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Measurement of the differential and total cross sections of the $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ reaction within the resonance region

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We report the first measurement of differential and total cross sections for the $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ reaction, using data from the CLAS detector at the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility. Data collected during two separate experimental runs were studied with photon-energy coverage 0.8–3.6 GeV and 0.5–2.6 GeV, respectively. The two measurements are consistent giving confidence in the method and determination of systematic uncertainties. The cross sections are compared with predictions from the KAON-MAID theoretical model (without kaon exchange), which deviate from the data at higher W and at forward kaon angles. These data, along with previously published cross sections for $K^+\Lambda$ photoproduction, provide essential constraints on the nucleon resonance spectrum. A first partial wave analysis was performed that describes the data without the introduction of new resonances.

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I. INTRODUCTION

New states have been discovered in the spectrum of nucleon resonances in recent years, which are summarized by the Particle Data Group (PDG) [1], in part from high-precision data from photon-beam facilities, and also from theoretical advances in coupled-channel partial wave analyses [2]. Some nucleon resonances, or N^* 's, have a weak coupling to πN final states yet may have significant branching ratios to final states with strangeness, such as $K^+\Lambda$. Most of the strangeness photoproduction data comes from reactions using a proton target. However, protons and neutrons have different photocouplings to the N^* 's and measurements of cross sections off the neutron give complementary information [3]. Here, we present the first measurements of the reaction $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ where the proton is a spectator. (In fact, the proton can contribute in some kinematics through final-state interactions, but based on results of other analyses we expect these effects to be small here [4].) One advantage of studying this reaction is that the Λ is an isosinglet, and hence only N^* resonances (and no Δ^* resonances) can contribute to s-channel diagrams, thus simplifying the theoretical interpretation of the data.

The measurements are compared with theoretical predictions from an approach that is based on a unitarized tree-level Lagrangian model [5]. The model includes phenomenological couplings of N^* 's to the $K \Lambda$ final state, based on fits to existing kaon production data [6–8], with photocouplings to the N^* 's extracted from previous measurements (more in Sec. IV A).

The calculations also include t-channel exchange based on the Regge model. Because the K^0 has no charge or spin, the t-channel contributions to $K^0\Lambda$ photoproduction only come from an exchange of a strange meson with spin S=1, such as a K^* .

A comparison between the data and theoretical predictions will allow us to obtain information on which N^* 's contribute to this reaction. In particular, there are many resonances predicted by the constituent quark model [9,10] or by lattice gauge theory [11] that are not seen in experiments and are commonly referred to as "missing" resonances. Recent work by the Bonn-Gatchina group [2] has added a few new resonances, but many are yet to be observed.

At lower center-of-mass energies W, only $N(1650)1/2^-$, $N(1710)1/2^+$, and $N(1720)3/2^+$ were predicted to contribute significantly to $K^+\Lambda$ production. However, the SAPHIR [12,13] and CLAS [6–8] photoproduction data off a proton target show an enhancement at $W \sim 1.9$ GeV. Partial wave analyses (PWAs) suggested that this corresponds to a new resonance, the $N(1900)3/2^+$, which couples only weakly to πN final states [2]. Given these findings, data utilizing photoproduction off the neutron are very important to understand these resonant states. The measurement of the $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ cross sections is expected to lead to the determination of excitation coupling strengths, relative to the proton.

II. THE EXPERIMENTS

The g10 and g13 data sets were collected using the CEBAF Large Acceptance Spectrometer (CLAS) at the Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility. The experiments used a tagged Bremsstrahlung photon beam [14] created from the primary electron beam of the CEBAF accelerator. These

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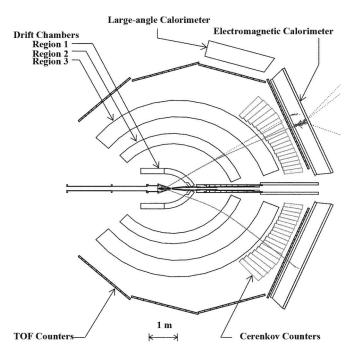


FIG. 1. A schematic of CLAS [16] (top view, cut along the beamline).

photons were tagged by determining the scattered electron energy [14]. This allowed tagging photons between 20% and 95% of the incident electron energy (E_0) with resolution of $10^{-3} E_0$.

Some of the generated photons interacted with the liquid deuterium target and produced a neutral K^0 and a Λ baryon. Each of the final-state hadrons decayed into pions and a proton that were tracked by the drift chambers [15] in a toroidal magnetic field [16] to determine the charge and momenta of the particles. The time of flight was determined using the start counter [17,18], surrounding the target, and the (stop) counters on the exterior of CLAS [16]. A schematic of CLAS can be seen in Fig. 1. The detected particles were then used to reconstruct the momenta and trajectories of the produced kaon and Λ in the offline analysis.

A. g10 Experiment

The g10 experiment directed the CEBAF electron beam onto a gold foil to produce an unpolarized Bremsstrahlung photon beam, which then struck an unpolarized liquid-deuterium target. The target chamber was conical, measuring 24 cm in length with a maximal diameter of 4 cm. The center of the target was positioned 25 cm upstream from the CLAS center. For this experiment the incident electron energy was $E_e=3.767\,\mathrm{GeV}$, which allowed a maximum tagged photon energy of about 3.6 GeV.

The analysis on this data set was limited to photon energies between 1.0 and 3.0 GeV where event rates were the largest. The torus had two different current settings, +2250 A and +3375 A [19]. Each magnet setting was kept for roughly half of the g10 beam time. The positive polarity, which bends negatively charged particles towards the beamline, combined

with the high torus setting, resulted in some low-momentum π^- tracks curling far enough inward to never be seen by the time-of-flight (stop) counters. Therefore, this analysis only investigated the data set with the torus magnet set at +2250 A as to increase the probability of detecting lower momentum π^- 's.

B. g13 Experiment

This analysis used the g13 experiment's data with circularly polarized photons that were generated using a polarized electron beam at an energy of 2.65 GeV. The torus magnet current was set to -1497 A to have larger efficiency for low momentum π^- 's that bent away from the beamline, in contrast to g10's positive torus polarity. A conical 40-cm-long unpolarized liquid-deuterium target was used during the g13 experiment. This was positioned 20 cm upstream from the CLAS center with a maximal diameter of 4 cm. This setup was intended to maximize the acceptance of low-momentum π^- 's that resulted from the decays of hyperons. These data were used for the cross section determination presented here because of its large energy overlap with the g10 data set.

III. DATA ANALYSIS

The different run conditions of the g10 and g13 experiments allowed a check on the reproducibility of this first $K^0\Lambda$ cross section measurement. Differences in these independent measurements include the photon tagger energy range, photon flux, and torus field strength and polarity.

A. Particle identification

The short lifetime and neutral charge of the reaction products of interest, K^0 and Λ , make their direct detection virtually impossible. The particles were reconstructed through their decays: $K^0 \to K_S^0 \to \pi^+\pi^-$ and $\Lambda \to p\pi^-$. Having no particles detected directly from the reaction vertex required an extra step to determine the decay vertex, which was used to account for energy losses from ionization (and momentum corrections). These corrections are essential for making a direct and reliable comparison of data and simulation.

The final-state particles representing the reaction of interest are three pions and a proton. Particle identification consisted of a comparison between the measured time of flight t_m and the calculated time using the particle's assumed mass and momentum (as extracted from tracking);

$$\delta t = t_m - \frac{D}{\beta c} = t_m - \frac{D\sqrt{p^2 + m^2}}{pc},\tag{1}$$

where D is the reconstructed path length of the particle from the event vertex to the TOF counters, m is the assumed mass of the particle, and t_m is the time of flight as calculated by taking the difference between the TOF time and the event start time. Particle identification was performed separately for positive and negative tracks. Figure 2 shows a very small subset of the raw g13 data, in which δt is determined for each track, given its measured quantities (t_m , charge, and momentum) for assumed masses of a π and p. The time difference about $\delta t = 0$ was fit as a function of momentum with a Gaussian for several

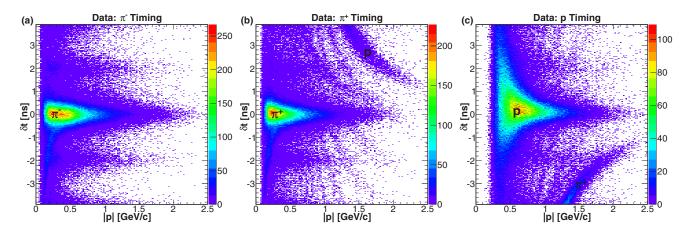


FIG. 2. A very small subset of the raw g13 event tracks before any cuts. The tracks shown differ only by charge and assumed mass. This figure represents (left) negatively charged tracks with an assumed mass of m_{π} , (middle) positively charged tracks with an assumed mass of m_{π} , and (right) positively charged tracks with an assumed mass of m_{π} .

momentum bins; a 2σ (3σ) cut about the centroid of δt was used to identify particles in g13 (g10) data. Figure 2 shows horizontal bands at $\delta t = \pm 2$ ns and ± 4 ns that reflect the 2-ns RF period of the CEBAF electron beam.

B. Event selection

Once the candidate events with all the required particles were identified, their tracks were paired to reconstruct the possible K_S^0 and Λ particles. The K_S^0 decays 69% of the time into a $\pi^+\pi^-$ pair [1], while the Λ has a 64% branching ratio to the π^-p channel [1]. It cannot be certain *a priori* which of the two π^- 's was the partner of the proton and which one of the π^+ , so each combination was considered. The π^-p pair that yielded an invariant mass closest to the Λ mass was chosen. From both simulation and data studies, it was shown that less than 1.0% of surviving events were then paired incorrectly [20–22]. This showed that each π^- could be reliably assigned to a corresponding p or π^+ (when a $K_S^0\Lambda$ event existed) and was used for K_S^0 and Λ reconstruction in this analysis.

Several corrections and cuts were applied before the final yield extraction was done. The momenta of the tracks was corrected for the energy lost as the particles passed through the target and start counter [23]. Slight corrections were

also necessary for the momentum of each track, because of uncertainties in the magnetic field, and for the tagged photon energy, caused by the sag of the tagger focal plane [6]. Cuts were also made to remove poorly performing tagger counters and time-of-flight paddles. Events associated with beam trips were also cut from the final analysis.

Every particle that traverses through CLAS can be described by its production vertex, momentum (\vec{p}) , and mass. To increase reliability, all tracks that were reconstructed close to the edges of the detector were removed from both data and simulation [6]. These trajectories were identified based on the decrease in the number of reconstructed particles in finite bins of the vertex, momentum (\vec{p}) , and mass. These fiducial cuts change with each experiment, because of different magnetic fields and target locations.

Figures 3 and 4 show the reconstructed invariant mass distributions of $\pi^+\pi^-$ and π^-p , respectively. One can clearly see the K_S^0 and Λ peaks. The peaks sit on top of background, which was mostly from nonresonant $p\pi^+\pi^-\pi^-X$ production. The phase space background can be reduced by a cut on the opposing particle's $(K_S^0$ or $\Lambda)$ mass distribution (a 4σ cut was used in this analysis). To illustrate that the data has peaks where they are expected, a simulation of $\gamma d \to K_S^0 \Lambda(p)$ was compared with the data. At this point the data contained a

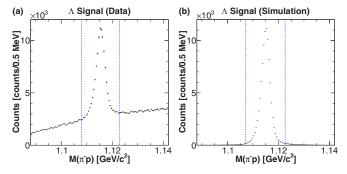


FIG. 3. The invariant mass of the $\pi^- p$ pair for both (left) data and (right) simulation. The dotted lines represent 4σ from the centroid, where $\sigma \approx 2 \text{ MeV/c}^2$.

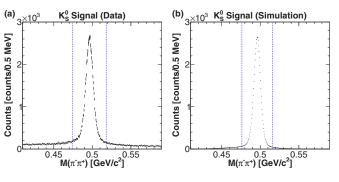


FIG. 4. The invariant mass of the $\pi^+\pi^-$ pair after a 4σ cut on $M(\pi^-p)$ for both (left) data and (right) simulation. The dotted lines represent 4σ from the centroid, where $\sigma \approx 5 \text{ MeV/c}^2$.

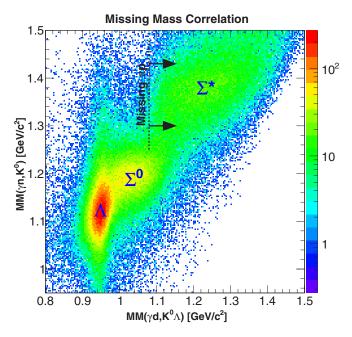


FIG. 5. (g13 data) The missing mass phase space for $MM(\gamma n, \pi^+\pi^-)$ versus $MM(\gamma d, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^-p)$. Clear signals can be seen between the expected hyperons in this reaction. The lower left peak corresponds to the $K_s^0\Lambda$ channel, while the other peaks seen correspond to the background channels $K_s^0\Sigma^0$ and $K_s^0\Sigma^*$, from left to right. The edge of the missing pion and proton peak is indicated by the black dotted line drawn at $MM(\gamma d, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^-p) = 1.08 \, \text{GeV/c}^2$.

large amount of background. To reduce this background, cuts on the invariant mass (as discussed above) were imposed on the data and simulation. The peak location, width of these signal peaks, and a representation of where a 4σ cut would lie is shown in Figs. 3 and 4 for the reconstructed Λ and K_S^0 , respectively.

C. Yield extraction

Extraction of the exclusive $\gamma d \to K_S^0 \Lambda(p)$ events from the sample of $\gamma d \to \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^- p X$ events requires the background contributions to be identified and removed (or accounted for). Also, final-state-interaction events need to be eliminated or strongly suppressed. Previous studies of the reaction of interest [24] have shown that the distribution of the missing mass off the kaon, $MM(\gamma n, K_S^0)$ (where n was assumed to be at rest), versus the missing mass off $K_S^0 \Lambda$, $MM(\gamma d, K_S^0 \Lambda)$, was useful in understanding background contributions from reactions with higher-mass hyperons such as Σ^0 and Σ^* . This can be seen in Fig. 5.

The events of interest yield a peak in $MM(\gamma n, K_S^0)$ at the Λ mass. This peak was much wider, compared to $K^+\Lambda$ production off the free proton, because the Fermi momentum of the target neutron was not taken into account in the calculation of $MM(\gamma n, K_S^0)$. This quantity, from the undetected nucleon, was not sufficient to remove background. While the Σ^0 cannot be removed with a simple cut, the Σ^* contributions can be reduced to a negligible amount by removing all events with $MM(\gamma d, K_S^0\Lambda) > 1.05 \, {\rm GeV/c^2}$. This means the Σ^* signal

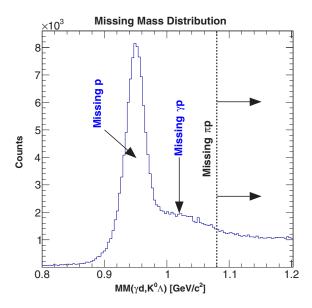


FIG. 6. The missing mass distribution peaks about the proton mass because of the creation of $K_S^0\Lambda$. Another signal can be seen from a missing proton plus photon that was largely associated with the $K_S^0\Sigma^0$. An extra missing pion would push the missing mass to the right of the black dotted line (drawn at the same location as in Fig. 5).

does not extend underneath the $K_S^0\Lambda$ peak when working with the projection onto $MM(\gamma d, K_S^0\Lambda)$. A similar argument was made for K^* , or other events with a missing pion. Therefore, $MM(\gamma d, K_S^0\Lambda)$ was used for the yield extraction as discussed throughout this document.

The distributions in Fig. 6 illustrate the missing mass after cuts on the invariant mass of the Λ and K_S^0 . Although much background remains, it is clear where the corresponding signals from the $\gamma d \to K_S^0 \Lambda(p)$ and $\gamma d \to K_S^0 \Sigma^0 p \to K_S^0 \Lambda(\gamma p)$ reactions are located. The later cuts on missing mass and missing momentum remove any significant contribution from events associated with the production of an extra π^0 (or π^+) such as in the case of the higher-mass hyperons Σ^* and Λ^* or higher-mass kaons. The yield for $\gamma d \to K_S^0 \Lambda(p)$ can be determined by fitting the missing proton peak after the analysis cuts. To do this the $K_S^0 \Sigma^0$ background shape must be understood. Fitting the full spectrum of both the proton peak (corresponding to the missing mass of the $K_S^0 \Lambda$) and the proton plus photon peak $(K_S^0 \Sigma^0)$ was problematic because of the overlap of these signals.

To extract a more reliable yield, the fitting of $K_S^0 \Sigma^0$ was approached by means of only describing the leading edge of the distribution. Generated data allowed a very good approximation of background contributions, and these were used to perform background subtraction as described in the next section. Specifically, the shape of the background was determined by fitting the simulated $K_S^0 \Sigma^0$ spectrum after it was processed through the modeled detector. This shape was then scaled to match the distribution of our actual data. The yields were extracted by the integration of the signal and by scaling the background shapes to the data.

D. Background

The reaction of interest was $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$. To measure this process the decay products of the K^0 and Λ were detected. Therefore the final-state particles that were detected were $\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p$. The four tracks could be produced several different ways. The backgrounds can be attributed to two categories. The first category was a five (or more) track background, where one (or more) tracks were missed by CLAS. The second category of background processes was from a four track background.

1. Hyperon backgrounds

By extracting the yield through the missing mass, it was likely that any process producing an extra pion (or other massive particle) was well separated from the spectator proton missing mass measured by $MM(K^0\Lambda) = \sqrt{(P_d + P_\gamma - P_{K^0} - P_\Lambda)^2}$, where P_i is the four-momentum of the given particle. Near the missing mass signal the most prevalent five track background was identified as $\gamma d \to K^0 \Sigma^0 p \to K_S^0 \Lambda(\gamma p) \to \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- p(\gamma p)$. Nonetheless other background channels were also explored.

The $K_S^0 \Sigma^0$ background could not be separated from the $K_S^0 \Lambda$ signal except through the missing mass, as this still produced a peak at the Λ and K_S^0 invariant masses. The characteristic shape of this background was explored through simulation. When extracting the yield for the $K_S^0\Lambda$ channel, a fit to this background shape was used to subtract the $K_S^0 \Sigma^0$ events, which can be seen in Fig. 7. Simulation showed that the edge of the $K_s^0 \Sigma^0$ distribution consistently resulted in a sigmoidal shape. Several fitting functions (with sigmoidal properties) proved reasonably consistent, yet the hyperbolic tangent function proved most reliable in estimating the $\gamma d \rightarrow$ $K_S^0 \Lambda(\gamma p)$ events under the proton missing mass distribution. Momenta of the missing particles was not used to separate the background but is discussed in Sec. III F. This background combined with simulated $K_S^0\Lambda$ events represented the data fairly well. Other five track backgrounds that do not produce real K_S^0 's or Λ 's were significantly reduced by the invariant mass cuts and separated from the signal by a large missing mass.

Other hyperon backgrounds were studied using simulations of detector acceptance. An equal number of events was generated for the $K_S^0\Lambda$ channel and the two lowest energy competing background channels—the $K_S^0\Sigma^*$ and $K^*(892)\Lambda$ channels. Phase space was used for the event generation. There was a negligible contribution of both channels, which reflected their extremely low acceptance. This, combined with the improbability that the missing mass was near the spectator proton mass, suggests that these channels were not contaminating the data set.

2. Four track background

While the strange channels (such as $K_S^0 \Lambda$ and $K_S^0 \Sigma^0$) were the primary source of our four final-state particle events, other processes from nonstrange production mechanisms could contribute to the background. One to consider is the production channel of $\gamma d \to \rho \Delta^0 p \to \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- p(p)$. Both the ρ and Δ^0 have a wide mass distribution when compared to either the K_S^0

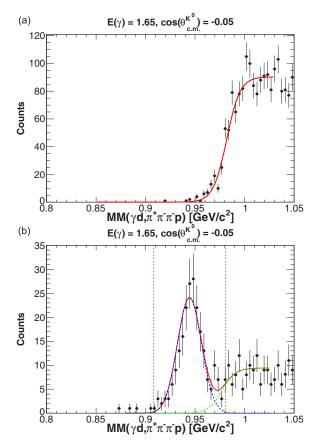


FIG. 7. The top panel is a hyperbolic tangent curve fit to the missing mass of $\gamma d \to K_S^0 \Sigma^0 p \to \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- p(\gamma p)$ from simulation. The bottom panel is a fit to the missing mass of an example data bin. The fit uses a Gaussian and a hyperbolic tangent shape that was parametrized from the simulation. This is an example of the g13 data fit to extract the number of events that were missing only one proton.

or Λ peak. When this channel is considered it could easily produce a relatively broad distribution about the invariant masses of the K^0 and Λ . Likewise if there were other similar background processes, the general trend would be creating a missing mass peak at the value of the proton mass, but would not produce a peak at the kaon or Λ mass.

Regardless of the channel, one would expect scattering events where the final-state particles were directly produced from photon-nucleon interactions. In this case, the background from $\gamma d \to \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^- p(p)$ is expected. Because there were multiple channels contributing to the background, they were modeled with simulations. This "random" distribution resulted with kinematics filling in the phase space underneath the signal peaks (K_S^0 and Λ). A uniform phase space distribution was generated to model this background. Although most of the generated phase space events were not in the region of interest, the events that did pass the limiting cuts matched the background shape under the Λ signal and the K^0 signal.

To account for this background, the sidebands of K_S^0 were projected onto the missing mass plane, where by definition this background created a peak at the spectator proton mass. The number of events that were only missing a spectator proton

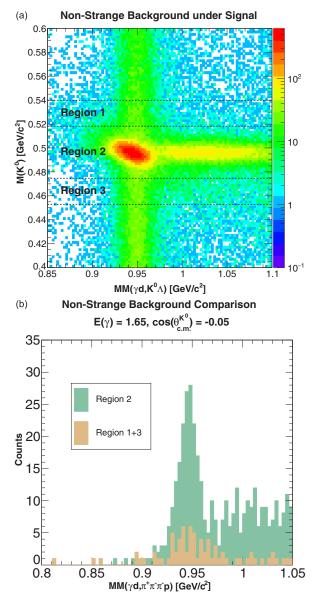


FIG. 8. The top panel shows the invariant mass of the $\pi^+\pi^-$ pair versus the $K_S^0\Lambda$ missing mass. This figure demonstrates where nonstrange $\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p$ background contributed to the extracted yield. The signal and the K_S^0 sidebands are outlined by the dashed lines. A small subset of the data (one kinematic bin) is projected onto the x axis in the bottom panel to show a typical background contribution.

were found in each region noted in Fig. 8. To obtain the correct number of $K_S^0\Lambda$ events, subtraction was used based on the sidebands of the K_S^0 distribution. The events in Region 2 of Fig. 8 can be written as

$$N_2^{K_S^0\Lambda} + N_2^{K^0\Sigma^0} + N_2^{\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p}, \tag{2}$$

where $N^{K_S^0\Lambda}$ is the number of $\gamma d \to K_S^0\Lambda(p)$ events, $N^{K_S^0\Sigma^0}$ is the number of $\gamma d \to K_S^0\Sigma^0(p)$ events, and $N^{\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p}$ is the number of $\gamma d \to \pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p(p)$ events that do not follow from the decays of K_S^0 or Λ . To correct for the overestimates of $K_S^0\Lambda$ yield, $\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p$ events in Region 1 and Region 3 of

TABLE I. Summary of the g10 systematic effects, estimating a total average point-to-point uncertainty [21].

Investigated cut	Systematic uncertainty
Luminosity	5.0%
Acceptance	1.6%
Yield Extraction	6.3%
Detector	5.0%
Branching Ratios	<1.0%
Total	10%

Fig. 8,

$$N_1^{\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p} + N_3^{\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-p}, \tag{3}$$

were subtracted from the events of Region 2. The size of this background fluctuated near 15% depending on the kinematic bin. This resulted in the raw yield of $K_S^0 \Lambda$ after subtraction of $K_S^0 \Sigma^0$ events.

E. Photon flux

Photon incidents on the target were tallied and then corrected by the tagger efficiency as they were written into the flux files [25]. The analysis code then cycled through the files to sort photons into the same energy bin structure as the yield extraction. Events without a corresponding photon flux file were dropped from the analysis. Analysis was performed on the consistency of the yield-to-flux ratio, or normalized yield. This generated an estimate of stability for each run within the experiment. Most energies showed a variation less than 3% in the normalized yield for g13 and less than $\approx 5\%$ for g10. This uncertainty was accounted for in the calculation of the luminosity uncertainty for the cross section (see Tables I and II).

F. Monte Carlo simulation

Monte Carlo simulation was used to determine the true acceptances in the CLAS detector. In principle, the CLAS detector provides nearly 4π acceptance, but in reality, the detector has several "blind" spots and regions of low efficiency. Simulation was used to generate $K_s^0\Lambda(p)$ and $K_s^0\Sigma^0p \to K_s^0\Lambda(\gamma p)$ events separately. Their relative event ratios for each kinematic bin were later weighted in proportions with respect to the real data. For this study, FSGEN [26] (a FORTRAN code that uses the PYTHIA framework [27]) was used for event

TABLE II. Summary of the g13 systematic effects, estimating a total average point-to-point uncertainty [22].

Investigated cut	Systematic uncertainty
Luminosity	2.6%-7.0%
Acceptance	1.9%-2.1%
Yield extraction	4.5%-11.4%
Detector	3.2%
Branching ratios	<1.0%
Total	7%–14%

generation. Events were produced from a deuterium target and included the associated Fermi momentum. The reliability of the simulated events was tested through comparisons of each particle's momentum, including the spectator proton. The generated events were then passed to the standard CLAS detector simulation, GSIM (a GEANT-3-based simulation code suite for CLAS). The GSIM package uses GEANT to propagate the particles through a simulated CLAS system. It was important to correct for the detector inefficiencies, before the event quantities were sent through the reconstruction algorithm and analyzed. We used the GPP (GSIM post-processor) code that served two primary purposes: It removed some tracks to correct for the inefficiencies in the CLAS detector system at the time of the experiment and it smeared the track resolution through the drift chambers to better model the position uncertainty of detectors in the experimental data. The trajectories and energies of the final-state particles were recorded into the data banks as individual measurements of sub-detector systems. The files containing the simulation data had the same structure as the data files, with the addition of the generated information for each track.

The momentum of the spectator proton was compared to the reconstructed simulation versus data. The generator began by first selecting the photon energy in the event. With this energy, the Fermi momentum was determined using the Bonn distribution as a weighting factor. The Bonn potential is based on the exchange of mesons between the nucleons [28]. The center-of-mass energy, along with all the momenta contained in each generated event, was affected by the Fermi momentum. The missing momentum in this analysis was described by

$$|\vec{p}_{p^{\text{spec}}}| = |\vec{p}_{\gamma} + \vec{p}_{d} - \vec{p}_{K_{s}^{0}} - \vec{p}_{\Lambda}|,$$
 (4)

where \vec{p} is the momentum vector of each particle: proton, photon, deuteron, kaon, and Lambda. This missing momentum in each four track event (assuming no missing tracks) represented the Fermi momentum of the undetected spectator proton. One can see this in the data only if a strict cut on missing mass is applied to remove a significant portion of the Σ^0 background (see Fig. 9).

Applying a cut of ± 20 MeV about the expected missing mass peak, $MM(\gamma d, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^-p)$, at the spectator proton results in Fig. 10. The agreement between simulation and data confirmed that the weighting of Fermi momentum in event generation appropriately describes the process in quasifree events.

G. Systematic uncertainties

Systematic uncertainties were determined for each portion of the experiment. This includes uncertainties in the target and detector geometries, and effects of event selection and cuts. Most components contributing to the uncertainties were compiled per kinematic bin. The largest uncertainties were associated with forward angles, where a blind spot exists from the detector geometry, and at backward angles, where statistics and detector efficiencies were poor. The average point-to-point uncertainties can be seen in Tables I and II. These were separated into broad categories to give some sense of the source of uncertainty.

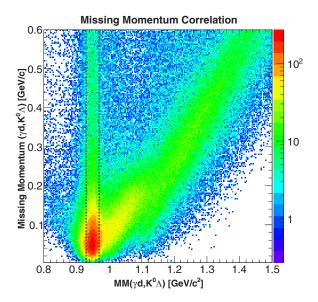


FIG. 9. (g13 data) The missing momentum versus the missing mass, $MM(\gamma d, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^-p)$. The missing spectator proton can be seen by the vertical distribution inside the dotted lines, while the diagonal distribution implies events where an extra particle exists within the reaction (γ in the case of Σ^0 or $\pi^{0,+}$ in the case of Σ^*/K^*).

The systematic uncertainties underwent extensive internal review, and were examined for different choices for analysis cuts and different methods of background subtraction for the yield extraction. Details are given in Refs. [20–22]. In addition, one of the largest uncertainties is from the luminosity. This was studied extensively in Ref. [19] for the g10 experiment and similar studies were repeated for the g13 experiment [22].

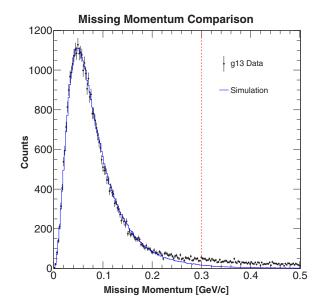


FIG. 10. The missing momentum distribution of events in the g13 data (points) and the g13 simulation (line) with a strict cut on missing mass. The simulation was scaled to the data. The vertical red line represents the missing momentum cut applied to reduce final-state interaction contributions.

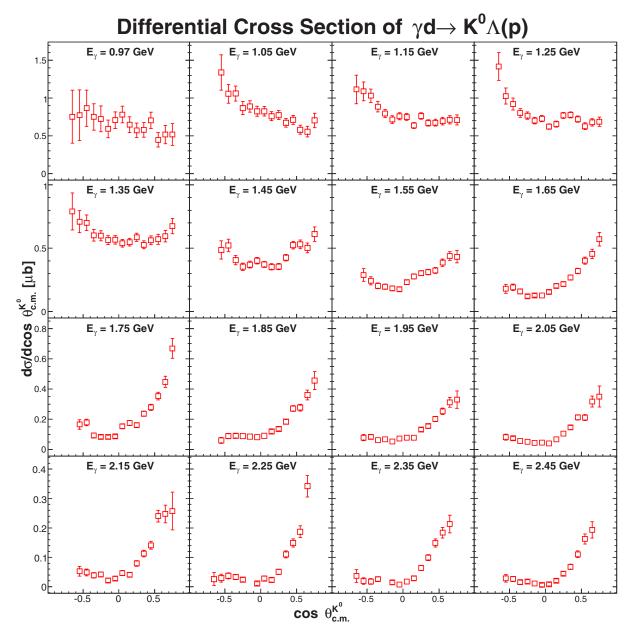


FIG. 11. The g13 differential cross sections in bins of $\cos \theta_{c,m}^{K^0}$ for each beam energy. Only the statistical uncertainties are shown.

In general, these systematic uncertainties are typical when compared with other CLAS experiments [6–8].

IV. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

A. Model of the $K^0\Lambda$ differential cross section

Several models, such as, e.g., KAON-MAID [5], have been developed for the kaon photoproduction channels. However, while most model calculations for K^+ photoproduction off the proton show little variation, because of the availability of good quality data, the $\gamma n \to K^0 \Lambda$ predictions from KAON-MAID are largely unconstrained. The combination of the γn and γK^0 vertices make this channel particularly hard to predict. The inclusion and exclusion of t-channel kaon exchange in calculations from KAON-MAID changes the cross section

output by large factors (variations up to a factor of 10 as shown in Ref. [5]). The present data should give enough constraints to tie down several coupling strengths that would not only improve other predictions, but possibly even allow classification of specific resonances based on extracted helicity couplings.

B. $K^0\Lambda$ differential cross section

The luminosity,

$$L(E_{\gamma}) = \frac{\Phi(E_{\gamma})\rho\ell N_A}{A_{\text{target}}},\tag{5}$$

where E_{γ} is the beam energy, A_{target} is the atomic weight of the target, $\Phi(E_{\gamma})$ is the photon flux, ρ is the density of the target, ℓ is the length of the target, and N_A is Avogadro's number, is

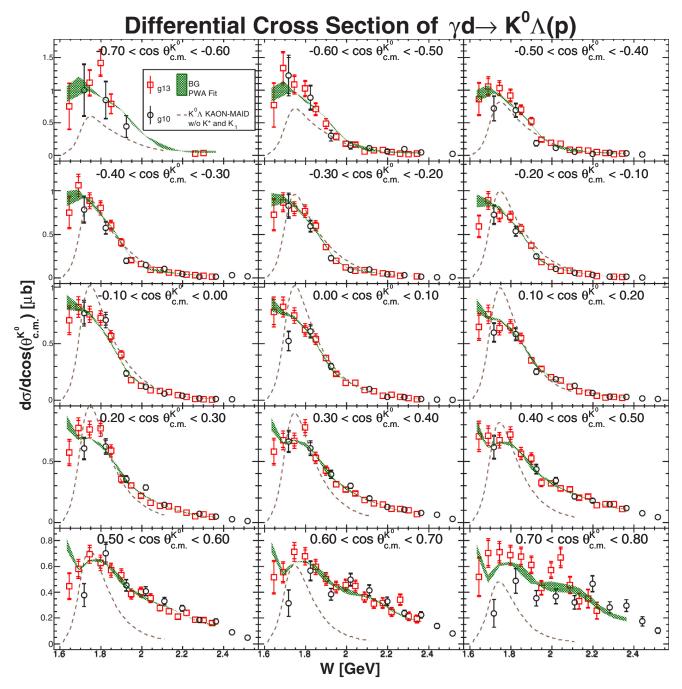


FIG. 12. The g10 (circles) and g13 (squares) differential cross sections as a function of W (GeV) for each $\cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$. The KAON-MAID model (dashed line) is shown, assuming no contributions from the $K^*(892)$ and $K_1(1270)$, along with the differences between the two Bonn-Gatchina $K^0\Lambda$ fits (shaded curve). The inner error bars represent the statistical uncertainty. The outer error bars are the statistical and systematic uncertainties added in quadrature.

measured as a function of beam energy in each experiment. The differential cross section for the $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ reaction can then be written as

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta_{K^0}^{\text{c.m.}}} = \frac{1}{L(E_\gamma)\Delta\cos\theta_{\text{c.m.}}^{K^0}} \frac{Y\left(E_\gamma,\cos\theta_{\text{c.m.}}^{K^0}\right)}{\alpha\left(E_\gamma,\cos\theta_{\text{c.m.}}^{K^0}\right)} \times \text{B.F.,(6)}$$

where $\Delta\cos(\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0})$ is the bin width of $\cos\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$, $Y(E_{\gamma},\cos\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0})$ is the corrected yield, $\alpha(E_{\gamma},\cos\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0})$ is the CLAS acceptance,

and B.F. is the branching fraction or inverse branching ratios of the decay channels for the neutral hadrons $(K^0 \to K_S^0, K_S^0 \to \pi^+\pi^-, \text{and } \Lambda \to \pi^-p)$. Using the g13 data set, Fig. 11 shows the differential cross section of the $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ reaction with respect to $\cos\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$ for 100-MeV photon energy bins between 0.9 and 2.5 GeV.

Preliminary fits using PWA from the Bonn-Gatchina group were applied to the measured data [2]. The s-channel diagrams, where N^* resonances form, contain two main variables. The

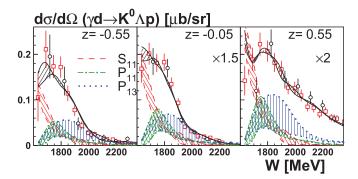


FIG. 13. Two PWA solutions from fits using the Bonn-Gatchina model are shown to the differential cross section of $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ at three $z = \cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$ angular bins. The data symbols are as given in previous figures. A description of the curves is given by the legend and in the text. Parameters of the fits will be presented in a future publication.

first unknown is that of the resonance decay, $N^* \to K^0 \Lambda$. This can be restricted by utilizing previous $K^+ \Lambda$ fit results from proton targets. The second and more interesting unknown is that of $\gamma n \to N^*$. Not only is $\gamma n \to N^*$ different from that of $\gamma p \to N^*$, because of the photocouplings, but not all resonances will have a strong decay to the KY channels. To best describe the underlying processes, this PWA employed a multichannel fit that incorporated observables from $\gamma d \to \pi^- p(p), \ \pi^- p \to \gamma n, \ \gamma d \to \pi^0 n(p), \ \gamma d \to \eta n(p),$ and $\gamma d \to K^+ \Sigma^-(p)$. As a result of the preliminary fit, two main solutions were found to describe the data. Both solutions seem to describe $\gamma d \to K^+ \Sigma^-(p)$ and $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ reasonably well, as shown below.

In Fig. 12, the cross section is shown as a function of center-of-mass energy for various $\cos\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$ bins including both the g10 and g13 data sets. Close agreement is seen between the two experiments, with some discrepancies in the forward bin: $0.7 < \cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0} < 0.8$. Although the exact cause of the small difference in this forward bin is unknown, it is assumed that this demonstrates the uncertainty of modeling the detector and field map in this kinematic regime (two of the main differences between these experiments were the magnitude and directionality of the magnetic field). The KAON-MAID model is also shown, assuming no contributions from the $K^*(892)$ and $K_1(1270)$. These parameters were chosen for the model as this provided the best agreement with data. From this it is seen that these data will be essential to better constrain t-channel contributions. The complementary nature of $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ compared to $\gamma p \to K^+ \Lambda$, where one has a neutral exchange in the t channel and the other a charged exchange, can help differentiate between contributions from various t-channel exchanges (and the interference between s-channel and t-channel diagrams).

The cross sections of the data are in good agreement with the PWA fits done by the Bonn-Gatchina group [2] as shown in Figs. 12 and 13. In the latter, the shaded regions show the range of contribution from different s-channel partial waves (S_{11} , P_{11} , and P_{13} denoted in the legend of the figure) that contribute to the total strength (shown by the solid

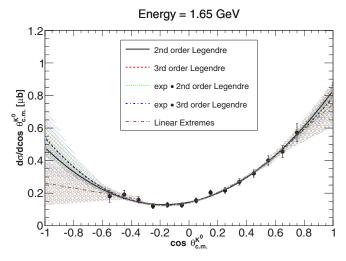


FIG. 14. Different fits of the g13 differential cross sections (at $E_{\gamma}=1.65$ GeV) using five different fits. The shaded regions represent a 1σ band of the fit to the data.

lines). Further work on measurements of photoproduction observables off the deuteron will help differentiate between the two Bonn-Gatchina solutions shown here. Such work is in progress and will be presented in a separate publication.

C. Total cross section

The total cross section can be found by integrating over all $\cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$ of the differential cross section. This has two sources of uncertainty: that of the fit to the data points, and that associated with the absence of data at extreme angles.

Despite the fact that an individual fit function may fit the data within the measured angular region quite well, it may not be fully representative of the overall uncertainty. To obtain an estimate on the uncertainty attributed with extrapolations to extreme $\cos\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$ regions, many functions were tried. These functions included the following.

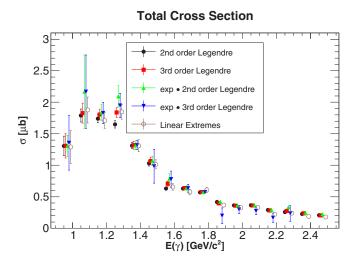
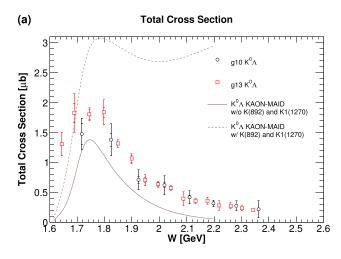


FIG. 15. The integration of each of the different fit functions used for the g13 differential cross sections.



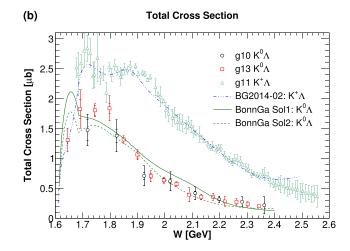


FIG. 16. Shown in the left panel are comparisons of the data to the KAON-MAID predictions, with two different input parameters (dashed and solid lines). This prediction clearly is not very constrained in this channel, in reference to contributions from higher mass kaons. The right panel shows the total cross section of $\gamma p \to K^+ \Lambda$ from the CLAS g11 data set [6] compared to $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$. The total cross section results from both the g13 (squares) and g10 (circles) experiments.

A second-order Legendre polynomial.

A third-order Legendre polynomial.

A second-order Legendre polynomial multiplied by an exponential.

A third-order Legendre polynomial multiplied by an exponential.

A third-order Legendre polynomial with linear extrapolations

These functions can fit the data well and be assumed to span a variation of realistic behaviors near the forward and backward angles. The uncertainty of the integration incorporated the covariance matrix given by the fit. The larger the error bands in the range of $\cos\theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$ from -1 to 1, the larger the uncertainty in the integration. Figure 14 demonstrates several fits to the data with a 1σ error band. The integrated cross sections for each fit can be seen in Fig. 15. The quoted total cross section uses the third-order Legendre polynomial. The base fit is shown in Fig. 16. The inner error bars are the uncertainty estimates from the third-order Legendre polynomial integration. The outer error bars represent the computed standard deviation (between third-order polynomial and all other fits) added in quadrature with the inner error bars.

Previous analyses of $\gamma p \to K^+ \Lambda$ [2] have shown that there is at least one *s*-channel resonance necessary to describe the data that was not needed for PWA of the pion data. Therefore, the channel $K^0\Lambda$ should be able to confirm these found states. For example, Fig. 16 clearly shows a "bump" in the $\gamma p \to K^+ \Lambda$ channel near 1900 MeV often attributed to $N(1900)3/2^+$. This enhancement is not seen in $\gamma d \to K^0\Lambda(p)$, albeit with fewer data points available. This suggests that this effect is from missing interference terms. One interpretation is to view these missing terms as contributing to the excess $K^+\Lambda$ cross section through the interference of a resonant state, the $N(1900)3/2^+$ and t-channel background processes. This is assumed because $\gamma d \to K^0\Lambda(p)$ has a suppression of t-channel terms [29],

described by kaon exchange, which should make this reaction ideal for identifying N^* resonances. This implies that partial wave analyses combined with the nature of $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ production will be able to provide constraints for models describing nucleon resonances that couple strongly to the KY decay channels.

V. CONCLUSIONS

In summary, the differential and total cross sections of $\gamma d \to K^0 \Lambda(p)$ have been presented from two different CLAS experiments, which are in good agreement. Because of the fact that previous data on this channel are scarce, the majority of presented kinematics are the first of their kind. These data have allowed a preliminary PWA fit to be completed, which produced two independent solutions to describe the intermediate processes. The PWA are being extended to fit both the present results and the previous $K^+\Lambda$ results and other available data, with the goal of investigating whether existing s-channel N^* resonances can provide a reasonable description of these data, and perhaps to further constrain the pole properties of these N^* 's.

These data contain unique information that can be extracted to help with resonance classification and determination of helicity amplitudes, for example, in the contributions of the $N(1900)3/2^+$ resonance in strangeness photoproduction. Clearly more investigation is needed to correctly describe the nucleon excitation spectrum. It is expected that the continued study of observables in this channel will be able to identify the best PWA solutions that can fit the data. The identification of the correct fit will improve our current understanding of the s-channel contributions to KY cross sections.

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APPENDIX: TABLE OF CROSS SECTIONS

TABLE III. g10 differential cross section.

E_{γ}	$\cos heta_{ m c.m.}^{K^0}$	$d\sigma/d\cos\theta$	$\delta(\text{Stat.})$	δ(Syst.)
(GeV)		(μb)	(μb)	$\mu b)$
1.10	-0.65	1.00013	0.39197	0.10001
1.10	-0.55	1.22589	0.27443	0.12259
1.10	-0.45	0.71969	0.18661	0.07197
1.10	-0.35	0.78350	0.14200	0.07835
1.10	-0.25	0.82721	0.12747	0.08272
1.10	-0.15	0.72508	0.10020	0.07251
1.10	-0.05	0.77049	0.09670	0.07705
1.10	0.05	0.52375	0.08326	0.05238
1.10	0.15	0.59885	0.07771	0.05989
1.10	0.25	0.60626	0.08459	0.06063
1.10	0.35	0.66305	0.07958	0.06631
1.10	0.45	0.61605	0.09009	0.06161
1.10	0.55	0.37751	0.08750	0.03775
1.10	0.65	0.31476	0.10235	0.03148
1.10	0.75	0.23623	0.10792	0.02362
1.30	-0.65	0.84988	0.28049	0.08499
1.30	-0.55	0.88767	0.17588	0.08877
1.30	-0.45	0.69275	0.09751	0.06927
1.30	-0.35	0.57456	0.06604	0.05746
1.30	-0.25	0.59504	0.05872	0.05950
1.30	-0.15	0.53502	0.05056	0.05350
1.30	-0.05	0.71023	0.04659	0.07102
1.30	0.05	0.60923	0.04677	0.06092
1.30	0.15	0.58598	0.04683	0.05860
1.30	0.25	0.62218	0.05072	0.06222
1.30	0.35	0.60768	0.04693	0.06077
1.30	0.55	0.70114	0.06825	0.07011
1.30	0.65	0.56572	0.07038	0.05657
1.30	0.75	0.48735	0.09389	0.04874
1.50	-0.65	0.44312	0.16679	0.04431
1.50	-0.55	0.30142	0.08267	0.03014
1.50	-0.45	0.18577	0.04228	0.01858
1.50	-0.35	0.19701	0.03086	0.01970
1.50	-0.25	0.22659	0.02968	0.02266
1.50	-0.15	0.24699	0.02800	0.02470
1.50	-0.05	0.23696	0.02521	0.02370
1.50	0.05	0.29974	0.02627	0.02997
1.50	0.15	0.25251	0.02437	0.02525

TABLE III. (Continued.)

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			·		
(GeV) (μb) (μb) μb 1.50 0.25 0.35535 0.02824 0.03554 1.50 0.35 0.39293 0.03049 0.03929 1.50 0.45 0.43659 0.03435 0.04366 1.50 0.65 0.38425 0.04451 0.03843 1.50 0.65 0.38425 0.04451 0.03843 1.70 -0.45 0.15057 0.05422 0.01506 1.70 -0.45 0.11339 0.02715 0.01134 1.70 -0.35 0.14933 0.02108 0.01493 1.70 -0.35 0.14933 0.02108 0.01493 1.70 -0.15 0.10314 0.01543 0.01031 1.70 -0.05 0.12015 0.01516 0.01202 1.70 0.015 0.18413 0.01695 0.01841 1.70 0.025 0.28597 0.02109 0.02860 1.70 0.045 0.342241 0.02653 0.03424 <	E_{γ}	$\cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$	$d\sigma/d\cos\theta$	$\delta(\text{Stat.})$	δ(Syst.)
1.50 0.35 0.39293 0.03049 0.03929 1.50 0.45 0.43659 0.03435 0.04361 1.50 0.55 0.45310 0.04106 0.04531 1.50 0.65 0.38425 0.04451 0.03843 1.50 0.75 0.35311 0.05939 0.03531 1.70 -0.55 0.15057 0.05422 0.01506 1.70 -0.45 0.11339 0.02715 0.01134 1.70 -0.35 0.14933 0.02108 0.01493 1.70 -0.15 0.10314 0.01801 0.00931 1.70 -0.15 0.10314 0.01543 0.01031 1.70 -0.15 0.18413 0.01695 0.01841 1.70 0.15 0.18413 0.01695 0.01841 1.70 0.25 0.28597 0.02109 0.02860 1.70 0.35 0.29966 0.02143 0.02997 1.70 0.45 0.34241 0.02653		· · · · · ·		(μb)	
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TABLE III. (Continued.)

TABLE IV. (Continued.)

E_{γ}	$\cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$	$\frac{d\sigma}{d\cos\theta}$	δ(Stat.)	δ(Syst.)	$\overline{E_{\gamma}}$	$\cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$	$d\sigma/d\cos\theta$	δ(Stat.)	δ(Syst.)
(GeV)		(μb)	(μb)	$\mu b)$	(GeV)		(μb)	(μb)	(μb)
2.30	0.45	0.14920	0.01497	0.01492	0.97	0.05	0.78103	0.11056	0.07126
2.30	0.55	0.18561	0.01928	0.01856	0.97	0.15	0.64846	0.10411	0.05917
2.30	0.65	0.23703	0.02506	0.02370	0.97	0.25	0.57306	0.09379	0.05229
2.30	0.75	0.28270	0.04309	0.02827	0.97	0.35	0.57949	0.09745	0.05287
2.50	-0.55	0.04511	0.02009	0.00451	0.97	0.45	0.70460	0.10752	0.06429
2.50	-0.45	0.03033	0.00999	0.00303	0.97	0.55	0.44682	0.09608	0.04077
2.50	-0.35	0.01442	0.00675	0.00144	0.97	0.65	0.51625	0.12026	0.04710
2.50	-0.25	0.01399	0.00549	0.00140	0.97	0.75	0.51830	0.14436	0.04729
2.50	-0.15	0.01566	0.00544	0.00157	1.05	-0.55	1.33875	0.23334	0.10225
2.50	-0.05	0.01149	0.00374	0.00115	1.05	-0.45	1.05646	0.12457	0.08069
2.50	0.05	0.00996	0.00572	0.00100	1.05	-0.35	1.05996	0.10028	0.08096
2.50	0.15	0.02832	0.00729	0.00283	1.05	-0.25	0.86644	0.08602	0.06618
2.50	0.25	0.04826	0.00821	0.00483	1.05	-0.15	0.88866	0.07516	0.06788
2.50	0.35	0.07632	0.01049	0.00763	1.05	-0.05	0.82451	0.06602	0.06298
2.50	0.45	0.11663	0.01322	0.01166	1.05	0.05	0.82510	0.06255	0.06302
2.50	0.55	0.17365	0.01968	0.01736	1.05	0.15	0.75963	0.05883	0.05802
2.50	0.65	0.22403	0.02580	0.02240	1.05	0.25	0.77430	0.05987	0.05914
2.50	0.75	0.29691	0.04540	0.02969	1.05	0.35	0.67270	0.05781	0.05138
2.70	-0.45	0.01367	0.01099	0.00137	1.05	0.45	0.71069	0.06013	0.05428
2.70	-0.35	0.03146	0.00891	0.00315	1.05	0.55	0.57955	0.05932	0.04427
2.70	-0.25	0.00871	0.00492	0.00087	1.05	0.65	0.55457	0.07076	0.04236
2.70	-0.15	0.00528	0.00365	0.00053	1.05	0.75	0.70325	0.09656	0.05372
2.70	-0.05	0.00695	0.00407	0.00070	1.15	-0.65	1.11443	0.18921	0.07850
2.70	0.05	0.00555	0.00455	0.00056	1.15	-0.55	1.08909	0.12420	0.07672
2.70	0.15	0.01532	0.00523	0.00153	1.15	-0.45	1.03075	0.08920	0.07261
2.70	0.25	0.02582	0.00634	0.00258	1.15	-0.35	0.88525	0.06737	0.06236
2.70	0.35	0.06135	0.00945	0.00614	1.15	-0.25	0.79475	0.05571	0.05598
2.70	0.45	0.07578	0.01138	0.00758	1.15	-0.15	0.71598	0.04944	0.05043
2.70	0.55	0.09083	0.01279	0.00908	1.15	-0.05	0.75928	0.04681	0.05348
2.70	0.65	0.13890	0.01846	0.01389	1.15	0.05	0.74950	0.04504	0.05279
2.70	0.75	0.17514	0.03573	0.01751	1.15	0.15	0.63681	0.03979	0.04486
2.90	-0.55	0.02295	0.01465	0.00230	1.15	0.25	0.76139	0.04296	0.05363
2.90	-0.35	0.01680	0.00546	0.00168	1.15	0.35	0.66951	0.04196	0.04716
2.90	-0.25	0.00971	0.00376	0.00097	1.15	0.45	0.67394	0.04344	0.04747
2.90	0.05	0.00359	0.00222	0.00036	1.15	0.55	0.69452	0.04952	0.04892
2.90	0.15	0.01019	0.00284	0.00102	1.15	0.65	0.71138	0.05281	0.05011
2.90	0.25	0.01012	0.00403	0.00101	1.15	0.75	0.70978	0.06620	0.05000
2.90	0.35	0.02945	0.00543	0.00294	1.25	-0.65	1.41869	0.18279	0.09557
2.90	0.45	0.04284	0.00702	0.00428	1.25	-0.55	1.02626	0.10700	0.06913
2.90	0.55	0.04900	0.00873	0.00490	1.25	-0.45	0.92005	0.07879	0.06198
2.90	0.65	0.08143	0.01379	0.00814	1.25	-0.35	0.80255	0.05824	0.05406
2.90	0.75	0.10337	0.02153	0.01034	1.25	-0.25	0.76759	0.05021	0.05171
					1.25	-0.15	0.70174	0.04323	0.04727
					1.25	-0.05	0.72802	0.04088	0.04904
	TABLE IV.	g13 differentia	l cross section.		1.25	0.05	0.62247	0.03618	0.04193
		_							

E_{γ} (GeV)	$\cos \theta_{\mathrm{c.m.}}^{K^0}$	$\frac{d\sigma/d\cos heta}{(\mu b)}$	$\delta(\text{Stat.})$ (μb)	$\delta(\text{Syst.})$ (μb)
0.97	-0.65	0.75255	0.35076	0.06867
0.97	-0.55	0.77160	0.33467	0.07040
0.97	-0.45	0.86497	0.24008	0.07892
0.97	-0.35	0.74992	0.17343	0.06843
0.97	-0.25	0.72369	0.17066	0.06603
0.97	-0.15	0.59180	0.11788	0.05400
0.97	-0.05	0.70802	0.11000	0.06460

1.25 0.15 0.65450 0.03824 0.04409 1.25 0.25 0.77066 0.03968 0.05191 1.25 0.35 0.77760 0.03932 0.052381.25 0.45 0.72072 0.04070 0.048551.25 0.55 0.04325 0.62717 0.042251.25 0.65 0.67817 0.04858 0.045681.25 0.75 0.68653 0.06194 0.04625 -0.651.35 0.79066 0.14608 0.05183 1.35 -0.550.70911 0.08701 0.04649 1.35 -0.450.70095 0.06063 0.04596-0.350.602350.046780.039491.35

TABLE IV. (Continued.)

TABLE IV. (Continued.)

	0					0			
E_{γ} (GeV)	$\cos \theta_{\mathrm{c.m.}}^{K^0}$	$rac{d\sigma/d\cos heta}{(\mu b)}$	$\delta(\text{Stat.})$ (μb)	$\delta(\text{Syst.})$ (μb)	E_{γ} (GeV)	$\cos heta_{ m c.m.}^{K^0}$	$rac{d\sigma/d\cos heta}{(\mu b)}$	$\delta(\text{Stat.})$ (μb)	δ (Syst.) (μb)
									
1.35	-0.25	0.59899	0.04013	0.03927	1.75	-0.25	0.08305	0.01289	0.00559
1.35	-0.15	0.56432	0.03514	0.03700	1.75	-0.15	0.08291	0.01206	0.00561
1.35	-0.05	0.56618	0.03263	0.03712	1.75	-0.05	0.08655	0.01213	0.00585
1.35	0.05	0.53946	0.03094	0.03537	1.75	0.05	0.15390	0.01382	0.01036
1.35	0.15	0.54716	0.03028	0.03587	1.75	0.15	0.17531	0.01541	0.01184
1.35	0.25	0.58681	0.03221	0.03847	1.75	0.25	0.16149	0.01470	0.01089
1.35	0.35	0.52749	0.03141	0.03458	1.75	0.35	0.23698	0.01728	0.01593
1.35	0.45	0.56359	0.03440	0.03695	1.75	0.45	0.27890	0.02071	0.01874
1.35	0.55	0.57093	0.03933	0.03743	1.75	0.55	0.35337	0.02587	0.02375
1.35	0.65	0.59598	0.04497	0.03907	1.75	0.65	0.44786	0.03696	0.03009
1.35	0.75	0.67498	0.06028	0.04425	1.75	0.75	0.66910	0.06598	0.04495
1.45	-0.55	0.48669	0.07164	0.03173	1.85	-0.55	0.06010	0.02025	0.00409
1.45	-0.45	0.52218	0.05000	0.03460	1.85	-0.45	0.08868	0.01599	0.00592
1.45	-0.35	0.40599	0.03659	0.02647	1.85	-0.35	0.09077	0.01371	0.00609
1.45	-0.25	0.35432	0.02933	0.02310	1.85	-0.25	0.08972	0.01144	0.00600
1.45	-0.15	0.37073	0.02726	0.02417	1.85	-0.15	0.08442	0.01091	0.00564
1.45	-0.05	0.40146	0.02634	0.02617	1.85	-0.05	0.08094	0.01062	0.00550
1.45	0.05	0.37243	0.02412	0.02428	1.85	0.05	0.09120	0.01044	0.00611
1.45	0.15	0.35336	0.02461	0.02304	1.85	0.15	0.11921	0.01208	0.00797
1.45	0.25	0.35558	0.02463	0.02318	1.85	0.25	0.13622	0.01293	0.00913
1.45	0.35	0.42516	0.02640	0.02772	1.85	0.35	0.18348	0.01470	0.01226
1.45	0.45	0.52429	0.03086	0.03418	1.85	0.45	0.27127	0.01847	0.01812
1.45	0.55	0.53086	0.03503	0.03460	1.85	0.55	0.27746	0.02227	0.01853
1.45	0.65	0.50279	0.03859	0.03277	1.85	0.65	0.36097	0.03286	0.02411
1.45	0.75	0.61126	0.05597	0.03984	1.85	0.75	0.45618	0.05999	0.03046
1.55	-0.55	0.28879	0.05107	0.01964	1.95	-0.55	0.07889	0.02144	0.00520
1.55	-0.45	0.24327	0.03220	0.01633	1.95	-0.45	0.08362	0.01455	0.00557
1.55	-0.35	0.20305	0.02309	0.01362	1.95	-0.35	0.06207	0.01126	0.00407
1.55	-0.25	0.19669	0.01976	0.01320	1.95	-0.25	0.06722	0.01060	0.00441
1.55	-0.15	0.18372	0.01760	0.01233	1.95	-0.15	0.05209	0.00908	0.00342
1.55 1.55	-0.05	0.17685	0.01688	0.01193	1.95	-0.05	0.07212	0.00919	0.00475 0.00516
	0.05	0.23188	0.01803	0.01559	1.95	0.05	0.07863	0.00974	
1.55 1.55	0.15 0.25	0.27718	0.01856	0.01865	1.95 1.95	0.15 0.25	0.07853	0.01053	0.00527 0.00863
1.55	0.25	0.30317 0.31162	0.01888 0.02078	0.02034 0.02092	1.95	0.25	0.13154 0.15496	0.01223 0.01353	0.00803
1.55	0.33	0.31102	0.02078	0.02092	1.95	0.33	0.13490	0.01555	0.01018
1.55	0.45	0.32595	0.02340	0.02173	1.95	0.45	0.25252	0.01087	0.01323
	0.5	0.430.50		0.00011	1.95	0.5	0.01106	0.02099	0.01034
1.55 1.55	0.65 0.75	0.43859 0.43297	0.03520 0.04882	0.02941 0.02904	1.95	0.65 0.75	0.31196 0.33056	0.05756	0.02044
1.65	-0.55	0.43297	0.04882	0.02304	2.05	-0.55	0.33030	0.03730	0.02103
1.65	-0.35 -0.45	0.18039	0.03551	0.01210	2.05	-0.35 -0.45	0.03179	0.01988	0.00341
1.65	-0.45 -0.35	0.15119	0.02301	0.01243	2.05	-0.45 -0.35	0.07570	0.01232	0.00369
1.65	-0.35 -0.25	0.13919	0.01560	0.01034	2.05	-0.35 -0.25	0.05025	0.01004	0.00309
1.65	-0.25 -0.15	0.12044	0.01300	0.00784	2.05	-0.25 -0.15	0.03190	0.00903	0.00342
1.65	-0.15 -0.05	0.12757	0.01427	0.00827	2.05	-0.15 -0.05	0.04399	0.00838	0.00289
1.65	0.05	0.12030	0.01391	0.01005	2.05	0.05	0.04106	0.00883	0.00273
1.65	0.05	0.13403	0.01498	0.01003	2.05	0.05	0.04100	0.00909	0.00274
1.65	0.13	0.20314	0.01597	0.01322	2.05	0.13	0.10552	0.00933	0.00430
1.65	0.25	0.21709	0.01089	0.01409	2.05	0.25	0.10532	0.01140	0.00090
1.65	0.33	0.20907	0.01870	0.01730	2.05	0.33	0.14021	0.01550	0.00901
1.65	0.43	0.32082	0.02180	0.02082	2.05	0.43	0.21218	0.01049	0.01393
1.65	0.55 0.65	0.40120	0.02820	0.02604	2.05	0.55	0.21077	0.02012	0.01383
1.65	0.03	0.43381	0.05610	0.02938	2.05	0.03	0.31704	0.03380	0.02079
1.03	-0.75	0.37200	0.03412	0.03713	2.03	-0.55	0.33042	0.00888	0.02320
1.75	-0.35 -0.45	0.10334	0.03194	0.01111	2.15	-0.35 -0.45	0.03246	0.01674	0.00338
1.75									
1./3	-0.35	0.09317	0.01530	0.00629	2.15	-0.35	0.03869	0.00911	0.00263

TABLE IV. (Continued.)

TABLE IV. (Continued.)

E_{γ} (GeV)	$\cos \theta_{\rm c.m.}^{K^0}$	$\frac{d\sigma/d\cos heta}{(\mu b)}$	$\delta(\text{Stat.})$ (μb)	$\delta(\text{Syst.})$ (μb)	E_{γ} (GeV)	$\cos \theta_{\mathrm{c.m.}}^{K^0}$	$\frac{d\sigma/d\cos heta}{(\mu b)}$	$\delta(\text{Stat.})$ (μb)	$\delta(\text{Syst.})$ (μb)
2.15	-0.25	0.04184	0.00779	0.00281	2.35	-0.55	0.01943	0.01110	0.00183
2.15	-0.15	0.02167	0.00702	0.00147	2.35	-0.45	0.01774	0.00968	0.00116
2.15	-0.05	0.02822	0.00731	0.00190	2.35	-0.35	0.02601	0.00736	0.00171
2.15	0.05	0.04655	0.00874	0.00313	2.35	-0.15	0.01446	0.00687	0.00096
2.15	0.15	0.04077	0.00771	0.00276	2.35	-0.05	0.00745	0.00587	0.00049
2.15	0.25	0.07932	0.00974	0.00546	2.35	0.05	0.01752	0.00583	0.00115
2.15	0.35	0.11273	0.01140	0.00756	2.35	0.15	0.02863	0.00707	0.00188
2.15	0.45	0.14085	0.01349	0.00944	2.35	0.25	0.06421	0.00835	0.00422
2.15	0.55	0.24018	0.02003	0.01609	2.35	0.35	0.09907	0.01024	0.00648
2.15	0.65	0.24749	0.02982	0.01658	2.35	0.45	0.14870	0.01386	0.00973
2.15	0.75	0.25732	0.06418	0.01761	2.35	0.55	0.18374	0.01835	0.01201
2.25	-0.65	0.02567	0.02226	0.00180	2.35	0.65	0.21345	0.03008	0.01397
2.25	-0.55	0.02952	0.01342	0.00207	2.45	-0.55	0.02850	0.01312	0.01366
2.25	-0.45	0.03718	0.00992	0.00261	2.45	-0.45	0.02657	0.00862	0.00176
2.25	-0.35	0.03327	0.00812	0.00232	2.45	-0.35	0.01547	0.00692	0.00104
2.25	-0.25	0.02416	0.00730	0.00167	2.45	-0.25	0.01802	0.00650	0.00118
2.25	-0.05	0.01092	0.00615	0.00076	2.45	-0.15	0.01117	0.00549	0.00090
2.25	0.05	0.02809	0.00760	0.00194	2.45	-0.05	0.00628	0.00609	0.00042
2.25	0.15	0.02312	0.00776	0.00160	2.45	0.05	0.00882	0.00631	0.00057
2.25	0.25	0.05048	0.00915	0.00350	2.45	0.15	0.02063	0.00613	0.00135
2.25	0.35	0.10989	0.01185	0.00758	2.45	0.25	0.04485	0.00731	0.00292
2.25	0.45	0.14907	0.01409	0.01029	2.45	0.35	0.06794	0.00913	0.00442
2.25	0.55	0.18725	0.01990	0.01292	2.45	0.45	0.11035	0.01167	0.00718
2.25	0.65	0.34181	0.03665	0.02358	2.45	0.55	0.16248	0.01689	0.01057
2.35	-0.65	0.03675	0.02146	0.00345	2.45	0.65	0.19303	0.02777	0.01260

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