UNIVERSITY of York

This is a repository copy of *Probabilistic modelling and verification, and Animation in RoboChart*.

White Rose Research Online URL for this paper: <u>https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/193112/</u>

Version: Published Version

#### **Conference or Workshop Item:**

Ye, Kangfeng (2022) Probabilistic modelling and verification, and Animation in RoboChart. In: YorRobots and RoboStar Industry Exhibition, 11-12 Oct 2022, University of York.

#### Reuse

This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial (CC BY-NC) licence. This licence allows you to remix, tweak, and build upon this work non-commercially, and any new works must also acknowledge the authors and be non-commercial. You don't have to license any derivative works on the same terms. More information and the full terms of the licence here: https://creativecommons.org/licenses/

#### Takedown

If you consider content in White Rose Research Online to be in breach of UK law, please notify us by emailing eprints@whiterose.ac.uk including the URL of the record and the reason for the withdrawal request.



eprints@whiterose.ac.uk https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/



# Probabilistic modelling and verification, and Animation in RoboChart

## **Probabilistic Modelling**

- Probabilistic choice is made at probabilistic junctions.
- Each outgoing transition must have a probability value (inside p{ }) between 0.0 and 1.0.
- Probability values of all outgoing transitions from a probabilistic junction sum to 1.0.



### Probabilistic Model Checking

- RoboChart's probabilistic semantics given in MDP and automated generation of semantics for PRISM in RoboTool
- Formalised translation from RoboChart to PRISM
- Run multiple instances of PRISM: one for each property
- Easily extended to other probabilistic model checkers like Storm and



### Statistic Model Checking

### Probabilistic Property Language

Based on the PRISM's		<pre>constants C1: A constant configuration ransacMOD::ransacRP::N set to 6, and ransacMOD::ransacRP::p set to 1/3 prob property P_deadlock_free: not Exists [Finally deadlock] with constants C1</pre>		
property language (PCTL* ) for				
DTMC and MDP				
Allow to specify properties				
using variables,	constants C	: Simulation with multiple constant configurations		
expressions, states, MAX from s		et {10,000 to 80,000 by step 1000}, 0. and N set to 30		
events, functions	S, prob proper	<pre>prob property P_prob_full_coverage_bound:     Prob&gt;=0 &amp; of [Finally \$visits == M * N]</pre>		
operations, etc.	using sim	using sim with CI at alpha=0.01, n=1000, and pathlen =1000000 with constant C1		
from RoboChart	=10000 with cons			
models.	prob property	P_goodfit: Quantitative property		
Properties are	<pre>Prob property r_goodfitt Prob=? of [Finally ransacMOD::ransacCTRL::stm_ref0 is in ransacMOD::ransacCTRL::stm_ref0::goodFit]</pre>			
specified in a				
particular	prob property P_1: LTL Forall [Globally (Finally (fd==2) and (Next (fd==0)))]			
constant				

configuration, function definitions, or uncertain environment.

## Formally Verified Animation for RoboChart

Operational semantics of RoboChart given in interaction trees

(mechanised in Isabelle/HOL)

 Generated Haskell code for animation (on terminal now)

imports Chemical::* Location::*	Operations	• move(lv: real, a: Angle) [terminates]	ShortRandomWalk() [termina
		OremicalDetector	
		월 Vehicle P Operations odometer: real	odometer: real

- Approximate results
- Analyse properties on a large number of (Monte Carlo) simulations
- Able to analyse big models
- Illustrations and debugging problems
- Design space exploration (DSE)
- Generate test cases that satisfy or



## Theorem Proving

- Denotational semantics of probabilistic programs in UTP
- Both epistemic and aleatoric uncertainty
- Mechanised in Isabelle/UTP



• Able to animate a state machine,

an operation, a controller, or a whole model

#### Animation of a chemical detector model in a scenario detected an intensive gas.





Internal Activity... Events: (1) RandomWalkCall (); (2) Gas (Din, []); (3) Gas (Din, [(0, 0)]); (4) Gas (Din, [(0, 1)]); (5) Gas (Din, [(1, 0)]); (6) Gas (Din, [(1, 1)]); (7) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 0)]); (8) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 1)]); (9) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 0)]); (10) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 1)]); (11) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 0)]); (12) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 1)]); (13) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 0)]); (14) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 1)]); (15) Gas (Din, [(1 1, 0),(0, 0)]); (16) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(0, 1)]); (17) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1, 0)]); (18) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1 , 1)]); (19) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(0, 0)]); (20) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(0, 1)]); (21) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 0)]); (22) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 1)]);

1 [Choose: 1-22]: RandomWalkCall () Events: (1) Gas (Din, []); (2) Gas (Din, [(0, 0)]); (3) Gas (Din, [(0, 1)]); (4) Gas (Din, [(1, 0)]); (5) G as (Din, [(1, 1)]); (6) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 0)]); (7) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(0, 1)]); (8) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),( 1, 0)]); (9) Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 1)]); (10) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 0)]); (11) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(0, 1)]); (12) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 0)]); (13) Gas (Din, [(0, 1),(1, 1)]); (14) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(0, 0)]); (15) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(0, 1)]); (16) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1, 0)]); (17) Gas (Din, [(1, 0),(1, 1)]); (18) Gas (Din, [ (1, 1),(0, 0)]); (19) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(0, 1)]); (20) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 0)]); (21) Gas (Din, [(1, 1),(1, 1)]);

, [Choose: 1–21]: Gas (Din, [(0, 0),(1, 1)]) Internal Activity... Events: (1) MoveCall (0,Chemical\_Angle\_Front);

[Choose: 1–1]: MoveCall (0,Chemical\_Angle\_Front) Events: (1) Flag Dout;

Choose: 1–1]: Flag Dout nternal Activity... minated: ()

#### • Able to reason about large models with an infinite state space For any $N \geq 1$ ,

 $(\forall j \bullet j < (N-1) \Rightarrow (prob' (\mathbf{v}[j, false/i, c] = 1/N))) \land$   $prob' (\mathbf{v}[(N-1), true/i, c]) = 1/N ) ) \land$ *true* ⊢  $\sqsubseteq$  Choose Uniform(N)

#### • Bayesian belief model

Localisation: robot's belief in its current position changed after 3 sensor readings and two movements: very likely (nearly 90%) it is in front of wall NOW.





robostar.cs.york.ac.uk



**Royal Academy** of Engineering



Engineering and **Physical Sciences Research Council**