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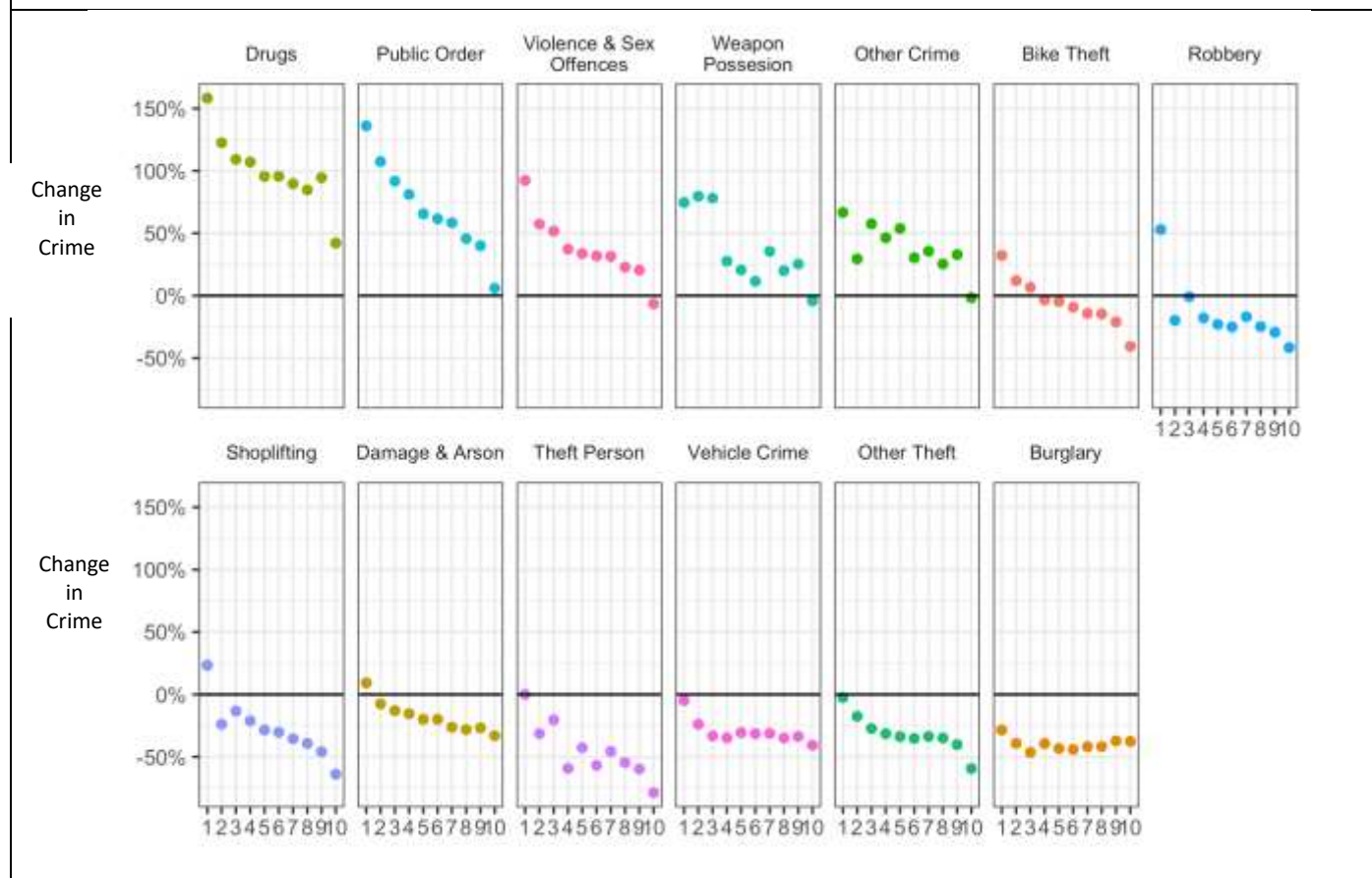
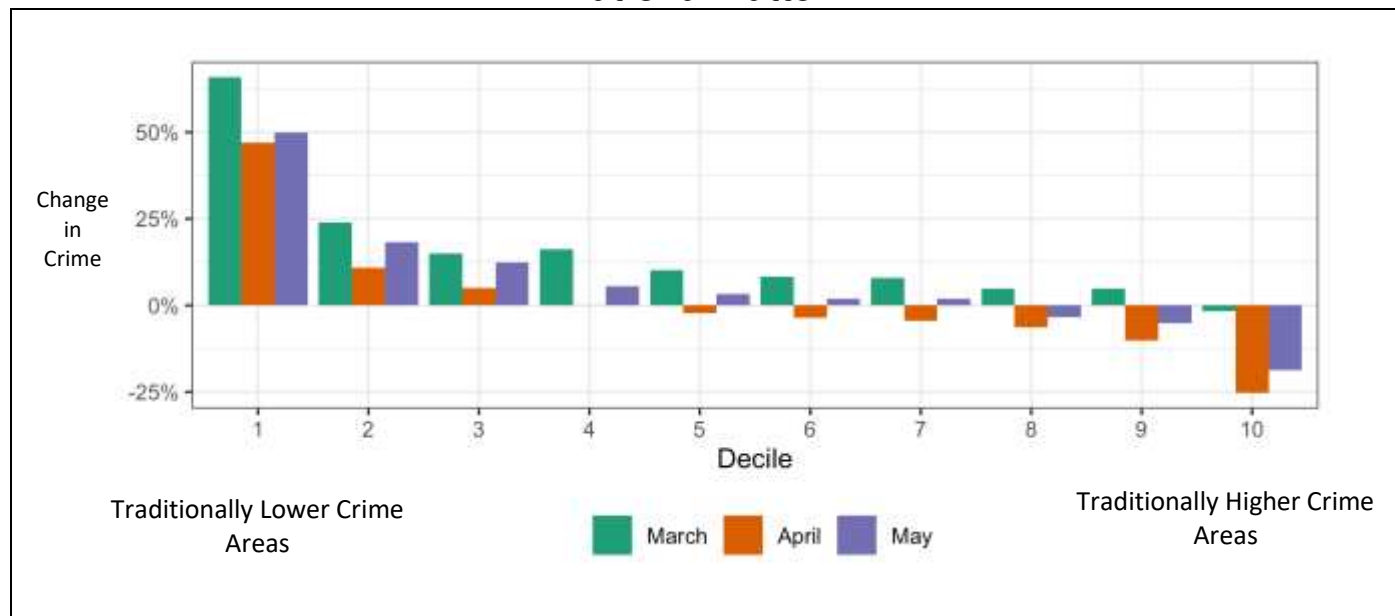
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# Spatial distributive justice and crime in the covid-19 pandemic

Antho Dixon<sup>1</sup>, Eric Halford<sup>2</sup>, Graham Farrell<sup>1</sup>

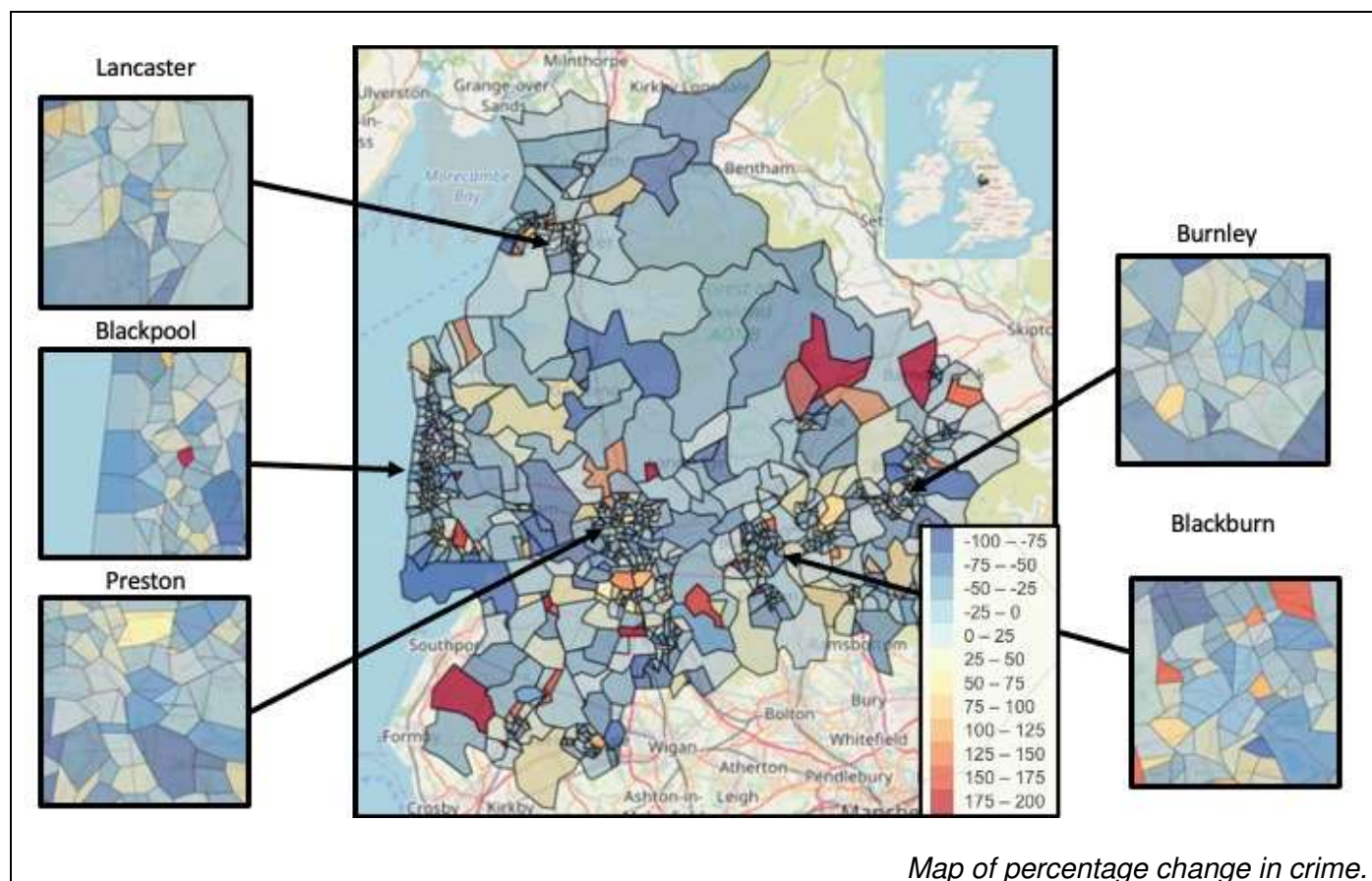
## National Pattern



<sup>1</sup> University of Leeds

<sup>2</sup> Lancashire Constabulary

## Lancashire Case Study



Map of percentage change in crime.

### **Bizarro World?**

Nationally, small area (LSOAs) were ranked by recorded crime rate and grouped into deciles. Decile rates are changes relative to the rate expected based on the previous five years.

#### Key findings:

- Previously high-crime areas saw the largest crime declines.
- Previously-low-crime rate areas experienced crime increases.
- Urban centres saw the greatest crime drops in absolute (but not necessarily relative) terms.
- Public order crime increases likely reflect breaches - or perceived breaches - of lockdown rules. Some crime increases, including drugs and weapon offences, may reflect changes in police activity.

Source: data.police.uk for England, Wales and Northern Ireland; Lancashire Constabulary. Full maps at: <https://goofy-fermat-152b72.netlify.app/>

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