

This is a repository copy of Phase I dose escalation study of concurrent palliative radiation therapy with sorafenib in three anatomical cohorts (Thorax, Abdomen, Pelvis): The TAP study.

White Rose Research Online URL for this paper: http://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/119064/

Version: Accepted Version

Article:

Murray, L orcid.org/0000-0003-0658-6455, Longo, J, Wan, J et al. (6 more authors) (2017) Phase I dose escalation study of concurrent palliative radiation therapy with sorafenib in three anatomical cohorts (Thorax, Abdomen, Pelvis): The TAP study. Radiotherapy and Oncology, 124 (1). pp. 74-79. ISSN 0167-8140

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.radonc.2017.06.007

© 2017 Elsevier B.V. This manuscript version is made available under the CC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 license http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/

Reuse

Items deposited in White Rose Research Online are protected by copyright, with all rights reserved unless indicated otherwise. They may be downloaded and/or printed for private study, or other acts as permitted by national copyright laws. The publisher or other rights holders may allow further reproduction and re-use of the full text version. This is indicated by the licence information on the White Rose Research Online record for the item.

Takedown

If you consider content in White Rose Research Online to be in breach of UK law, please notify us by emailing eprints@whiterose.ac.uk including the URL of the record and the reason for the withdrawal request.



Table 1. Dose-escalation protocol

Dose Level	Sorafenib dose	Dosing schedule		Radiation therapy schedule	
1	200mg	Once daily	Days 1-28	Days 8-12, 15-19	
2	200mg	Twice daily	Days 1-28	Days 8-12, 15-19	
3	400mg	Twice daily	Days 1-28	Days 8-12, 15-19	
4	400mg	Twice daily	Days 1-77	Days 8-12, 15-19	

Table 2. Radiotherapy dose constraints

Organ	Endpoint	Constraint		
Spinal cord	Maximum dose	<30Gy		
Lung minus GTV	Volume receiving at least	≤33%		
	20Gy (V20)			
Liver	Mean dose	<22Gy		
Liver (if parallel-opposed	Total liver volume	≥35%		
pair)	receiving <1Gy			
Each kidney	Volume receiving at least	<33%		
Small bowel	Volume receiving at least	<1/3 of total volume		
	30Gy (V30)			

Table 3. Baseline characteristics

Characteristic		Number %		
Median age (range)		64 years (40,83)		
Gender	Female: Male	14:20	41%: 59%	
ECOG Performance status	0:1	11:23	32%: 68%	
Concurrent	Coumarin	0	0%	
therapeutic anti- coagulation	Heparin	1	3%	
Primary malignancy	Lung	8	24%	
	Hepatobiliary	6	18%	
	Colorectal	5	15%	
	Head and neck	4	12%	
	Renal	3	9%	
	Upper gastro-intestinal	2	6%	
	Other	6	18%	
Site of palliative	Thorax	14	41%	
radiotherapy	Metastatic lesion(s)	8	24%	
	Primary lesion alone	2	6%	
	Primary and metastatic lesions in field	4	12%	
	Abdomen	16	47%	
	Metastatic lesion(s)	11	32%	
	Primary and metastatic lesions in field	5	15%	
	Pelvis	4	12%	
	Metastatic lesion(s)	3	9%	
	Primary and metastatic lesions in field	1	3%	

ECOG: Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group

Table 4. Treatment outcomes

Patient no.	Dose Level	Radiotherapy completed	Sorafenib completed	Sorafenib dose completed (% of planned)	Reason for early discontinuation or dose modification of drug	Best evaluable in-field response	DLT	
Thorax								
1	1	Yes	Yes	100	NA	PD		
2	1	Yes	Stopped early	50	Grade 2 rash	IE		
3	1	Yes	Yes	100	NA	PR		
4***	2	Yes	Stopped early	47	Grade 3 rash	IE		
5***	2	Yes	Stopped early	38	Grade 1 dizziness and infection	IE		
6	2	Yes	Yes	100	NA	PD		
7	2	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD		
8***	2	Yes	Stopped early	39	Grade 2 rash (out of field)	IE		
9	2	Yes	Yes, minor dose modification	91	Grade 2 anxiety and dyspnoea	SD	Grade oesophagitis	3
10	2	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD	1 0	
11	2	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD		
12	2	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD		
13	3	Yes	Stopped early	43	Grade 2 HFS	IE		
14	3	Yes	Stopped early	36	Grade 3 hypertension	IE		
Abdomen			**		,			
1	1	Yes	Yes	100	NA	PR		
2	1	Yes	Yes	100	NA	IE		
3***	1	No: 0/10 fractions	Stopped early	3.5	Removed from trial as liver volume too large	IE		
4	1	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD		
5	2	Yes	Yes, minor dose modification	95	Missed 3 doses due to PE	SD		
6	2	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD		

7	2	Yes	Yes, minor dose modification	98	Grade 1-2 nausea	PD	
8	2	Yes	Sopped early	20	Grade 3 abdominal pain	IE	
9	3	Yes	Yes	100	NA	PR	
10	3	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD	
11	3	Yes	Yes, minor dose modification	100	Completed over 30 days instead of 28, patient error	PR	Grade 3 elevated transaminases
12	3	Yes	Yes, substantial dose modification	50	Grade 3 thrombocytopaenia	SD	
13***	3	Yes	Yes, substantial dose modification	57	Grade 2 HFS	PD	
14***	3	Yes	Yes, substantial dose modification	64	Grade 3 rash	PD	
15	3	Yes	Yes	100	NA	PD	
16	3	Yes	Stopped early	50	Grade 3 HFS	IE	
Pelvis							
1	1	No: 9/10 fractions**	Stopped early	61	Grade 2 HFS	PR	
2	1	Yes	Yes	100	NA	PR	
3	1	Yes	Yes	100	NA	SD	
4	2	Yes	Stopped early	66	Grade 3 diarrhoea	IE	Grade 5 bowel perforation

^{**:} final fraction omitted as patient could not attend due to sorafenib systemic toxicity, ***: patient replaced in Dose Level, HFS: hand-foot syndrome, IE: inevaluable, NA: not applicable PD: progressive disease, PR: partial response, SD: stable disease.

Table 5. Dose-limiting toxicities

Toxicity	Cohort	Dose Level	No. patients affected		
			Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
Oesophagitis	Thorax	2	1	-	-
Transaminase	Abdomen	3	1	-	-
elevation					
Bowel	Pelvis	2	-	-	1
perforation					