 [10]; (ii) the possibility to induce expression of gene products from both chromosomal 81 and/or episomal contexts; (iii) the system promotes a non-leaky expression that can 82 be induced in a time and dosage-dependent manner; (iv) the possibility to compare 83 the expression of endogenous and mutated proteins including the conditional 84 expression of deleterious gene products.

85 To create the system, plasmid pGL2339 (Figure S2A) was digested and the 86 array encoding the blasticidin resistance cassette and the dimerizable Cre 87 recombinase subunits was integrated into the ribosomal locus to generate the 88 DiCre^{SSU} cell line (Figures 1A and Table S2). Next, the plasmid pGL2332 (Figure 89 S2B) was digested and the lox66/lox77-flanked 6xHA-GFP cassette containing the 90 puromycin resistance marker was integrated into the ribosomal locus of the DiCre^{SSU} 91 cell line to generate the GFP^{flox} cell line (Figures 1B and Table S2). Both integration 92 events were confirmed by PCR analysis, which also ascertained that the 6xHA-GFP 93 coding sequence was present in the antisense orientation in the GFP^{flox} cell line (Figure 1C). To test the system and the DiCre flipping activity, the GFP^{flox} cell line 94 95 was incubated with the DiCre dimerization ligand, rapamycin, and the inversion of the 96 GFP cassette was confirmed by PCR analysis using the appropriate set of primers 97 (Figure 1D). Semi-quantitative PCR analysis showed that the flipping reaction is time 98 dependent and seem to reach its maximal level around 96 hours after induction 99 (Figure S3). Importantly, flipping of the GFP cassette in the absence of rapamycin 100 was not detectable in the PCR analyses shown in Figure 1D or Figure S3, indicating 101 a non-leaky DiCre activity in the GFP^{flox} cells. Upon rapamycin induction, expression 102 of 6xHA-GFP was detectable after 12 hours and its levels were dose and time-103 dependent (Figure 1E). Consistently, 6xHA-GFP was not detectable in the absence 104 of rapamycin, further confirming the stringent regulation of the system (Figure 1E). 105 We further used immunofluorescence analysis (IFA) to examine the expression 106 profile within the population and observed that 6xHA-GFP was detectable by IFA only 107 after rapamycin incubation (Figure 1F). Consistent with the western blot analysis, the 108 IFA also demonstrated the rapamycin dose-dependence of the system (Figure S3) 109 further confirmed by the quantification of GFP corresponding signal (Figure 1G). 110 Besides confirming the tight regulation of the system, this set of data also

demonstrates that the system is suitable for subcellular compartmentalization studiesin this parasite.

113 To expand the limits of the system we tested it for the ability to flip sequences 114 from an episome, which can be found in multiple copies in the cell. To that end, the plasmid pGL2332 was transfected into the DiCre^{SSU} cell line to generate the pGFP^{flox} 115 116 cell line (Figure 1H). PCR analysis confirmed the DiCre background and the 117 presence of the target plasmid (Figure 1I), and the flipping of the 6xHA-GFP cassette 118 upon rapamycin incubation (Figure 1J). Consistently, western blot analysis confirmed 119 the expression of the cassette exclusively in rapamycin treated cells (Figure 1K). 120 These results further demonstrate the tight control of DiCre activity and greatly 121 extend the applicability of the system as a reliable tool for inducible protein 122 expression not only from the genomic context, but also from episomal targets. It is 123 noteworthy that this system it is not expected to be reversible, which can be a 124 disadvantage if reversion of the expressed phenotype is required. However, the 125 irreversibility of the system can be taken an advantageous feature to be explored in 126 both in vitro and in vivo infections assays where inclusion of selection drugs and 127 rapamycin might not be desired.

128 To further validate the DiCre flipping tool we used the protein Rad9, which 129 participates in the Leishmania DNA Damage Response as part of the checkpoint 130 clamp 9-1-1 [17,18]. In eukaryotic cells, Rad9 has an unstructured C-terminal domain 131 that corresponds to $\sim 1/3$ of the protein and is necessary for its function in signalling 132 genotoxic stress [19]. The unstructured C-domain of Leishmania Rad9 is ~3.5x 133 longer than its human counterpart (Figure 2A) and, so far, no function has been 134 reported for this C-terminal extension. To start exploring the function of this C-135 terminal domain, Rad9 full length or C-terminal truncated encoding sequences, were 136 cloned into the pGL6000 vector (Figure S2C), to generate the Rad9-6xHA^{flox} and 137 Rad9∆C'-6xHA^{flox} cassettes, respectively. These constructs were digested and integrated into the ribosomal locus of the DiCreSSU cell line to generate the Rad9^{flox} 138 139 and Rad9 Δ C^{ritox} cell lines, respectively (Figure 2B and Table S2). Proper Integration 140 was confirmed by PCR analysis (Figure 2C) and, as expected, flipping of the 141 cassettes was detected exclusively upon rapamycin incubation (Figure 2D). 142 Accordingly, expression of Rad9-6xHA and Rad9∆C'-6xHA was detectable at 143 comparable levels after induction with rapamycin, as demonstrated by western blot 144 analysis (Figure 2E; upper panel). Anti-Rad9 polyclonal serum was used in western 145 blot analysis to evaluate changes in total Rad9 levels (i.e. Rad9-6xHA plus 146 endogenous Rad9) in the Rad9^{flox} cell line after DiCre activation (Figure 2E; middle

147 panel). Our analysis indicated that, upon induction, Rad9-6xHA was overexpressed 148 when compared to the endogenous Rad9. Quantification of Rad9 signal revealed that 149 up to ~65% of the total Rad9 expressed in these cells corresponded to the induced 150 version of the protein demonstrating that the system can mediate overexpression. 151 Interestingly, the induction of Rad9-6xHA resulted in significant decrease in the levels 152 of endogenous Rad9. However, the same effect was less pronounced when the 153 truncated Rad9₄C'-6xHA was expressed (Figure 2E: middle panel and Figure 2F). 154 These data suggest that *Leishmania* Rad9 levels are under tight regulation, which 155 probably involves the participation of its C-terminal extension. Whether this requires 156 a direct or indirect role of this domain remains to be investigated. We were not able 157 to properly assess Rad9^{\[]}C'-6xHA levels relative to endogenous Rad9 using the 158 polyclonal anti-Rad9 serum. One reason for this is that anti-Rad9 serum detects a 159 faster migrating protein with the same molecular mass as Rad9 Δ C'-6xHA, hindering 160 its detection. Similarly to the endogenous Rad9, the level of this protein was also 161 reduced upon induction of Rad9-6xHA (Figure 2E; middle panel). While the presence 162 of this band could represent cross-detection of an unrelated protein, these data 163 suggest that it could be a processed form of Rad9 and further characterization is 164 needed to clarify this.

165 We also analysed the effect of the deletion of the C-terminal extension on the 166 Rad9 subcellular localization. Using IFA, we observed that in the majority of the cells 167 Rad9-6xHA was almost exclusively found in the nuclear compartment, as previously 168 described for Rad9 [17] (Figures 2G and S4). On the other hand, truncated Rad9∆C'-169 6xHA presented a less defined localization being prominently detected in the 170 cytoplasm of the majority of the cells (Figure 2G and S4). Consistently, quantitative 171 analysis of the IFA data showed that Rad9-6xHA signal is concentrated in the region 172 containing the nuclear DNA staining, while Rad9∆C'-6xHA signal expands beyond 173 the nuclear staining limits (Figure 2H). Based on these data, it is reasonable to 174 conclude that the C-terminal extension is necessary for proper subcellular distribution 175 of Rad9 in Leishmania.

In summary, we have demonstrated that the DiCre-based expression system
described here is a valuable addition to the *Leishmania* genetic manipulation toolkit.
Its use to study the parasite Rad9 revealed important features of the protein,
produced reagents for future studies and proved its value for functional analyses in
this parasite.

181

182 Acknowledgments

- 183 This work was supported by FAPESP Fundação de Amparo à Pesquisa no
- 184 Estado de São Paulo grants 14/06824-8, 14/00751-9, 13/00570-1 and 13/26806-1,
- the Medical Research Council (MR/K019384) and the Wellcome Trust [104111]. The
- 186 Confocal Microscopy Laboratory was supported by FAPESP 04/08868-0. The
- 187 Multiphoton Microscopy Laboratory was supported by FAPESP 09/54014-7. Roberta
- 188 Ribeiro Costa Rosales and Elizabete Rosa Milani for assistance with microscopy
- 189 experiments.
- 190

191 Author contribution

- 192 RERSS performed the experiments, collected data, and critically revised the
- 193 manuscript. GLAS generated and analysed the pGFP^{flox} cell line. EVS conducted the
- 194 anti-Rad9 western blot analysis in Figure 2E. SMD and JCM generated pGL2332 and
- 195 pGL2339 plasmids, provided reagents and critically revised the manuscript. JDD
- 196 generated the DiCre^{SSU} cell line, planned experiments, performed analysis presented
- 197 in Figure 2A, helped acquire data of Figure 2G and wrote the manuscript. LROT
- 198 planned experiments and wrote the manuscript.
- 199
- 200

201 References202

- J. Alvar, I.D. Vélez, C. Bern, M. Herrero, P. Desjeux, J. Cano, J. Jannin, M.
 den Boer, the W.L.C. Team, Leishmaniasis Worldwide and Global Estimates
 of Its Incidence, PLoS One. 7 (2012) e35671.
 doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0035671.
- 207 [2] S. Martínez-Calvillo, S. Yan, D. Nguyen, M. Fox, K. Stuart, P.J. Myler,
 208 Transcription of *Leishmania major* Friedlin Chromosome 1 Initiates in Both
 209 Directions within a Single Region, Mol. Cell. 11 (2003) 1291–1299.
- [3] J.-M. Ubeda, D. Légaré, F. Raymond, A. Ouameur, S. Boisvert, P. Rigault, J.
 Corbeil, M.J. Tremblay, M. Olivier, B. Papadopoulou, M. Ouellette, Modulation
 of gene expression in drug resistant *Leishmania* is associated with gene
 amplification, gene deletion and chromosome aneuploidy, Genome Biol. 9
 (2008) R115.
- [4] M.B. Rogers, J.D. Hilley, N.J. Dickens, J. Wilkes, P.A. Bates, D.P. Depledge,
 D. Harris, Y. Her, P. Herzyk, H. Imamura, T.D. Otto, M. Sanders, K. Seeger,
 J.-C. Dujardin, M. Berriman, D.F. Smith, C. Hertz-Fowler, J.C. Mottram,
 Chromosome and gene copy number variation allow major structural change
 between species and strains of *Leishmania*., Genome Res. 21 (2011) 2129–
 42.
- [5] J.H. LeBowitz, C.M. Coburn, S.M. Beverley, Simultaneous transient
 expression assays of the trypanosomatid parasite *Leishmania* using β galactosidase and β-glucuronidase as reporter enzymes, 1991.
- 224[6]J.D. Damasceno, S.M. Beverley, L.R.O. Tosi, A transposon toolkit for gene225transfer and mutagenesis in protozoan parasites., Genetica. 138 (2010) 301–22611.
- J.N.G. M.J. Duncan S.M, Recent advances in reverse genetics of
 Leishmania: manipulating a manipulative parasite., Unpubl. Data. (2017).

- L. Madeira da Silva, K.L. Owens, S.M.F. Murta, S.M. Beverley, Regulated
 expression of the *Leishmania major* surface virulence factor
 lipophosphoglycan using conditionally destabilized fusion proteins, Proc. Natl.
 Acad. Sci. U. S. A. 106 (2009) 7583–8.
- [9] L. Podešvová, H. Huang, V. Ýurchenko, Inducible protein stabilization system
 in *Leishmania mexicana*, 2017.
- [10] N. Kraeva, A. Ishemgulova, J. Lukeš, V. Yurchenko, Tetracycline-inducible
 gene expression system in *Leishmania mexicana*, 2014.
- [11] S.M. Duncan, E. Myburgh, C. Philipon, E. Brown, M. Meissner, J. Brewer, J.C.
 Mottram, Conditional gene deletion with DiCre demonstrates an essential role
 for CRK3 in *L eishmania mexicana* cell cycle regulation, Mol. Microbiol. 100
 (2016) 931–944.
- [12] T. Beneke, R. Madden, L. Makin, J. Valli, J. Sunter, E. Gluenz, A CRISPR
 Cas9 high-throughput genome editing toolkit for kinetoplastids, R. Soc. Open
 Sci. 4 (2017).
- [13] F.A. Ran, P.D. Hsu, J. Wright, V. Agarwala, D.A. Scott, F. Zhang, Genome engineering using the CRISPR-Cas9 system, Nat. Protoc. 8 (2013) 2281–
 246 2308.
- [14] G.D. Van Duyne, A Structural View of Cre- *loxP* Site-Specific Recombination,
 Annu. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct. 30 (2001) 87–104.
- [15] N. Jullien, F. Sampieri, A. Enjalbert, J.-P. Herman, Regulation of Cre
 recombinase by ligand-induced complementation of inactive fragments.,
 Nucleic Acids Res. 31 (2003) e131.
- [16] H. Albert, E.C. Dale, E. Lee, D.W. Ow, Site-specific integration of DNA into
 wild-type and mutant lox sites placed in the plant genome., Plant J. 7 (1995)
 649–59.
- J.D. Damasceno, V.S. Nunes, L.R.O. Tosi, LmHus1 is required for the DNA
 damage response in *Leishmania major* and forms a complex with an unusual
 Rad9 homologue, Mol. Microbiol. 90 (2013) 1074–1087.
- [18] J.D. Damasceno, R. Obonaga, E. V. Santos, A. Scott, R. McCulloch, L.R.O.
 Tosi, Functional compartmentalization of Rad9 and Hus1 reveals diverse
 assembly of the 9-1-1 complex components during the DNA damage response
 in *Leishmania*, Mol. Microbiol. 101 (2016) 1054–1068.
- V.M. Navadgi-Patil, P.M. Burgers, The unstructured C-terminal tail of the 9-1-1
 clamp subunit Ddc1 activates Mec1/ATR via two distinct mechanisms., Mol.
 Cell. 36 (2009) 743–53.
- 265

- 266 Legends to Figures
- 267

Figure 1. Establishment of an inducible DiCre-based expression system in *L.*

269 major. (A) Schematic representation (not in scale) of the cassette encoding the 270 truncated forms of DiCre after integration into the 18S ribosomal RNA locus (SSU) of 271 L. major wild type cell (LT252) to generate the DiCre^{SSU} cell line; BLA: blasticidin 272 resistance marker. (B) Schematic representation (not in scale) of the 6xHA-GFP 273 cassette (see Figure S1B for details) after integration into the SSU locus of the 274 DiCre^{SSU} cell line (A) to generate the GFP^{flox} cell line; PAC: puromycin resistance 275 marker; upon rapamycin (RAP) addition, the indicated lox sites mediate the flipping of 276 6xHA-GFP cassette allowing its expression. In (A) and (B), black arrows indicate 277 approximate annealing position of primers used for PCR analysis. (C) PCR analysis 278 of genomic DNA (gDNA) using the indicated set of primers (annealing positions 279 shown in (A) and (B)): DHFR-TS was the loading control for all PCR analyses 280 presented in this work. (D) PCR analysis of gDNA from GFP^{flox} cells cultivated in the 281 presence (+) or absence (-) of 100nM RAP for 48h; primers are indicated below each 282 panel (see annealing positions in (B)). (E) Western blot analysis of total cell extracts 283 from the GFP^{flox} cells cultivated with RAP for the indicated periods of time; two 284 distinct cell-equivalent amount of extracts was analysed; anti-HA was used to detect 285 6xHA-GFP; $EF1\alpha$ was the loading control. (F) Immunofluorescence analysis of GFP^{flox} cells cultivated in the presence (+) or absence (-) of 100nM RAP for 48h; 286 287 images were acquired with a DMI 6000B inverted microscope (Leica); n and k 288 indicate nuclear and kinetoplast DNA, respectively; scale bar = 5μ m. (G) GFP^{flox} cells 289 were subject to immunofluorescence as in (F) after cultivation with RAP for 48h; 290 signal corresponding to 6xHA-GFP from individual cells was guantified using Image J 291 software; bars indicate mean +/- Standard Deviation (S.D.); p values by Kruskal-292 Wallis test were: (**) = 0.0057; (***) = 0.0008. (H) The plasmid pGL2332 (Figure 293 S1B) was transfected as a circular episome in the DiCre^{SSU} cells to generate the 294 pGFP^{flox} cell line; as in (B), RAP addition is expected to induce expression of 6xHA-295 GFP: schematic representations are not in scale. (I) PCR analysis of gDNA using the 296 indicated set of primers (annealing positions shown in (A) and (H). (J) PCR analysis 297 of gDNA from pGFP^{flox} cells cultivated in the presence (+) or absence (-) of 100nM 298 RAP for 48h; primers are indicated below each panel (see annealing position in (H)). 299 (K) Western blot analysis of total cell extracts from the pGFP^{flox} cells cultivated in the 300 presence (+) or absence (-) of 100nM RAP for 48h; anti-HA was used to detect 301 6xHA-GFP; EF1 α was the loading control.

302

303 Figure 2. Expression of Rad9 and Rad9 Δ C' using the DiCre-based inducible 304 system. (A) Predicted amino acid sequence of Rad9 from L. major (LmjF.15.0980) 305 and Homo sapiens (NP 004575.1) were subject to disorder prediction using IUPred 306 (http://iupred.enzim.hu); values above 0.5 (horizontal black dotted line) can be 307 considered as disordered regions; horizontal grey bars above each graph indicate 308 the Rad9 domain (Pfam: PF04139) and the disordered C-terminal domain; C-terminal 309 domain of human Rad9 and the corresponding region in L. major Rad9 is indicated 310 as C; the extended C-terminal of L. major Rad9 is indicated as C'. (B) Full length 311 Rad9 from L. major or a truncated version lacking the C-terminal extension (C'), were 312 cloned as C-terminal fusion with a 6xHA tag to generated the Rad9-6xHA^{flox} and 313 Rad9 Δ C'-6xHA^{flox} constructs (not in scale); Rad9-6xHA and Rad9 Δ C'-6xHA 314 constructs are arranged in an inverted orientation, flanked by the indicated lox 315 sequences and were integrated into the ribosomal locus (SSU) of the DiCre^{SSU} cells (see Figure 1A) to generate the Rad9^{flox} and Rad9 Δ C'^{flox} cell lines, respectively; black 316 317 arrows indicate approximate annealing position of oligonucleotides used for PCR 318 analyses; PAC: puromycin resistance marker. (C) PCR analysis of gDNA using the 319 indicated set of primers (see annealing positions in (B)). (D) PCR analysis of gDNA 320 from cells cultivated in the presence (+) or absence (-) of 100nM RAP for 48h; 321 primers are indicated below each panel (see annealing positions in (B)). (E) 322 Western blot analysis of total cell extracts from the indicated cells cultivated in the 323 presence (+) or absence (-) of RAP for 48 hours; anti-HA (upper panel) and anti-324 Rad9 (bottom panel) was used to detect Rad9-6xHA Rad9∆C'-6xHA; a protein with a 325 similar migration pattern of Rad9^ΔC'-6xHA is detected by anti-Rad9 and is indicated 326 with (*); GAPDH was the loading control. (F) Levels of endogenous Rad9 in western 327 blot analysis shown in (E) were determined and normalized with the GAPDH signal. 328 using Image J software; signal from cells exposed to RAP was plotted as a fraction 329 relative to signal from respective non-induced culture. (G) Immunofluorescence 330 analysis of the indicated cells cultivated in the presence (+) or absence (-) of 100nM 331 RAP for 48h; images are representative of a Z-maximal projection from 14 Z-slices 332 acquired with a multiphoton system coupled with LMS780 AxioObserver microscope 333 (Zeiss); n and k indicate nuclear and kinetoplast DNA, respectively; black bars on the 334 DIC field indicate the section where quantification shown in (H) was performed; n and 335 k indicate nuclear and kinetoplast DNA, respectively; scale bar (white) = $5\mu m$. (H) 336 Signal corresponding to DAPI, Rad9-6xHA and Rad9AC'-6xHA in the section 337 indicated by the black bar in (G) was guantified with ImageJ.





Supplementary Information

A DiCre recombinase-based system for inducible expression in Leishmania

Renato E. R. S. Santos¹, Gabriel L. A. Silva¹, Elaine V. Santos¹, Samuel M. Duncan², Jeremy C. Mottram^{2,3}, Jeziel D. Damasceno^{1*} and Luiz R. O. Tosi^{1*}

¹Department of Cell and Molecular Biology; Ribeirão Preto Medical School, University of São Paulo; Ribeirão Preto, SP, Brazil.

² Wellcome Centre for Molecular Parasitology, Institute of Infection, Immunity and Inflammation, University of Glasgow, United Kingdom.

³Centre for Immunology and Infection, Department of Biology; University of York; York, UK.

* To whom correspondence should be addressed. jezielbqi@gmail.com and luiztosi@fmrp.usp.br Tel: + 55 16 36023117; Fax: +55 16 36020728.



Figure S1. Schematic description of the flipping activity catalysed by DiCre recombinase.

(A) DiCre recognizes cis-inverted loxP sites and catalyse the inversion of any flanked sequence; the same loxP sequences are generated upon inversion, therefore re-inversion can proceed with the same efficiency; loxP sequence (5' to 3') is shown in the inset.

(B) Right and left mutated elements lox66 and lox77, respectively, are used to flank the sequence of interest; the sequences (5' to 3') for lox66 and lox77 are shown in the insets; red lower case indicate the mutated nucleotides; upon inversion, loxP and lox72 sequences are generated and re-inversion occurs at markedly reduced efficiency; upon inversion, Poll promoter-driven transcription of coding RNA from the positive strand mediates the expression of the gene of interest.



Figure S2. Description of the plasmids and strategies used to generate the cell lines reported in this work.

(A) pGL2339 plasmid bears the cassette encoding the inactive truncated forms of Crerecombinase (DiCre) FKBP12-Cre59 and FRB-Cre60; to generate the DiCre^{SSU} cell line; the plasmid was digested with *PacI* and *PmeI* restriction enzymes and transfected into the *L. major* WT cell line (LT252); cells bearing the integration into the 18S ribosomal locus were cloned by serial dilution in M199 medium containing 10μ g/ml blasticidin.

(B) pGL2332 plasmid bears the coding sequence for N-terminal 6xHA-tagged GFP; this fusion is inverted in relation to the 5' and 3' SSU sequences, and flanked by lox66 and lox77 sites; to generate the GFP^{flox} cell line, pGL2332 was digested with *Pacl* and *Pmel* restriction enzymes and transfected into the DiCre^{SSU} cell line; cells bearing the integration into the 18S ribosomal locus were cloned by serial dilution in M199 medium containing 10μ g/ml puromycin and 10μ g/ml blasticidin.

(C) To generate pGL6000 plasmid, pGL2332 was digested with *Kpn*I and *Nhe*I restriction enzymes to remove the 6xHA-GFP coding sequence and ligated to a PCR product bearing the 6xHA tag and a multiple cloning site containing *Sda*I, *Nde*I and *Bg*/II restriction sites; the resulting vector allows for cloning of genes of interest as a C-terminal 6xHA fusion flanked by the lox66/lox77 sites; to generate the pGL6002 and pGL6004 plasmids, PCR products of the coding sequence for the full length or C-terminal truncated Rad9, respectively, were cloned into *Sda*I and *Nde*I restriction sites of the pGL6000 plasmid; to generate the Rad9^{flox} and Rad9 Δ C'^{flox} cell lines, pGL6002 and pGL6004 plasmids, respectively, were digested with *Pac*I and *Pme*I restriction enzymes and transfected into the DiCre^{SSU} cell line; selection and cloning of transfectant parasites was done as in (B).

Figure S3. Time course analysis of DiCre-mediated flipping efficiency.

(A) Schematic representation (not in scale) of the 6xHA-GFP cassette after integration into the SSU locus of the DiCre^{SSU} cell line to generate the GFP^{flox} cell line; PAC: puromycin resistance marker; upon rapamycin (RAP) addition, the indicated lox sites mediate the flipping of 6xHA-GFP cassette allowing its expression; a, c, d and e indicate approximate annealing position of oligonucleotides used for the PCR analyses shown in (B).

(B) Genomic DNA (gDNA) was extracted from GFP^{flox} cell line after cultivation with 100nM RAP for the indicated period of time; ~ 10ng of gDNA was subjected to semi-quantitative PCR analysis using the indicated set of primers; ~15% of the PCR reaction was resolved in agarose gels; the number of cycles performed in each PCR reaction is indicated at right; annealing position for primers c+d and a+e, which detect only the molecules that has not been flipped, is shown in (A); DHFR-TS was used as the loading control.

(C) Signal corresponding to PCR products using primers c+d and a+e shown in (A) was measured using Image J software and then normalized with DHFR-TS signal; mean values obtained with each set of primers were calculated for each time point and are expressed relative to the 0 hours time point; vertical lines indicate standard error of the mean.

Figure S4. GFP^{flox} cell line was cultivated in the presence of the indicated rapamycin concentrations for 48 hours; cells were fixed and subjected to immunofluorescence analysis using mouse anti-HA as primary antibody and anti-mouse conjugated with Alexa-Fluor 488 as secondary antibody (false coloured green); images were acquired with a DMI 6000B inverted microscope (Leica); scale bar = 25μ m

Figure S5. Rad9^{flox} and Rad9 Δ C'^{flox} cell lines were cultivated in the presence (+) or absence (-) of rapamycin for 48 hours; cells were fixed and subjected to immunofluorescence analysis using mouse anti-HA as primary antibody and anti-mouse conjugated with Alexa-Fluor 488 as secondary antibody; images were acquired as a series of 14 Z-slices with a multiphoton system coupled with LMS780 AxioObserver microscope (Zeiss); images are representative of a Z-maximal projection from 14 Z-slices; scale bar = 25µm.

Suplementary Table 1: Primers used in this work				
Designation in text	Sequence (5'→3')	Reference		
а	CATTCCGTGCGAAAGCCGG	Duncan et al., 2016		
b	GATGGTTTCCACCTGCAC			
с	CCGTGGGCTTGTACTCGGTCA			
d	CTCGCCCTTGCTCACCAT	This work		
е	GGCATGGACGAGCTGTACAAG			
f	ATTCTCGAGATGTCACTCCAATTCACAGTGAG (Xhol Site)			
Rad9NdelFw	ATTCATATGATGTCACTCCAATTCACAGTGAG (Ndel site)			
Rad9ABCSdalRv	ATTCCTGCAGGGTTCTGCGTCGGCCCTCGCGACAT (Sdal site)			
Rad9ABSdalRv	ATTCCTGCAGGTGGCAGCGGAATGAAGCCGGCTG (Sdal site)			
DHFR_Flank_Fw	ATGCCCGGGCATATGTCCAGGGCAGCTGCGAGGTTT			
DHFR_Flank_Rv	ATGCCCGGGCATATGCTATACGGCCATCTCCATCTT			

Suplementary Table 2: Cell lines used in this work					
Designation in text	Genetic nomenclature				
DiCre ^{SSU}	SSU DiCre BLA				
GFP ^{flox}	SSU DiCre BLA SSU lox66((6xHA::GFP) _{AS})lox77 PAC				
pGFP ^{flox}	SSU DiCre BLA [lox66((6xHA::GFP) _{AS})lox77 PAC]				
Rad9 ^{flox}	SSU DiCre BLA SSU lox66((Rad9::6xHA) _{AS})lox77 PAC				
Rad9∆C' ^{flox}	SSU DiCre BLA SSU lox66((Rad9∆C::6xHA) _{AS})lox77 PAC				
*AS = Anti Sense					

Experimental procedures

Parasites culture

L. major LT252 (MHOM/IR/1983/IR) and all other cell lines were cultured as promastigotes at 26°C in M199 medium plus 10% heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum. Generation of cell lines was done using the transfection protocol previously described (Kapler *et al.*, 1990).

PCRs and cloning

Genomic DNA was extracted with DNeasy Blood & Tissue Kit (QIAGEN) according to manufacturer instructions. PCRs were performed using Taq DNA Polymerase (Thermo) for products up to 2kb or Phusion[®] High-Fidelity DNA Polymerase (NEB) for products with more than 2kb.

For generation of pGL6002 plasmid, the sequence coding for the 718 amino acids of full length Rad9 was amplified from gDNA using Rad9NdeIFw and Rad9ABCSdaIRv as primers (Table S1). For generation of pGL6004 plasmid, the sequence coding for the first 370 amino acids of Rad9 was amplified from gDNA using Rad9NdeIFw and Rad9ABSdaIRv as primers (Table S1).

Antibodies and western blotting analyses

Rabbit anti-LmRad9 antibody was previously described (Damasceno *et al.*, 2013) and was used at 1:3 000 dilution. Rabbit anti-GAPDH antibody was kindly provided by Dr. Paul Michels and was used at the 1:15 000 dilution. The commercial antibodies used were as follows: mouse anti-HA (Sigma-Aldrich) at 1:1000 dilution, mouse anti-EF1 α (Merck Millipore) at 1:50 000 dilution. HRP-conjugated anti-mouse and anti-Rabbit antibodies (GE Life Sciences) were used at 1:10 000 and 1: 30 000 dilution, respectively.

Unless otherwise indicated, total cell extracts equivalent to ~10⁶ cells were resolved by SDS-PAGE, transferred to PVDF membrane (GE Life Sciences) and analyzed with the indicated antibodies. Bands were detected with ECL Prime Western Blotting Detection Reagent (GE Life Sciences) and visualized with Hyperfilm ECL (GE Life Sciences).

Immunofluorescence

Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde for 10 min at room temperature. Fixed cells were adhered to poly-L-lysine coated glass slides and permeabilized with 0.3% Triton X-100 for 30 min. Cells were pre-blocked with 2% BSA in 1x PBS for 1 hour. Anti-HA antibody was used at 1:1000 dilution to detect 6xHA-GFP, Rad9-6xHA and Rad9 Δ C-6xHA. Primary antibody was visualized with anti-mouse secondary antibody conjugated with Alexa Fluor 488 or Alexa Fluor 594 (Invitrogen). Slides were mounted with ProLong[®] Gold Antifade Reagent (Thermo) and 2µg/ mL Hoechst 33342 (Thermo).

Plasmids

>pGL2339

CCTTTGAGTGAGCTGATACCAGCGGGATAACAATTTCACACAGGAAACAGCTATGACCATGATTACGCCAAGCTATCAACTTTGTATAGAAAAGTTGCCCTTAATTA ATGACGAACAACTGCCCTATCAGCTTGTGATGGCCGTGTAGTGGACTGCCATGGCGTTGACGGGAGCGGGGGATTAGGGTTCGATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCCT GAGAAATAGCTACCACTTCTACGGAGGGCAGGCAGGCGCGCAAATTGCCCAATGTCAAAACAAAACGATGAGGCAGCGGAAAGGAATAGAGTTGTCAGTCCAT TTGGATTGTCATTTCAATGGGGGGATATTTAAACCCATCCAATATCGAGTAACGAAGTTTGTACAAAAAAGCAGGCTTGCCCTCGAGGTTTTCGTCGCGCATCGGT GTAGGTCGAATACCCTTGCCTTTCAGTGCGGGGTTTTTTCCTATAAAGCATTTATTGTCTCGACGCTTCTCCTGCTTGGTTCTCTCCCGCACTTGCATGACAGAT TTCAAGATATCTTGCCTGTACACTCGTCATTAAAAACAGCTTATTCCCGGTTATTTTTCTCAACGAAGAAAATGGCCCCTAAGAAGAAGAAGAAGAGGTGTCAAGAG GAGTGCAGGTGGAAACCATCTCCCCAGGAGACGGGCGCACCTTCCCCAAGCGCGGCCAGACCTGCGTGGTGCACTACACCGGGATGCTTGAAGATGGAAA GAAATTTGATTCCTCCAGGGACAGAAACAAGCCCTTTAAGTTTATGCTAGGCAAGCAGGAGGTGATCCGAGGCTGGGAAGAAGGGGTTGCCCAGATGAGTGT GGGTCAGAGAGCCAAACTGACTATATCTCCAGATTATGCCTATGGTGCCACTGGGCACCCAGGCATCATCCCACCACATGCCACTCTCGGTCTTCGATGTGGAG CTTCTAAAACTGGAAGCTAGCCCCAGCAACCCCGGCGCCCAGCAACGGCTCCACCTCTGATGAAGTCAGGAAGAACCTGATGGACATGTTCAGGGACAGGCA GGCCTTCTCTGAACACCTGGAAGATGCTCCTGTCTGTGTGCAGATCCTGGGCTGCCTGGTGCAAGCTGAAGTGCAGGTCCTCACCCGACTGGGCAGCTG TGTACTGCCTGGCTCTCGTGTTTATTTTTGGTTAGAGTGTGCGTTGCTCGGATCCCTGCTTGGTTCTCGTGCTTATTTTTGGTTAGATGGTGCGTTGTTCTACTT TCAATCATCGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTCCATATCTGTTTTCCAAAGAACTCTGATTGTCTTCATCCACCCGGGTTTTCCCCCGCCTGGTCTCGCTTTGAGATTGTTTTATT CCTCTCCCGGTTTTTCCCCATTGGGATAAAAGTGCGTCCCGTGTGTCTACCCCTCCAGTCCCCACAAGCGGCTCAGATGTACAGAGCACCTGCTCTTCTCTGAC GACGAGGCAGATCGCGGGCTCGCATGTACCGGCGACGGACATCCTACACACATTATCCTCATGTAGAACCTCAAAGCAAGGGAAGAAGAAAAGGGTTGACAC GTTGTTATGTTTTTTTTGTGCCTGGGAGTAAGCGGGCGCCGATCTTCAAGTATCCTCTCAATTTCACTGGCAGGGCGCGCAAGTGCGCGGGGCTCCTCGCGTGC CGCCGCAATGTCAGTCGCGGCTCTACCAGTGCTACAGGGATGTCGGGTGGTGTCGTTGATGATTTGGCATCAAGTGCACGCGCGGCCGCTTTCTTCCATCTG GGACGCCGACAGCTTCCTTCCACGCATTTCGTGCCTCCGCACCGTTCTCCACCGCCAGCGCAGACTTGTACATACGCACACCACCACCATGGCCCCTAAGAAG AAGAGAAAGGTGTCAAGAATCCTCTGGCATGAGATGTGGCATGAAGGCCTGGAAGAGGCATCTCGTTTGTACTTTGGGGAAAGGAACGTGAAAGGCATGTTT GAGGTGCTGGAGCCCTTGCATGCTATGATGGAACGGGGCCCCCAGACTCTGAAGGAAACATCCTTTAATCAGGCCTATGGTCGAGATTTAATGGAGGCCCCAA GAGTGGTGCAGGAAGTACATGAAATCAGGGAATGTCAAGGACCTCCTCCAAGCCTGGGACCTCTATTATCATGTGTTCCGACGACATCTCAGCTAGCCCCAGCA ACCCCGGCGCCAGCAACGGCTCCAACAGGAAATGGTTCCCTGCTGAACCTGAGGATGTGAGGGACTACCTCCTGTACCTGCAAGCCAGAGGCCTGGCTGTG AATCAGAAAGGAGAATGTGGATGCTGGGGAGAGAGGCCAAGCAGGCCCTGGCCTTTGAACGCACTGACTTTGACCAAGTCAGATCCCTGATGGAGAAACTCTGA CAGATGCCAGGACATCAGGAACCTGGCCTTCCTGGGCATTGCCTACAACACCCTGCTGCGCATTGCCGAAATTGCCAGAATCAGAGTGAAGGACATCTCCCG CACCGATGGTGGGAGAATGCTGATCCACATTGGCAGGACCAAGACCCTGGTGTCCACAGCTGGTGTGGAGAAGGCCCTGTCCCTGGGGGTTACCAAGCTGG AACTGTCCACCCGAGCCCTGGAAGGGATCTTTGAGGCCACCGCCTGATCTATGGTGCCAAGGATGACTCTGGGCAGAGATACCTGGCCTGGTCTGGC CACTCTGCCAGAGTGGGTGCTGCCAGGGACATGGCCAGGGCTGGTGTGCCATCCCTGAAATCATGCAGGCTGGTGGCTGGACCAATGTGAACATTGTGAT GTGCTTGCTTTATCTTGTGGGCGGGGTGTGGGCCCGACCTGCACGTCTGTGACGGAGTGACGTCTAGAGAGCTCGGGTCGACCACGTACACACGTACACA ACGATACAGCTCACGCGCACAGAGAGGCGTGTTCTGGTCGTGCGCATCATCGGCACAGCACTGGCGGACGAAACTCGCACACAGGCACGCCCCCCTTTC ACCCGTCATAGATAGTTGAATTAGACGCCCTCCTCCTCCTCATCATCGCCGTCGTCGTCGGGGTCCGAGCACTAGTATGGCCAAGCCTTTGTCTCAAGAAGAA GATCGGAAATGAGAACAGGGGCATCTTGAGCCCCTGCGGACGGTGCCGACAGGTGCTTCTCGATCTGCATCCTGGGATCAAAGCCATAGTGAAGGACAGTG GGGCGACTAGACCGTAACGCCTTTTCAACTCACGGCCTCTAGGAATGAAGGAGGGTAGTTCGGGGGGAGAACGTACTGGGGCGTCAGAGGTGAAATTCTTAGA CGCAAGAGTGAAACTTAAAGAAATTGACGGAATGGCACCACAAGACGTGGAGCGTGCGGTTTAATTTGACTCAACACGGGGAACTTTACCAGATCCGGACAG ACGAGATCCAAGCTGCCCAGTAGAATTCAGAATTGCCCATAGAATAGCAAACTCATCGGCGGGTTTTACCCAACGGTGGGCTGCATTCGGTCGAATTCTTCTCT GCGGGATTCCTTTGTAATTGCACAAGGTGAAATTTTGGGCAACAGCAGGTCTGTGATGCTCCTCAATGTTCTGGGCGACACGCGCACTACAATGTCAGTGAGA ACAAGAAAAACGACTTTTGTCGAACCTACTTGATCAAAAGAGTGGGGAAACCCCGGGAATCACATAGACCCCACTTGGGACCGAGGATTGCAATTATTGGTCGCG CAACGAGGAATGTCTCGTAGGCGCAGCTCATGTTTAAACCGCAACTTTATTATACATAGTTGATAATTCACTGGCCGTCGTTTTACAACGTCGTGACTGGGAAAA CCCTGGCGTTACCCAACTTAATCGCCTTGCAGCACATCCCCCTTTCGCCAGCTGGCGTAATAGCGAAGAGGCCCGCACCGATCGCCCTTCCCAACAGTTGCG CAGCCTGAATGGCGAATGGCGCCTGATGCGGTATTTTCTCCCTTACGCATCTGTGCGGTATTTCACACCGCATATGGTGCACTCTCAGTGCAATCTGCTCTGATG CCGCATAGTTAAGCCAGCCCCGACACCCCGCCAACACCCCGCTGACGCGCCTGACGGGCTTGTCTGCTCCCGGCATCCGCTTACAGACAAGCTGTGACCGTC TCCGGGAGCTGCATGTGTCAGAGGTTTTCACCGTCATCACCGAAACGCGCGAGACGAAAGGGCCTCGTGATACGCCTATTTTTATAGGTTAATGTCATGATAAT AATGGTTTCTTAGACGTCAGGTGGCACTTTTCGGGGAAATGTGCGCGGAACCCCTATTTGTTTATTTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGTATCCGCTCATGAGACAA TAACCCTGATAAATGCTTCAATAATATTGAAAAAGGAAGAGTATGAGTATTCAACATTTCCGTGTCGCCCTTATTCCCTTTTTGCGGCATTTTGCCTTCCTGTTTT TGCTCACCCAGAAACGCTGGTGAAAGTAAAAGATGCTGAAGATCAGTTGGGTGCACGAGTGGGTTACATCGAACTGGATCTCAACAGCGGTAAGATCCTTGAG AGTTTTCGCCCCGAAGAACGTTTTCCAATGATGAGCACTTTTAAAGTTCTGCTATGTGGCGCGGGTATTATCCCCGTATTGACGCCGGGCAAGAGCAACTCGGTCG CCGCATACACTATTCTCAGAATGACTTGGTTGAGTACTCACCAGTCACAGAAAAGCATCTTACGGATGGCATGACAGTAAGAGAATTATGCAGTGCCGCATAAC CATGAGTGATAACACTGCGGCCAACTTACTTCTGACAACGATCGGAGGACCGAAGGAGCTAACCGCTTTTTTGCACAACATGGGGGGATCATGTAACTCGCCTT GATCGTTGGGAACCGGAGCTGAATGAAGCCATACCAAACGACGAGGGGGGACACCACGATGCCTGTAGCAATGGCAACGATGGCGAAACTATTAACTGGC TTGCTGATAAATCTGGAGCCGGTGAGCGTGGGTCTCGCGGTATCATTGCAGCACTGGGGTCAGATGGTAAGCCCTCCCGTATCGTAGTTATCTACACGACGGG GAGTCAGGCAACTATGGATGAACGAAATAGACAGATCGCTGAGATAGGTGCCTCACTGATTAAGCATTGGTAACTGTCAGACCAAGTTTACTCATATACTTTA GATTGATTTAAAACTTCATTTTTAATTTAAAAGGATCTAGGTGAAGATCCTTTTTGATAATCTCATGACCAAAATCCCTTAACGTGAGTTTTCGTTCCACTGAGCGT TTGCCGGATCAAGAGCTACCAACTCTTTTTCCGAAGGTAACTGGCTTCAGCAGAGCGCAGATACCAAATACTGTTCTTCTAGTGTAGCCGTAGTTAGGCCACCA AGACGATAGTTACCGGATAAGGCGCAGCGGTCGGGCTGAACGGGGGGGTTCGTGCACACAGCCCAGCTTGGAGCGAACGACCTACACCGAACTGAGATACCT ACAGCGTGAGCTATGAGAAAGCGCCACGGCTTCCCCGAAGGGAGAAAGGCGGGACAGGTATCCGGTAAGCGGCAGGGTCGGAACAGGAGAGCGCACGAGGGA ATGGAAAAACGCCAGCAACGCGGCCTTTTTACGGTTCCTGGTCTTTTGCTGGCCTTTTGCTCACATGTTCTTTCCTGCGTTATCCCCTGATTCTGTGGATAACC GTATTACCG

pGL2339 Features			
ORI	7197 - 7870		
5'SSU	108 - 361		
FKBP12	624 - 935		
Cre59	981 - 1106		
FRB	2178 - 2454		
Cre60	2490 - 3344		
BLA	3864 - 4259		
3'SSU	4603 - 5558		
AMP	6192 – 705		

GATGCGTAAGGAGAAAATACCGCATCAGGCGCCATTCGCCATTCAGGCTGCGCAACTGTTGGGAAGGGCGATCGGTGCGGGCCTCTTCGCTATTACGCCAGC TGGCGAAAGGGGGATGTGCTGCAAGGCGATTAAGTTGGGTAACGCCAGGGTTTTCCCAGTCACGACGTTGTAAAACGACGGCCAGTGAATTGATCCTTAATTA ATGACGAACAACTGCCCTATCAGCTTGTGATGGCCGTGTAGTGGACTGCCATGGCGTTGACGGGAGCGGGGGATTAGGGTTCGATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCCT ATCTACGCGTGCACATCATCAACTGTCTCTTGTCGGTGCTCACCACCCTCAACCACCCTCACTTTCAAGGCTTCCCGAACGCACAAAAGGCGTGAAAACC GCTCGCGGTGTGTTGAGCCGTCCACCGTAGCCTCGAGGTGATAACTTCGTATAGCATACATTATACGAACGGTACTCCTATCTAGAACTAGTATCGATGAGCTCT CGCGAGGTACCCTTGTACAGCTCGTCCATGCCGAGAGTGATCCCGGCGGCGGCGGCCACGAACTCCAGCAGGACCATGTGATCGCGCTTCTCGTTGGGGTCTTT GCTCAGGGCGGACTGGGTGCTCAGGTAGTGGTGCTGCGGGCAGCAGCAGCGGGGCCGTCGCCGATGGGGGGTGTTCTGCTGGTAGTGGTCGGCGAGCTGCAC GCTGCCGTCCTCGATGTTGTGGCGGATCTTGAAGTTCACCTTGATGCCGTTCTTCTGCTTGTCGGCCATGATATAGACGTTGTGGCCGTTGTAGTTGTACTCCA GCTTGTGCCCCAGGATGTTGCCGTCCTCCTTGAAGTCGATGCCCTTCAGCTCGATGCGGTTCACCAGGGTGTCGCCCTCGAACTTCACCTCGGCGCGGGGTC TTGTAGTTGCCGTCGTCCTTGAAGAAGATGGTGCGCTCCTGGACGTAGCCTTCGGGCATGGCGGACTTGAAGAAGTCGTGCTGCTTCATGTGGTCGGGGGTAG CCGTAGGTGGCATCGCCCTCGCCCGGACACGCTGAACTTGTGGCCGTTTACGTCGCCGTCCAGCTCGACCAGGATGGGCACCACCCCGGTGAACA GTAATCAGGCACATCGTAAGGGTATGCGTAATCGGGCACATCGTACGGGTATGCGTAGTCTGGCACGTCGTATGGGTACGCGTAATCAGGCACATCGTAAGGG ACAGTACACCCCCCTATTCGACAGTGCTTCTGCGAGAAATCGTACATCTGCGCTCAGGTTGCAAATTCGCAAACGCCCAACACACGACATTCTCTGATTTATTC TATCTGCCTCGGTACATGCTTTTCTTCCTTCTGTGCGGTGTGAAGCATATTTGCAGTGGATTATGCTTTCGCTTAGCCGTGTTTTTGTTTCTCCCACTACTGC TTTTTGTGTGTGGTGGTGGTGATTTGAGCTGCTCCCGTTGTGTGCTGGGGACCCTCCTTCCCTCGATCTCCTCGTGCGGGGTCTCCGACGCGCAGACGCGGTG AGGCAGGAAAGTGAAAAGAGCTCGACGCGAGTGCAGCACGCGCGACATCGAACAGGACGGAATAGACACTCAGCCCCTTCCCCTTTCAAAAACTGAATGGA CGGACATCGTAACGCGCTTCTCTCCCCTCCACTCCCCTGTCCCTGTCTCCTTGACGTGTGCTGCTCTCGTGAGCGACAGATGAAGCGAGGCGTAGAAGGAA AGACGACCTTCCATGACCGAGTACAAGCCCACGGTGCGCCTCGCCACCGCGACGACGTCCCCCGGGCCGTACGCACCCTCGCCGCCGCGTTCGCCGACG ACCCCGCCACGCGCCACACCGTCGACCCGGACCGCCACATCGAGCGGGTCACCGAGCTGCAAGAACTCTTCCTCACGCGCGTCGGGCTCGACATCGGCAA CCGAGTTGAGCGGTTCCCGGCTGGCCGCGCAGCAACAGATGGAAGGCCTCCTGGCGCCCGCGCCCAAGGAGCCCGCGTGGTTCCTGGCCACCGTCG GCGTCTCGCCCGACCACCAGGGCAAGGGTCTGGGCAGCGCCGTCGTCGTCCCCCGGAGTGGAGGCGGCCGAGCGCCGCGGGGTGCCCGCCTTCCTGGAG ACCTCCGCGCCCCGCAACCTCCCCTTCTACGAGCGGCTCGGCTTCACCGTCACCGCCGACGTCGAGTGCCCGAAGGACCGCGGCGCGCCTGGTGCATGACCC CGTGGCAGCTGCGCGTGCGAGATGTGAGGCAGAGGAAGAGGAAGGCGATGCGGGCGACAGCGCGAGGTGCGGCGGAGCGTAGGGGGGGAAAT GACGGTGGTGCGTGGCTGCTGGGTTATGTGCCGGGCGTGCGCGCCTCCGCCGCCTCCCTGCAGCTTGTGGGTGCGCTGCGTTCGCACCGCGCTCGCGTG TTCTCTGCGCGCGTGCGTGCGTGCGTGCGTGCCGTGCGTGCGTGAGGCGCGAACGGTCCCCAGAGCAAGGCATGTCGAGGGGAACACTATAGACGC CCTGCACAGACTCTCGTCGCCACCACCAGCAGCAGCCCCTCTATATACCCCGCCACTGCCGCAGCGTTCGGGCCGTGGCCCTCGCGTTTCACTTGCTCTCCCCT CAAAGTGTGGAGATCGAAGATGATTAGAGACCATTGTAGTCCACACTGCAAACGATGACACCCATGAATTGGGGATCTTATGGGCCCGGCCTGCGGCAGGGTTT CTTTTGGTCGGTGGAGTGATTTGTTTGGTTGATTCCGTCAACGGACGAGATCCAAGCTGCCCAGTAGAATTCAGAATTGCCCATAGAATAGCAAACTCATCGGC GGGTTTTACCCAACGGTGGGCTGCATTCGGTCGAATTCTTCTCTGCGGGATTCCTTTGTAATTGCACAAGGTGAAATTTTGGGCAACAGCAGGTCTGTGATGC TCCTCAATGTTCTGGGCGACACGCGCACTACAATGTCAGTGAGAAAAAACGACTTTTGTCGAACCTACTTGATCAAAAGAGTGGGGAAAACCCCGGGAAT CACATAGACCCACTTGGGACCGAGGATTGCAATTATTGGTCGCGCAACGAGGAATGTCTCGTAGGCGCAGCTCATGTTTAAACCTGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCA CTAACTCACATTAATTGCGTTGCGCTCACTGCCCGCTTTCCAGTCGGGAAACCTGTCGTGCCAGCTGCATTAATGAATCGGCCAACGCGCGGGGAGAGGCGG GTTATCCACAGAATCAGGGGGATAACGCAGGAAAGAACATGTGAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCA TAGGCTCCGCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGCTCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAG CTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACCGGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAG GTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGCTGTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGA GTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAGCCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTG GTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTATCTGCGCTCTGCTGAAGCCAGTTACCTTCGGAAAAAGAGTTGGTAGCTCTTGATCCGGCAAA CAAACCACCGCTGGTAGCGGTGGTTTTTTTGTTTGCAAGCAGCAGCAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGA AAAGTATATATGAGTAAACTTGGTCTGACAGTTACCAATGCTTAATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCC CGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGGCTTACCATCTGGCCCCAGTGCTGCAATGATACCGCGAGACCCACGCTCACCGGCTCCAGATTTATCAGCAATA GCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGTTAGCTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAGGTCGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTA TGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAGATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGAC CGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCGCCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCGTTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTC AAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCACTCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAA CAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACACGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCATATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTG TCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAACAAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATT ATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCTTTCGTC

pGL2332 Features	
5'SSU	409 - 662
pXSL	663 - 850
Lox66	860 - 893
GFP	1652 – 936 C
6xHA	1841 – 1677 C
Lox77	1884 – 1851 C
PAS	2876
PAC	3578 - 4174
3'SSU	5518 - 6477
ORI	7462 – 6723 C
AMP	8525 – 7665 C

>pGL6000

TCGCGCGCTTTCGGTGATGACGGTGAAAACCTCTGACACATGCAGCTCCCGGAGACGGTCACAGCTTGTCTGTAAGCGGATGCCGGGAGCAGACAAGCCCGT GATGCGTAAGGAGAAAATACCGCATCAGGCGCCATTCGCCATTCAGGCTGCGCAACTGTTGGGAAGGGCGATCGGTGCGGGCCTCTTCGCTATTACGCCAGC TGGCGAAAGGGGGGATGTGCTGCAAGGCGATTAAGTTGGGTAACGCCAGGGTTTTCCCAGTCACGACGTTGTAAAACGACGGCCAGTGAATTGATCCTTAATTA ATGACGAACAACTGCCCTATCAGCTTGTGATGGCCGTGTAGTGGACTGCCATGGCGTTGACGGGAGCGGGGGATTAGGGTTCGATTCCGGAGAGGGAGCCCT GAGAAATAGCTACCACTTCTACGGAGGGCAGCAGGCGCGCAAATTGCCCAATGTCAAAACAAAACGATGAGGCAGCGGAAAGGAATAGAGTTGTCAGTCCAT ATCTACGCGTGCACATCAACTGTCTCTTGTCGGTGCTCACCACCCTCAACCACCCTCACTTTCAAGGCTTCCCGAACGCACAAAAGGCGTGAAAACC GCTCGCGGTGTGTTGAGCCGTCCACCGTAGCCTCGAGGTGATAACTTCGTATAGCATACATTATACGAACGGTACTCCTATCTAGAACTAGTATCGATGAGCTCT AATCAGGAACGTCGTAGGGGTATCTAGAAACACCGCCCTGCAGGAATCATATGAATAGATCTAATGCTAGCGTGATAACTTCGTATAATGTATGCTATACGAACGG TACTCGCGGCCGCGCGCGCCCTTAAGCAAGAGCATAGCCTTACTTGCGGGCTTCCTCAACAGTACACCCCCCTATTCGACAGTGCTTCTGCGAGAAATCGTACA CATATTTGCAGTGGATTATGCTTTCGCTTAGCCGTGTTTTTGTTTCTCCCCACTACTGCTGCTGCTGCTGTTCTTTCGTGTTCTAGCCCTTCGAGGGGCCCCTAGT CGGAGAGAGAGAGAGAGGGAGGGAGGGAGGGCAGAGGGCAGAGGGACATGCGGGTGGGAACGTGCACCGGCCTCGTCTCACGCAGCTGGAGCCCACGAA ACATGTGCGTGCTGTGCTTCGGCTTCTTGTTGGTGGTCGTCGCTTCAAGTCCACGACTCCTGCCGTTGCTCACCGCCGGGCTGTCTTCTTCGCCCCTCC AGACCCCGTGCGCCTGAAACGTGAAGGGAGGTCGAGAAGCGTGCCGCATGAGGCCTTAAGGCAGGAAAGTGAAAAGAGCTCGACGCGAGTGCAGCACGC CCATCTACGCGTGCACATCATCAACTGTCTCTTGTCGGTGCTCACCACCCTCAACCACCCCTCACTTCCAAGGCTTCCCGAACGCACAAAAAGGCGTGAAAA GAAGGCCTCCTGGCGCCGCACCGGCCCAAGGAGCCCGCGTGGTTCCTGGCCACCGTCGGCGTCTCGCCCGACCACCGGGCAAGGGTCTGGGCAGCGC CAGCGATATCTTCCACTACTTTGTTTTCTCCTCCCCCCCGGGAGGTGCTTCGCTTGTGCTTTGACGGTGGTGCGTGGCTGCGGGTTATGTGCCCGGGCGTGC GTATGCGTGAGGCGCAACGGTCCCCAGAGCAAGGCATGTCGAGGGGAACACTATAGACGCATGTGTACACGTGTACACGATGTGTATACGTATACGTGTACCGAA TGGTGCGTGCGCGTGTGCAGCATTGCCGTGACGGCATGTACGAAGCGCTGCAGTGGGATGGACCCTGTGCGCGTGCCGGAGAGGTAGTGTCGCGTGTGGG CCTCTCTTGCACTCTCCCCGTCCCCACCTGCCCTGCACCGTGGTCGACTGCTCCCGACGCCCTGCACAGACTCTCGTCGCCACCAGCAGCAGCAGCCCTCT GTCCGCGACTAGACCGTAACGCCTTTTCAACTCACGGCCTCTAGGAATGAAGGAGGGTAGTTCGGGGGAGAACGTACTGGGGCGTCAGAGGTGAAATTCTTA TATCCTTTCTATTCGGCCTTTACCGGCCACCACGGGAATATCCTCAGCACGTTTTCTGTTTTTTCACGCGAAAGCTTTGAGGTTACAGTCTCAGGGGGGGAGTA CGTTCGCAAGAGTGAAACTTAAAGAAATTGACGGAATGGCACCACAAGACGTGGAGCGTGCGGTTTAATTTGACTCAACACGGGGAACTTTACCAGATCCGGA TCTGCGGGATTCCTTTGTAATTGCACAAGGTGAAATTTTGGGCAACAGCAGGTCTGTGATGCTCCTCAATGTTCTGGGCGACACGCGCACTACAATGTCAGTG AGAACAAGAAAAAACGACTTTTGTCGAACCTACTTGATCAAAAGAGTGGGGGAAACCCCCGGAATCACATAGACCCACTTGGGACCGAGGATTGCAATTATTGGTC GCGCAACGAGGAATGTCTCGTAGGCGCAGCTCATGTTTAAACCTGCAAGCTTGGCGTAATCATGGTCATAGCTGTTTCCTGTGTGAAATTGTTATCCGCTCACA GAGCAAAAGGCCAGCAAAAGGCCCAGGAACCGTAAAAAGGCCGCGTTGCTGGCGTTTTTCCATAGGCTCCGCCCCCCTGACGAGCATCACAAAAATCGACGC TCAAGTCAGAGGTGGCGAAACCCGACAGGACTATAAAGATACCAGGCGTTTCCCCCTGGAAGCTCCCTCGTGCGCTCTCCTGTTCCGACCCTGCCGCTTACC GGATACCTGTCCGCCTTTCTCCCTTCGGGAAGCGTGGCGCTTTCTCATAGCTCACGCTGTAGGTATCTCAGTTCGGTGTAGGTCGTTCGCTCCAAGCTGGGC GTGTGCACGAACCCCCCGTTCAGCCCGACCGCTGCGCCCTTATCCGGTAACTATCGTCTTGAGTCCAACCCGGTAAGACACGACTTATCGCCACTGGCAGCAG CCACTGGTAACAGGATTAGCAGAGCGAGGTATGTAGGCGGTGCTACAGAGTTCTTGAAGTGGTGGCCTAACTACGGCTACACTAGAAGGACAGTATTTGGTAT CAGATTACGCGCAGAAAAAAAGGATCTCAAGAAGATCCTTTGATCTTTTCTACGGGGTCTGACGCTCAGTGGAACGAAAACTCACGTTAAGGGATTTTGGTCAT AATCAGTGAGGCACCTATCTCAGCGATCTGTCTATTTCGTTCATCCATAGTTGCCTGACTCCCCGTCGTGTAGATAACTACGATACGGGAGGGCTTACCATCTGG TCGTGGTGTCACGCTCGTCGTTTGGTATGGCTTCATTCAGCTCCGGTTCCCAACGATCAAGGCGAGTTACATGATCCCCCCATGTTGTGCAAAAAAGCGGGTTAG CTCCTTCGGTCCTCCGATCGTTGTCAGAAGTAAGTTGGCCGCAGTGTTATCACTCATGGTTATGGCAGCACTGCATAATTCTCTTACTGTCATGCCATCCGTAAG ATGCTTTTCTGTGACTGGTGAGTACTCAACCAAGTCATTCTGAGAATAGTGTATGCGGCGACCGAGTTGCTCTTGCCCGGCGTCAATACGGGATAATACCGCG CCACATAGCAGAACTTTAAAAGTGCTCATCATTGGAAAACGTTCTTCGGGGCGAAAACTCTCAAGGATCTTACCGCTGTTGAGATCCAGTTCGATGTAACCCAC TCGTGCACCCAACTGATCTTCAGCATCTTTTACTTTCACCAGCGTTTCTGGGTGAGCAAAAACAGGAAGGCAAAATGCCGCAAAAAAGGGAATAAGGGCGACA CGGAAATGTTGAATACTCATACTCTTTCCATATTATTGAAGCATTTATCAGGGTTATTGTCTCATGAGCGGATACATATTTGAATGTATTTAGAAAAATAAAC AAATAGGGGTTCCGCGCACATTTCCCCGAAAAGTGCCACCTGACGTCTAAGAAACCATTATTATCATGACATTAACCTATAAAAATAGGCGTATCACGAGGCCCT TTCGTC

pGL6000 Features

5'SSU	409 - 662
pXSL	663 - 850
Lox66	860 - 893
6xHA	1152 – 946 C
Lox77	1238 – 1205 C
PAS	2230
PAC	2932 - 3528
3'SSU	4872 - 5831
ORI	6816 – 6077 C
AMP	7879 – 7019 C