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## Article:

Martins, C., Lockhart, P., Firmino, R. et al. (7 more authors) (2024) Bacteremia following different oral procedures: systematic review and meta-analysis. Oral Diseases, 30 (3). pp. 846-854. ISSN 1354-523X

https://doi.org/10.1111/odi.14531

This is the peer reviewed version of the following article: Martins, C.C., Lockhart, P.B., Firmino, R.T., Kilmartin, C., Cahill, T.J., Dayer, M., Occhi-Alexandre, I.G.P., Lai, H., Ge, L. and Thornhill, M.H. (2023), Bacteremia following different oral procedures: systematic review and meta-analysis. Oral Dis, which has been published in final form at https://doi.org/10.1111/odi.14531. This article may be used for non-commercial purposes in accordance with Wiley Terms and Conditions for Use of Self-Archived Versions. This article may not be enhanced, enriched or otherwise transformed into a derivative work, without express permission from Wiley or by statutory rights under applicable legislation. Copyright notices must not be removed, obscured or modified. The article must be linked to Wiley's version of record on Wiley Online Library and any embedding, framing or otherwise making available the article or pages thereof by third parties from platforms, services and websites other than Wiley Online Library must be prohibited.

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nRCT	Overall Incidence of bacteremia										
	Number of studies <b>% Blood samples positive for bacteremia i.e.</b> Effect Size (ES) (95%CI) I <sup>2</sup> , p-value										
Procedure Type	Overall Incidence*	Subgroup by risk of bias				Subgroup by method for		Subgroup by presence/absence of			
				~ •		detecting bacteremia		bacteremia at baseline			
		Low	Moderate	Serious	Critical	Culture	Molecular	Absent	Present		
1. ADL-tooth-	9	2	6	-	1	8	1	all studies <sup><math>\dagger</math></sup>	-		
brushing <sup>2</sup>	<b>8% (1 to 19)</b> <sup>a</sup> 87.2%; <0.001	<b>6% (2 to 11)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	<b>11% (0 to 33)</b> <sup>a</sup> 91.0%; <0.001		<b>3% (0 to 17)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	<b>4% (0 to 9)</b> <sup>a</sup> 67.9%; <0.001	7 <b>5% (48 to 93)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated				
2. Other ADL <sup>1</sup>	9	3	5	-	1	8	1	7	2		
	<b>16% (7 to 29)</b> <sup>a</sup> 88.0; <0.001	<b>4% (0 to 25)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	<b>24% (12 to 39)</b> <sup>a</sup> 82.1; <0.001		<b>21% (11 to 33)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	<b>13% (5 to 25)</b> <sup>a</sup> 85.0; <0.001	<b>41% (28 to 54)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	<b>18% (8 to 31)</b> <sup>a</sup> 85.7%; <0.001	7% <b>(2 to 15)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated		
3. Dental extractions <sup>3</sup>	23 66% (57 to 74) <sup>a</sup> 90.8%; <0.001	2 <b>45% (38 to 52)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	12 7 <b>1% (59 to 82)</b> ª 87.1%; <0.001	l <b>68% (54 to 79)</b> ª Not estimated	8 <b>64% (50 to</b> 77 <b>)</b> " 91.7%;<0.001	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	16 <b>69% (62 to 74)</b> <sup>a</sup> 74.8%; <0.001	7 <b>61% (36 to 84)</b> ª 95.7%;<0.001		
4. Oral surgery <sup>4</sup>	7 <b>27% (13 to 43)</b> <sup>a</sup> 79.9%; <0.001	2 <b>33% (21 to 47)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	4 <b>30% (11 to 53)</b> <sup>a</sup> 83.6; <0.001	-	1 <b>0% (0 to 31)</b> ª Not estimated	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-		
5. SRP <sup>5</sup>	11 <b>44% (31 to 58)</b> <sup>a</sup> 86.5%; <0.001	1 <b>52% (37 to 68)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	8 <b>49% (33 to 66)</b> <sup>a</sup> 86.3%; <0.001	-	2 <b>22% (13 to 32)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	10 <b>47% (33 to 61)</b> <sup>a</sup> 86.6%; <0.01	1 <b>13% (2 to 40)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	8 40% <b>(27 to 54)</b> <sup>a</sup> 80.6%; <0.001	3 53% (19 to 86) <sup>a</sup> Not estimated		
6. Orthodontic procedures <sup>6</sup>	10 <b>14% (6 to 24)</b> <sup>a</sup> 76.9%; <0.001	4 <b>7% (0 to 21)</b> <sup>a</sup> 81.4%;<0.001	6 <b>21% (10 to 34)</b> ª 69.6%; 0.010	-	-	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	6 <b>15% (3 to 34)</b> <sup>a</sup> 85.0%; <0.001	4 <b>14% (7 to 23)</b> ª 45.3%; 0.140		
7. OHP <sup>7</sup>	3 27% (19 to 36) <sup>a</sup> 0%; 0.520	-	2 <b>30% (21 to 41)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	-	1 <b>20% (8 to 39)</b> ª Not estimated	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	1 <b>32% (19 to 49)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	2 <b>25% (15 to 36)</b> " Not estimated		
8. Other procedures <sup>8</sup>	3 <b>4% (0 to 17)</b> <sup>a</sup> 62.6%; 0.070	-	l <b>15% (2 to 45)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	-	2 <b>1% (0 to 6)</b> ª Not estimated	all studies $^{\dagger}$	-	2 <b>1% (0 to 6)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	l <b>15% (2 to 45</b> ) " Not estimated		

**Table 1.** Meta-analysis showing the overall incidence of bacteremia for nRCTs and RCTs with subgroup analysis by risk of bias, method of bacteremia detection and presence or absence of bacteremia at baseline.

RCT	Overall Incidence of bacteremia Number of studies % Blood samples positive for bacteremia i.e. Effect Size (ES) (95%CI) I <sup>2</sup> , p-value										
Procedure Type	Overall Incidence*		Subgroup by	*	Subgroup by method for detecting bacteremia		Subgroup by presence/absence of bacteremia at baseline				
		Low	Some concerns	High	Culture	Molecular	Absent	Present			
1. ADL-tooth- brushing <sup>2</sup>	3 26% (13 to 41) <sup>a</sup> 80.3; 0.010	-	-	all studies <sup>†</sup>	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	2 24% (16 to 33) <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	l <b>29% (20 to 39)</b> " Not estimated			
2. Other ADL $^1$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
3. Dental extractions <sup>3</sup>	9 <b>62% (44 to 78)</b> <sup>a</sup> 87.3%; <0.001	-	3 <b>58% (45 to 71)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	6 <b>63% (38 to 85)</b> <sup>a</sup> 91.8; <0.001	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	7 <b>66% (44 to 85)</b> <sup>a</sup> 89.2%; <0.001	2 <b>50% (37 to 63)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated			
4. Oral surgery <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	all studies <sup><math>\dagger</math></sup>	all studies <sup><math>\dagger</math></sup>	-	-	all studies <sup><math>\dagger</math></sup>			
5. SRP <sup>5</sup>	3 36% (27 to 46) <sup>a</sup> 0%; 0.680	-	2 <b>32% (19 to 46)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	l <b>40% (26 to 55) ª</b> Not estimated	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	all studies $^{\dagger}$	-			
6. Orthodontic procedure <sup>6</sup>	2 <b>26% (20 to 33)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	-	-	all studies <sup>†</sup>	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	-	all studies $^{\dagger}$			
7. OHP <sup>7</sup>	3 28% (21 to 36) <sup>a</sup> 0; 0.40	-	-	all studies $^{\dagger}$	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	2 <b>25% (16 to 34)</b> " Not estimated	1 <b>37% (22 to 53)</b> " Not estimated			
9.Other procedures <sup>8</sup>	4 <b>25% (12 to 41)</b> <sup>a</sup> 83.2; <0.001	-	1 <b>20% (10 to 33%)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	3 27% (11 to 47) <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	all studies <sup>†</sup>	-	1 <b>8% (1 to 26%)</b> <sup>a</sup> Not estimated	3 31% (18 to 45)			

ES: effect size (% blood sample positive for bacteremia). ADL: activities of daily living. SRP: scaling and root planning. OHP: oral hygiene procedure.

\*Overall incidence of bacteremia at the first time point after the procedure. Grey boxes indicate lack of robustness (i.e., the effect estimate fell outside the 95%CI of the overall incidence). <sup>†</sup> It means that all studies belonged to this subgroup and no subgroup analysis was therefore possible. <sup>1</sup> With manual or powered

toothbrush; <sup>2</sup>Dental floss, stimudents, toothpicks, oral irrigation devices, chewing apple or paraffin; <sup>3</sup>Includes all extractions: single or multiple teeth, third molar; <sup>4</sup>Cleft palate, piezoeletric surgery, periodontal surgery, osteosynthesis plate removal; implant surgery; <sup>5</sup> Manual scaling and/or root planning (SRP) or using ultrasonic device; <sup>6</sup>Banding or debanding orthodontic fixed or removable appliances, orthodontic archwire adjustment, orthodontic mini-implant removal, separator placement; <sup>7</sup>Dental prophylaxis using rubber cup and handpiece (without scaling), periodontal probing; <sup>8</sup> Restorative procedures with the use of slow or fast drill for dentine removal; endodontic treatment; suture removal, anesthetic injection; impression taking, minor dental procedures used before restorations or during orthodontic procedures with risk of gingival bleeding such as placement of rubber dam clamp or matrix band wedge. <sup>a</sup> Lower case letters indicate absence of statistically significant difference between groups.