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# Article:

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## Table 1

Patient & treatment characteristics (n=51)

Disease stage	
- T2N0	18 (35%)
- T2N1	9 (18%)
- T3N0	10 (20%)
- T3N1	14 (27%)
Age (median, IQR [years])	67 (58 – 75)
Gender	
- Male	39 (76%)
- Female	12 (24%)
Tumour size (47 pts with data)	
<ul> <li>Diameter (median, IQR [cm])</li> </ul>	2•8 (2•1-3•5)
<ul> <li>Length (median, IQR [cm])</li> </ul>	3•4 (2•7 – 4•3)
Distance from sphincter (48 pts with data)	
(median, IQR [cm])	4•8 (4•0 – 5•2)
RT according to protocol	
- Yes	50 (98%)
- No	1 (2%)
Radiotherapy treatment volumes	
(median, IQR [cm <sup>3</sup> ])	
- CTV-T	45•5 (34•8 – 60•5)
- PTV-T	172•8 (141•0-201•0)
- CTV-N	627•0 (552•8–670•5)
- PTV-N	1363 (1276 – 1462)
Full dose chemotherapy	
- Yes	43 (84%)
	8 (16%)

## Table 1: Patient and treatment characteristics.

IQR: Inter-quartile range. RT: Radiotherapy. CTV: Clinical target volume. PTV: Planning target volume. The one patient not receiving RT according to protocol had bilateral hip alloplastics which complicated the planning of concomitant boost IMRT; instead, a single-dose-level plan to 50•4 Gy was delivered and supplemented with 2x5 Gy brachytherapy boosts.