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# lonic modulation of immune checkpoint proteins

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## **Abstract**

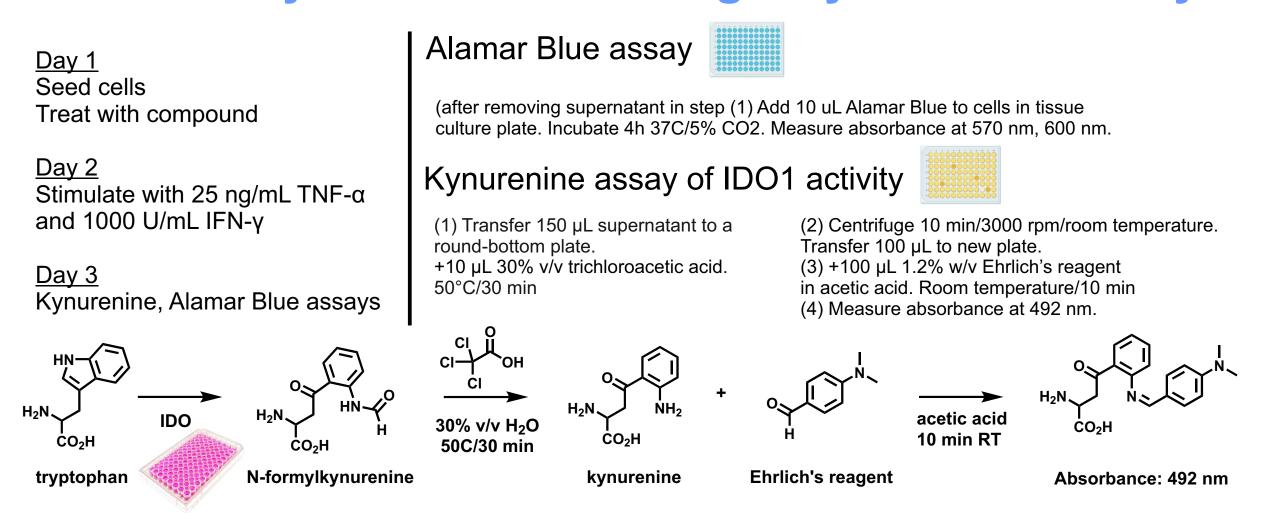
Despite extensive basic and clinical research on immune checkpoint regulatory pathways, little is known about the effects of the ionic tumour microenvironment on immune checkpoint expression and function.

We screened effects of ion channel modulating compounds on IDO1 activity. Here, we describe a mechanistic link between Na<sup>+</sup>/K<sup>+</sup> ATPase inhibition by cardiac glycosides and activity of indoleamine-2',3'dioxygenase (IDO1), a well-characterized immune checkpoint.

IDO1 catalyses the rate-limiting step of tryptophan catabolism and inhibits the immune response to the tumour by local depletion of tryptophan, an amino acid essential for anabolic functions in cancer and T cells.

## Methods

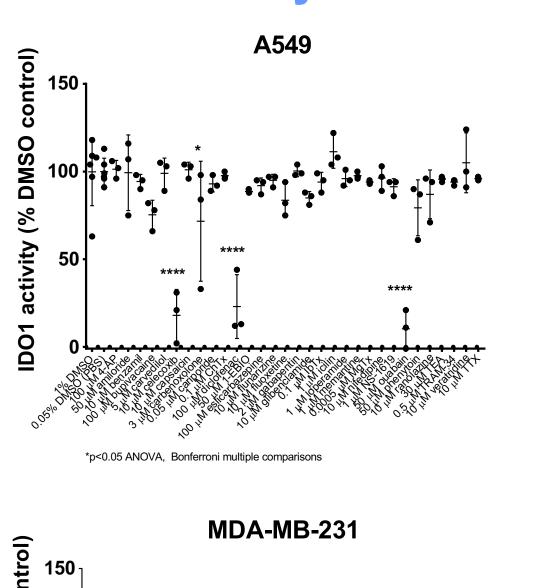
### IDO1 activity is measured using a kynurenine assay.

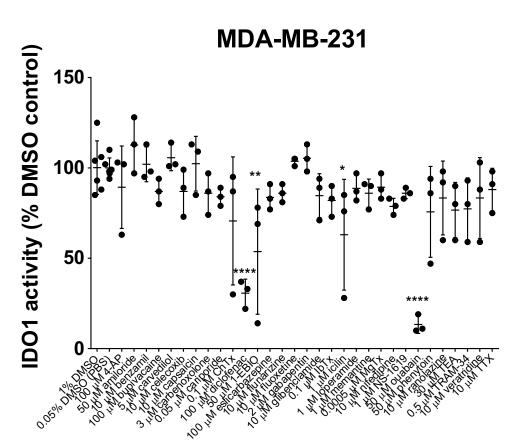


#### Ion channel drug screen of IDO1 activity

Drug/toxin	Target(s)	Effect
4-aminopyridine	K <sub>ν</sub> K⁺ channels	Inhibito
Amiloride	ASIC channel	Inhibito
Benzamil	Na <sup>+</sup> /Ca <sup>2+</sup> exchanger, ENaC, TRPP3, TRPA1 channels	Inhibito
Bupivacaine	Na <sub>v</sub> , K2P channels	Inhibito
Carvedilol	K <sub>v</sub> 1.5, K <sub>ir</sub> 2.3 K <sup>+</sup> channels, adrenoceptors	Inhibito
Celecoxib	L-type Ca <sup>2+</sup> and K <sub>v</sub> 7 channels	both
Diclofenac (sodium)	K <sub>v</sub> 7 channels	Activato
Eslicarbazepine acetate	VGSC	Inhibito
Flunarizine dihydrochloride	L-type and T-type Ca <sup>2+</sup> channels	Inhibito
Fluoxetine hydrochloride	K <sub>√</sub> 4.3 channels	Inhibito
Iberiotoxin	K <sub>Ca</sub> 1.1 K <sup>+</sup> channels	Inhibito
Memantine hydrochloride	NMDA receptor	Inhibito
Nifedipine	L-type Ca <sup>2+</sup> channels	Inhibito
NS-1619	K <sub>Ca</sub> 1.1 K <sup>+</sup> channels	Activat
Ouabain	Na⁺/K⁺ ATPase	Inhibite
Phenytoin	VGSC, HERG	Inhibite
Tetraethyl-ammonium chloride	K <sup>⁺</sup> channels - all	Inhibito
Tetrodotoxin	VGSC	Inhibit
TRAM-34	K <sub>Ca</sub> 3.1 K <sup>+</sup> channels	Inhibite
Veratridine	VGSC	Activat
1-EBIO	K <sub>Ca</sub> 3.1, K <sub>Ca</sub> 2 channels	Activat
Capsaicin	TRPV1 channels	Inhibit
Carbenoxolone	Pannexin-1 (Gap junction channel)	Inhibite
Cariporide	NHE1	Inhibite
Charybdotoxin	$K_{Ca}1.1$ , $K_v1.2$ , $K_v1.3$ $K^+$ channels	Inhibite
Gabapentin	VGCC / alpha-2-delta	Inhibit
Glibenclamide	TRPA1, KATP channels	Inhibit
lcilin	TRPM8 channel	Activat
Loperamide hydrochloride	type, T-type Ca <sup>2+</sup> , HCN channels, NMDA, μ-opioid receptor	Inhibit
Margatoxin	K <sub>v</sub> 1.3, K <sub>v</sub> 1.6	Inhibit
Ranolazine	VGSC	Inhibite

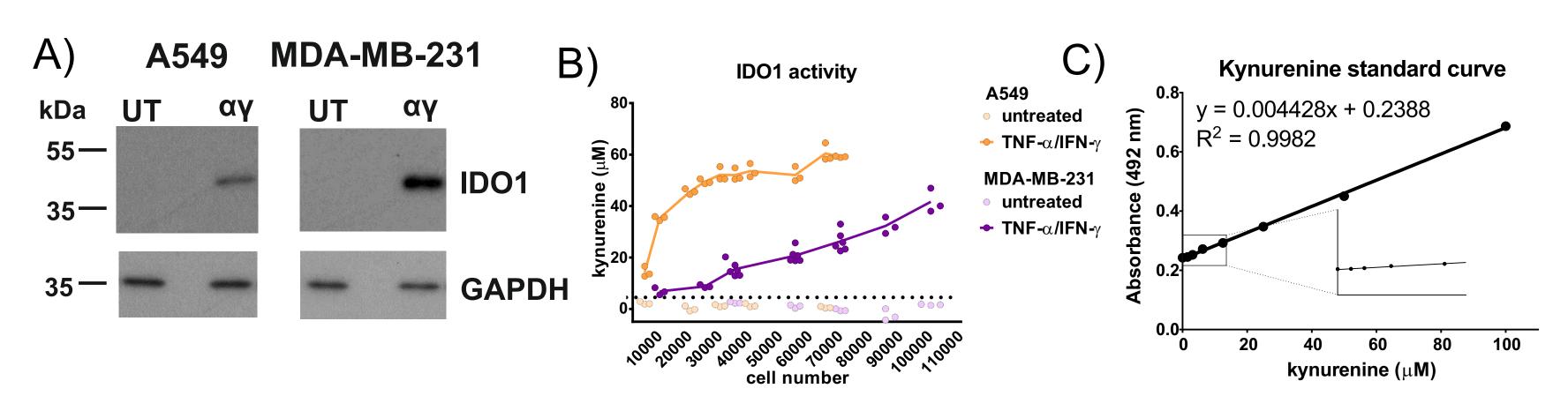
A library of 31 compounds targeting ion channels or pumps was screened in the kynurenine assay measuring IDO1 activity in TNF-α/IFN-γ stimulated lung cancer (A549) and breast cancer (MDA-MB-231) cells. Points (right panel) represent technical replicates and data are normalized to their respective DMSO control, 0.05% or 1% DMSO in PBS.





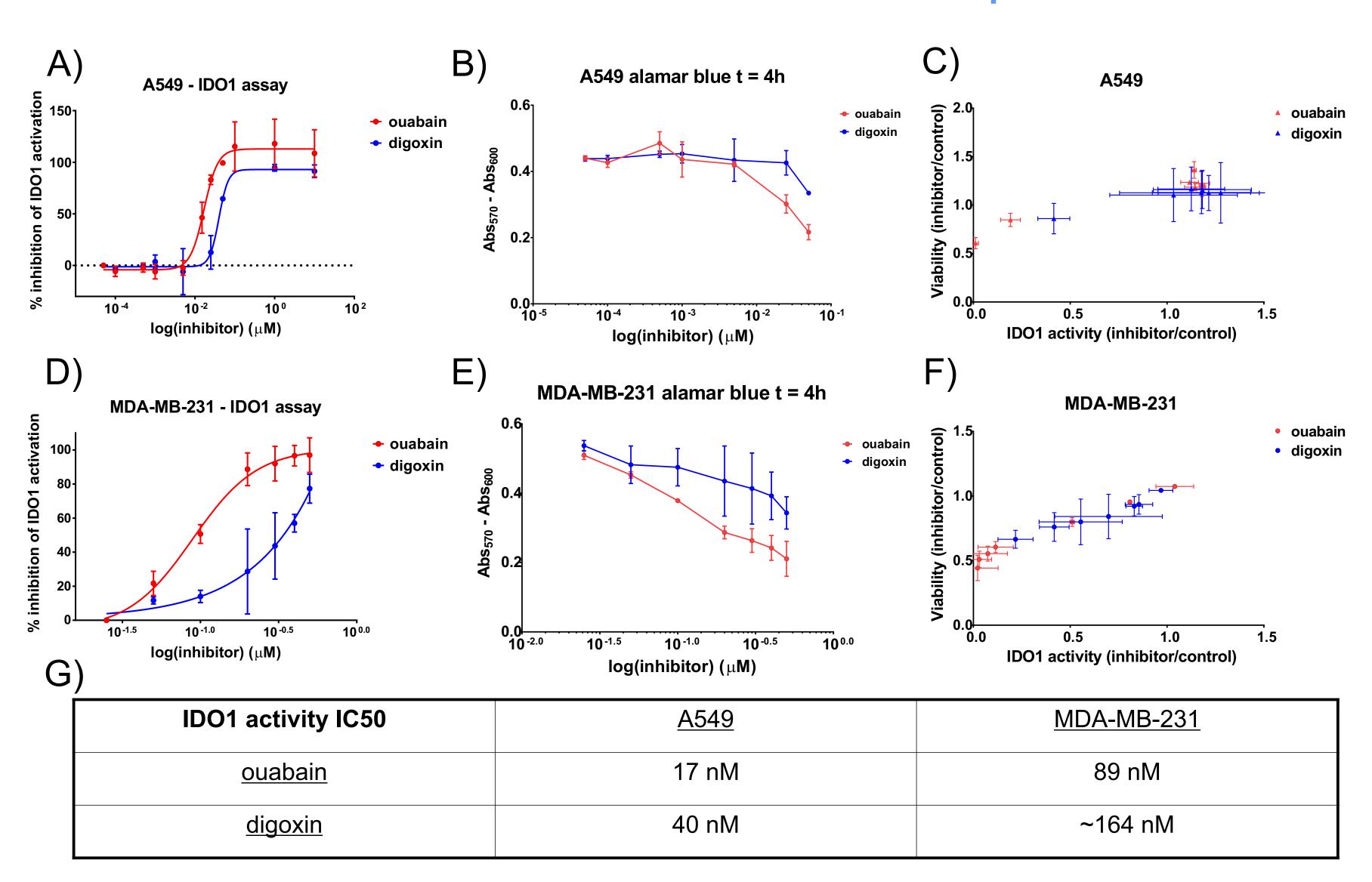
### Results

TNF-α/IFN-y stimulates IDO1 expression in lung cancer A549 and breast cancer MDA-MB-231 cells.



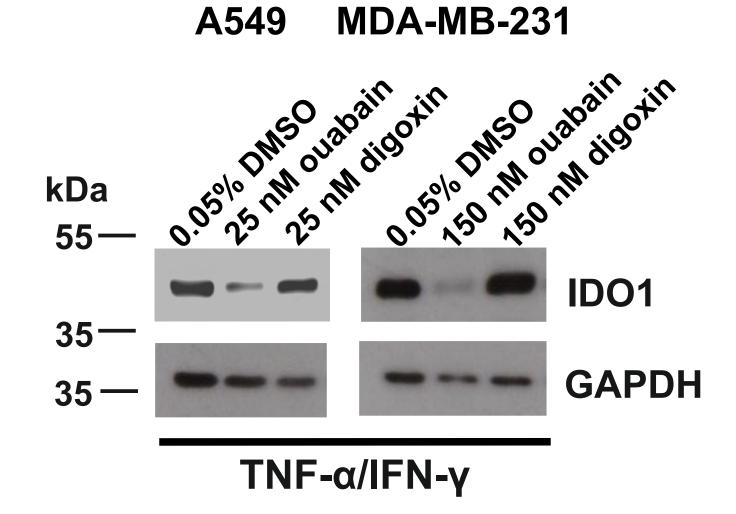
A) Western blot of IDO1 in A549 and MDA-MB-231 cells +/- 25 ng/mL TNF-α/1000 U/mL IFN-γ stimulation. B) IDO1 assay cell titration for A549 and MDA-MB-231 cells. Used 10,000 A549/well and 50,000 MDA-MB-231/well as seeding density in all following experiments. C) Representative kynurenine absorbance standard curve calculated from kynurenine standards in 0.5M HCI.

Cardiac glycosides ouabain and digoxin inhibit kynurenine production in A549 and MDA-MB-231 cancer cells with a modest impact on cell survival.



A) Dose-response curves for ouabain and digoxin treatment of TNF-α/IFN-γ stimulated A549 cells. B) Alamar Blue survival assay after 4h incubation with reagent. C) Comparison of IDO1 activity vs. viability as measured by Alamar Blue in A549 cells. D) Dose-response curves for ouabain and digoxin treatment of TNF-α/IFN-γ stimulated MDA-MB-231 cells. E) Alamar Blue survival assay after 4h incubation with reagent. F) Comparison of IDO1 activity vs. viability as measured by Alamar Blue in MDA-MB-231 cells. G) Calculated IDO1 activity IC50s from fitting the dose-response curves by non-linear least squares regression.

Ouabain, but not digoxin, downregulates IDO1 expression in A549 and MDA-MB-231 cancer cells.



Western blot of IDO1 expression in TNF-α/IFN-γ stimulated cells treated with cardiac glycosides. A549 cells were treated with 0.05% DMSO, 25 nM ouabain,

or 25 nM digoxin (left panel). MDA-MB-231 cells were treated with 0.05% DMSO, 150 nM ouabain, or 150 nM digoxin (right panel).

## Cardiac glycosides decrease activity of immune checkpoint protein IDO1 in cancer cells.





